20 Settlement Zone

20.1 Purpose

The Settlement Zone applies to the settlements of Glenorchy, Kinloch, Kingston, Luggate and Makarora. The Zone provides for spatially well-defined areas of low-intensity residential living. Due to the location of each settlement within rural areas, and as all settlements (except for Luggate) are located amidst Outstanding Natural Landscapes, the location and setting of each settlement are strong contributors to their individual identities.

Historically, settlements have served the function of rural service centres, however over time they have diversified to comprise a range of uses and activities that increasingly provide for the day-to-day needs of both residents and visitors. Settlements can provide opportunities for unique visitor experiences due to their location within distinctive landscape settings, and their relative isolation from the District's major urban centres.

Low density residential activity is provided for throughout the Zone. Visitor Accommodation Sub-Zones and Commercial Precincts on the Planning Maps show locations where visitor accommodation activities, and limited commercial, commercial recreation and community activities, are encouraged to establish. Limited commercial activities are also provided for outside of the Precincts, provided they are small-scale, primarily serve a local convenience purpose, and maintain residential amenity and character.

While development is anticipated within the Zone, some areas are subject to natural hazard risk. Low-lying areas at Glenorchy, Kinloch and Kingston that are susceptible to flooding are shown as 'Historical Flood Zone' on the Planning Maps, with corresponding rules relating to building levels. These rules implement the district-wide policies in Chapter 28 – Natural Hazards.

Pursuant to Section 86B(3) of the RMA, Rule 20.5.15 has immediate legal effect.

20.2 Objectives and Policies

20.2.1 Objective – Well designed, low intensity residential development is enabled within settlements located amidst the wider Rural Zone.

Policies

- 20.2.1.1 Enable low-intensity residential development that retains character and amenity through the use of minimum lot sizes.
- 20.2.1.2 Ensure that development is designed in a manner that is consistent with the capacity of infrastructure servicing it.
- 20.2.1.3 Ensure appropriate on-site wastewater treatment and disposal, having particular regard to:
 - a. the method of sewage treatment and disposal;
 - b. the location, capacity and design of the proposed on-site wastewater treatment system;
 - c. the ability for the on-site wastewater system and run-off to be contained within the boundaries of the subject site regardless of seasonal variations and loading;
 - d. the environmental effects of the proposed on-site wastewater treatment system including minimising adverse effects on ecosystem services and values to Manawhenua; and

- e. ensuring the location of vehicle accessways, manoeuvring and stormwater dispersal areas do not adversely affect the functioning of the on-site wastewater system.
- 20.2.2 Objective High quality amenity values and residential character are maintained in the Settlement Zone.

Policies

- 20.2.2.1 Ensure that the height, bulk and location of residential development maintains the low-intensity character, and residential amenity values of the Zone, by maintaining privacy, setbacks and access to sunlight.
- 20.2.2.2 Provide for net site areas that accommodate low intensity development with low site coverage by buildings, spacious outdoor areas and sufficient land area for on-site wastewater systems.
- 20.2.2.3 Ensure that development within the Zone is of low scale to complement the existing low scale of development.
- 20.2.2.4 Include development controls that reflect key characteristics of development in Settlements, including through building height limits, encouraging gable roof forms in Glenorchy.
- 20.2.2.5 Limit the impact of glare on residential amenity and views of the night sky by way of standards that limit lighting glare and promote lighting design that mitigates adverse effects.
- 20.2.2.6 Avoid activities that are not consistent with established amenity values or cause inappropriate adverse environmental effects.
- 20.2.3 Objective Commercial, community and visitor accommodation activities are predominantly provided for within precincts and sub-zones, are limited in scale, provide for local and visitor convenience, and support the local economy.

Policies

- 20.2.3.1 Identify Commercial Precincts on the Planning Maps, within which commercial, visitor accommodation and community activities are provided for in order to meet the day-to-day needs of residents and visitors and support the local economy.
- 20.2.3.2 Restrict individual retail activities exceeding 200m² gross floor area, and individual office activities exceeding 100m² gross floor area, that may adversely affect the:
 - a. retention and establishment of a diverse range of activities within the Commercial Precinct;
 - b. role and function of commercial zones that provide for large scale retailing; and
 - c. safe and efficient operation of the transport network.
- 20.2.3.3 Encourage development within Commercial Precincts to facilitate active transport and recreational opportunities, through design that ensures connectivity with reserves and pedestrian and cycling links.

- 20.2.3.4 Control the height, scale, appearance and location of buildings within Commercial Precincts to achieve a built form that:
 - a. complements the established pattern of development;
 - b. positively contributes to the streetscape; and
 - c. minimises adverse effects on neighbouring residential activities.
- 20.2.3.5 Within Commercial Precincts ensure that recycling and waste storage areas are appropriately located and screened to limit adverse visual effects and to assist with maintaining amenity values.
- 20.2.3.6 Limit the establishment and scale of non-residential activities outside of Commercial Precincts to minimise effects on the residential amenity values and traffic safety and to maintain residential character.
- 20.2.3.7 Identify Visitor Accommodation Sub-Zones on the Planning Maps to provide for visitor accommodation activities in identified locations, and restrict the establishment of visitor accommodation activities in locations outside the Visitor Accommodation Sub-Zones to ensure that the Zone maintains a residential character.
- 20.2.3.8 Ensure that the design of buildings for visitor accommodation, commercial and community activities contribute positively to the visual quality of the environment, including through building design, landscaping and response to site context.
- 20.2.3.9 Ensure that visitor accommodation activities and development are appropriately serviced and minimise impacts on roading networks.
- 20.2.3.10 Enable home occupation activities throughout the Zone to provide work-from-home opportunities and reduce travel-dependence for employment, while ensuring that residential amenity is maintained.
- 20.2.3.11 Enable residential visitor accommodation and homestays to establish throughout the Zone, ensuring that the scale and effects of these activities do not adversely affect residential amenity.

20.3 Other Provisions and Rules

20.3.1 District Wide

Attention is drawn to the following District Wide chapters.

1 Introduction	2 Definitions	3 Strategic Direction
4 Urban Development	5 Tangata Whenua	6 Landscapes and Rural Character
25 Earthworks	26 Historic Heritage	27 Subdivision and Development
28 Natural Hazards	29 Transport	30 Energy and Utilities

31 Signs	32 Protected Trees	33 Indigenous Vegetation and Biodiversity
34 Wilding Exotic Trees	35 Temporary Activities and Relocated Buildings	36 Noise
37 Designations	38 Open Space and Recreation Zones	39 Wāhi Tūpuna
Planning Maps		

20.3.2 Interpreting and Applying the Rules

- 20.3.2.1 A permitted activity must comply with all the rules listed in the Activity and Standards tables, and any relevant District-wide rules, otherwise resource consent will be required.
- 20.3.2.2 Where an activity does not comply with a Standard listed in the Standards table, the activity status identified by the Non-Compliance Status column shall apply.
- 20.3.2.3 Where an activity breaches more than one Standard, the most restrictive status shall apply to the activity.
- 20.3.2.4 Activities located within the Commercial Precincts and/or Visitor Accommodation Sub-Zones depicted on the Planning Maps must comply with any rule that specifically applies to the Commercial Precinct or Visitor Accommodation Sub-Zone and must also comply with any other rule in this chapter, and the district wide rules, otherwise resource consent will be required.
- 20.3.2.5 Proposals resulting in more than one (1) residential unit per site shall demonstrate that each residential unit is fully contained within the prescribed net area for each unit.
- 20.3.2.6 General references to the Visitor Accommodation Sub-Zones in this Chapter only apply to the sub-zones within the Settlement Zone.
- 20.3.2.7 The following abbreviations are used in the following tables. Any activity which is not permitted (P) or prohibited (PR) requires resource consent.

Р	Permitted	С	Controlled
RD	Restricted Discretionary	D	Discretionary
NC	Non Complying	PR	Prohibited

20.3.3 Advice Notes – General

20.3.3.1 On-site wastewater treatment is also subject to the Otago Regional Plan: Water. In particular, Rule 12.A.1.4 of the Otago Regional Plan: Water.

20.4 Rules – Activities

	Table 20.4 – Activities located in the Settlement Zone	Activity Status
20.4.1	Residential unit (including residential flat not otherwise identified in this table)	Р
20.4.2	Home occupations	Р
20.4.3	Residential visitor accommodation and homestays	Р
20.4.4	Informal airports for emergency landings, rescues and fire fighting	Р
20.4.5	Within Commercial Precincts identified on the Planning Maps: Commercial activities, commercial recreation activities and community activities	С
	Control is reserved to:	
	a. hours of operation;b. parking, access and traffic generation;c. location and screening of recycling and waste;	
	d. servicing; and e. noise.	
20.4.6	Within Commercial Precincts identified on the Planning Maps: Buildings	RD
	Discretion is restricted to:	
	 a. design, scale and appearance of buildings; b. signage platforms; c. lighting; d. landscaping; e. servicing; and f. natural hazards. 	
20.4.7	Within Commercial Precincts and/or Visitor Accommodation Sub-Zones identified on the Planning Maps: Visitor accommodation activities (including ancillary activities and buildings)	RD
	Discretion is restricted to:	
	 a. the location, nature and scale of activities; b. parking, access and traffic generation; c. landscaping; d. signage platforms; e. noise; f. servicing; g. hours of operation, including in respect of ancillary activities; 	
	h. design, scale and appearance of buildings;i. location and screening of recycling and waste; and	

	Table 20.4 – Activities located in the Settlement Zone	Activity Status
	j. natural hazards.	
20.4.8	Residential flat, where the wastewater treatment and disposal is on-site	RD
	Discretion is restricted to:	
	a. on-site wastewater treatment, with particular regard to the design and function of the on-site wastewater system and compatibility with on-site car parking, manoeuvring and stormwater disposal management.	
20.4.9	Commercial activities, commercial recreation activities and community activities located outside a Commercial Precinct that do not exceed 100m ² gross floor area	RD
	Discretion is restricted to:	
	 a. the nature of the activity, including whether it functions to service the day-to-day needs of residents and visitors; b. hours of operation; c. signage platforms; 	
	d. landscaping;	
	e. location and screening of recycling and waste;f. parking, access and traffic generation;	
	g. noise;	
	h. design, scale and appearance of buildings;i. natural hazards; and	
	j. servicing.	
20.4.10	Licensed premises located in either:	RD
	 a. Commercial Precincts; or b. Visitor Accommodation Sub-Zones, where the licenced premises is ancillary to a visitor accommodation activity. 	
	Exemption: It is a permitted activity to sell alcohol :	
	(i) to any person who is residing (permanently or temporarily) on the premises; and/or	
	(ii) to any person who is present on the premises for the purpose of dining up until 12am.	
	Discretion is restricted to:	
	a. the scale of the activity;b. parking, access and traffic generation;	
	 c. effects on amenity, including that of adjoining sites and public reserves; d. the configuration of activities within the building and site (e.g. outdoor seating, entrances); 	
	e. noise;	

	Table 20.4 – Activities located in the Settlement Zone	Activity Status
	f. hours of operation; g. lighting; and h. servicing.	
20.4.11	Within a Commercial Precinct: service activities (not including any service activity listed in this table as a prohibited activity)	D
20.4.12	Retirement villages	D
20.4.13	Community activities not otherwise identified in this table	D
20.4.14	Licenced premises not otherwise identified in this table	NC
20.4.15	Visitor accommodation not otherwise identified in this table	NC
20.4.16	Commercial activities and service activities not otherwise identified in this table	NC
20.4.17	Activities which are not listed in this table	NC
20.4.18	Panel beating, spray painting, motor vehicle repair or dismantling, fibre glassing, sheet metal work, bottle or scrap storage, motor body building, except where such activities are undertaken as ancillary to a residential activity or as a permitted home occupation.	PR

20.5 Rules - Standards

	Table 20.5 -	Standards for activities in the Settlement Zone	Non-compliance status
20.5.1	Residentia	l density (excluding Makarora)	D
	20.5.1.1	For sites with a net site area of 800m ² or less, a maximum of one residential unit per site.	
	20.5.1.2	For sites with a net site area greater than 800m², no more than one residential unit per 800m² net site area.	
20.5.2	Residentia	l density – Makarora only	D
	20.5.2.1	For sites with a net site area of 1000m ² or less, a maximum of one residential unit per site.	
	20.5.2.2	For sites with a net site area greater than 1000m², no more than one residential unit per 1000m² net site area.	

	Table 20.5 -	Standards for activities in the Settlement Zone	Non-compliance status
20.5.3	Retail and	office activities within a Commercial Precinct	NC
	20.5.3.1	Individual retail activities within a Commercial Precinct shall not exceed 200m ² gross floor area.	
	20.5.3.2	Individual office activities within a Commercial Precinct shall not exceed 100m² gross floor area.	
		ssociated office, storage, staffroom and bathroom facilities e activity shall be included in the calculation of gross floor	
20.5.4		building coverage on any site (excluding buildings located rcial Precincts and Visitor Accommodation Sub-Zones)	D
	Building co	overage shall not exceed 40% on any site.	
20.5.5		building coverage on any site – buildings located in al Precincts and Visitor Accommodation Sub-Zones only	D
		ions within Commercial Precincts or Visitor Accommodation building coverage shall not exceed 80% on any site.	
20.5.6	Home Occ	D	
	20.5.6.1	No more than 1 full time equivalent person from outside the household shall be employed in the home occupation activity.	
	20.5.6.2	The maximum number of two-way vehicle trips shall be:	
		a. Heavy vehicles: 1 per day; andb. All other vehicles: 10 per day.	
	20.5.6.3	Maximum net floor area for the home occupation activity of 60m^2 .	
	20.5.6.4	All home occupation activities and storage of materials shall be indoors.	
20.5.7	Minimum	boundary setbacks	D
	20.5.7.1	Road boundary: 4.5m; except:	
		a. At Makarora, where the minimum setback of any building from the State Highway shall be 8m.	

	Table 20.5 - Standards for activities in the Settlement Zone	Non-compliance status
	 20.5.7.2 All other boundaries: Buildings shall be setback a minimum of 2m. Exceptions to boundary setbacks: a. Accessory buildings for residential activities may be located within the boundary setback distances (other than from road boundaries), where they do not exceed 7.5m in length, there are no windows or openings (other than for carports) along any walls within 1.5m of an internal boundary, and they comply with rules for Building Height and Recession Plane; b. Any building may locate within a boundary setback distance by up to 1m for an area no greater than 6m² provided the building within the boundary setback area has no windows or openings; c. Eaves may be located up to 600mm into any boundary setback distance along eastern, western and southern boundaries; and d. Eaves may be located up to 1m into any boundary setback distance along northern boundaries. Continuous building length 	RD
20.5.8	The length of any building façade above the ground floor level shall not exceed 16m.	Discretion is restricted to: a. The external appearance, location and visual dominance of the building(s) as viewed from the street(s) and adjacent properties.
20.5.9	Gable roof form and pitch – Glenorchy only All buildings shall be designed with a gable roof form with a minimum pitch from the horizontal of 25 degrees. Exemptions: verandas, lean-to's and other minor roof projections from the primary roof form.	D
20.5.10	Heavy vehicle storage	NC

	Table 20.5 -	Standards for activities in the Settlement Zone	Non-compliance status
	No more th	nan one heavy vehicle shall be stored or parked overnight on	
20.5.11	Glare		NC
	20.5.11.1	All exterior lighting shall be directed downward and away from adjacent sites and roads.	
	20.5.11.2	No activity on any site shall result in greater than a 3.0 lux spill (horizontal and vertical) of light onto any other site measured at any point inside the boundary of the other site.	
20.5.12	Maximum	building height	NC
	20.5.12.1	Kingston and Kinloch: 7m or 5.5m above 312.8 masl, whichever is highest.	
	20.5.12.2	Glenorchy: 5.5m or 5.5m above 312.8 masl, whichever is highest.	
	20.5.12.3	Makarora: 5.5m.	
	20.5.12.4	Luggate: 7m.	
20.5.13	Maximum Precincts	building height – buildings located within Commercial	NC
	20.5.13.1	Within Commercial Precincts identified on the Planning Maps, buildings may extend up to 1.5m above the height specified for each settlement specified in Rule 20.5.12.	
20.5.14	Recession	plane:	D
	20.5.14.1	Northern boundary: 2.5m and 55 degrees.	
	20.5.14.2	Western and eastern boundaries: 2.5m and 45 degrees.	
	20.5.14.3	Southern boundary: 2.5m and 35 degrees.	
		Exemptions:	
		 Gable end roofs may penetrate the building recession plane by no more than one third of the gable height; and 	

	Table 20.5 -	Standards for activities in the Settlement Zone	No	on-compliance status
		b. Recession planes do not apply to site boundaries adjoining a road or reserve.		
	flood risk id	ere earthworks are undertaken to raise a building above the lentified on the Planning Maps pursuant to Rule 20.5.19, the lanes may be applied from the identified flood risk level.		
20.5.15	Setback of	buildings from waterbodies		RD
	The minimum wetland sha	um setback of any building from the bed of a river, lake or all be 7m.	Dis	cretion is restricted
			a.	Indigenous biodiversity values;
			b.	Visual amenity values;
			c.	Landscape character;
			d.	Open space and the interaction of the development with the water body;
			e.	Environmental protection measures (including landscaping and stormwater management);
			f.	Natural hazards; and
			g.	Effects on cultural values of Manawhenua.
20.5.16	Residential	visitor accommodation	RD	
	20.5.16.1	Must not exceed a cumulative total of 90 nights' occupation by paying guests on a site per 12 month period.	to:	cretion is restricted
	20.5.16.2	Must not generate any vehicle movements by heavy vehicles, coaches or buses to and from the site.	a.	The location, nature and scale of the activities;
	20.5.16.3	Must comply with the minimum parking requirements for a residential unit and/or residential flat (whichever is used	b.	The location, provision and

	Table 20.5 - Standards for activities in the Settlement Zone		N	Non-compliance status	
		for the residential visitor accommodation activity) in Chapter 29 Transport.		screening of parking and access;	
	20.5.16.4	The Council must be notified in writing prior to the commencement of a residential visitor accommodation activity.	C.	The management of noise, rubbish and outdoor activities;	
	20.5.16.5	Up to date records of the residential visitor accommodation activity must be kept, including a record of the date and duration of guest stays and the number of guests staying per night, and in a form that can be made available for inspection by the Council at 24 hours' notice.		The compliance of the residential unit with the Building Code as at the date of the building consent;	
	20.5.16.6	Smoke alarms must be provided in accordance with clause 5 of the Residential Tenancies (Smoke Alarms and Insulation) Regulations 2016.	e.	Health and safety provisions in relation to guests;	
	Council for	Council may request that records are made available to the inspection at 24 hours' notice, in order to monitor with Rules 20.5.16.1 to 20.5.16.6.	f. (Guest management and complaints procedures;	
			g.	The keeping of records for Council inspection; and	
			h.	Monitoring requirements, including imposition of an annual monitoring charge.	
20.5.17	Homestays			RD	
	20.5.17.1	Must not exceed 5 paying guests on a site per night.	Dis	scretion is restricted	
	20.5.17.2	Must comply with minimum parking requirements of standard 29.8.9 in Chapter 29 Transport.	a.	The location, nature and scale of activities;	
	20.5.17.3	Must not generate any vehicle movements by heavy vehicles, coaches or buses to and from the site.	b.	The location, provision and	
	20.5.17.4	The Council must be notified in writing prior to the commencement of the Homestay activity.		screening of parking and access;	
	20.5.17.5	Up to date records of the homestay activity must be kept, including a record of the number of guests staying per	C.	The management of noise, rubbish and outdoor activities;	

	Table 20.5 - Standards for activities in the Settlement Zone	Non-compliance status
	night, and in a form that can be made available for inspection by the Council at 24 hours' notice. Note: The Council may request that records are made available to the Council for inspection at 24 hours' notice, in order to monitor compliance with Rules 20.5.17.1 to 20.5.17.5.	d. The keeping of records of homestay use, and availability of records for Council inspection; and
		e. Monitoring requirements, including imposition of an annual monitoring charge.
20.5.18	Building Restriction Area	NC
	No building shall be located within a building restriction area as identified on the Planning Maps.	
20.5.19	Flood Risk	NC
	Buildings with a gross floor area greater than 20m ² shall have a ground floor level not less than RL 312.8 masl (412.8 Otago Datum) at Kinloch, Glenorchy and Kingston.	

20.6 Non-Notification of Applications

- 20.6.1 Applications for Controlled activities shall not require the written approval of other persons and shall not be notified.
- 20.6.2 The following Restricted Discretionary activities shall not require the written approval of other persons and shall not be notified:
 - a. Buildings located within a Commercial Precinct (Rule 20.4.6)
 - b. Visitor accommodation located within a Visitor Accommodation Sub-Zone or Commercial Precinct (Rule 20.4.7)
 - c. Residential visitor accommodation (Rule 20.5.16)
 - d. Homestays (Rule 20.5.17)

Variations to the Proposed District Plan

<u>Underlined</u> text for additions and <u>strike through</u> text for deletions. Where a variation is described, the description is shown in *italics*.

Variation to Chapter 7 – Lower Density Suburban Residential

7.5.1	Building Height (for flat sites) 7.5.1.1 Wanaka <u>and Hāwea</u> : Maximum of 7 metres	Non-compliance status:
	[]	
7.5.20	Flood Risk – Hāwea only	Non-compliance status:
	Buildings with a gross floor area greater than 20m² shall have a ground floor level not less than RL 349.2 masl (449.2 Otago Datum) at Hāwea.	<u>NC</u>

Variation to Chapter 25 - Earthworks

25.5.3	Settlement Zone

Variation to Chapter 27 - Subdivision and Development

27.5.7	All urban subdivision activities, unless otherwise provided for, within the following zones: 1. Lower Density Suburban Residential Zone; 2. Medium Density Residential Zone; 3. High Density Residential Zone; 4. Town Centre Zones; 5. Arrowtown Residential Historic Management Zone; 6. Large Lot Residential Zone; 7. Local Shopping Centre; 8. Business Mixed Use Zone; 9. Airport Zone - Queenstown. 10. Settlement Zone []			
27.6.1 Insert variation text between row for Large Lot Residential B and row for Rural	Settlement	Luggate, Glenorchy, Kinloch, Kingston Makarora	800m ² 1,000m ²	
27.7.11 Insert variation text between the "All others" row and the "Rural Residential" row	Settlement	All Settlements	15m x 15m	

reserves except where irrigation is required, shall be provided with a connection to a reticulated water supply laid to the boundary of the net area of the lot, as follows: To a Council or community owned and operated reticulated water supply: a. all Residential, Business, Town Centre, Local Shopping Centre Zones, and Airport Zone - Queenstown; b. Rural Residential Zones at Wanaka, Lake Hawea, Albert Town, Luggate and Lake Hayes; c. Millbrook Resort Zone and Waterfall Park Zone.

d. Settlement Zone at Luggate, Glenorchy, and Kingston.

27.7.15.1

Subject to Rule 27.7.15.3, all lots, other than lots for access, roads, utilities and

Variation to Chapter 29 - Transport

29.5.14	[] b. All shared private vehicular accesses serving residential units and/ or visitor accommodation units in the High Density Residential Zone, Medium Density Residential Zone, and Low Density Residential Zone and Settlement Zone shall comply with the following standards: (i)			
	The greater of the actual number of units proposed to be serviced or the potential number of units able to be serviced by the permitted density.	Formed width (m)	Minimum legal width (m)	
	1 to 6	2.75 – 3.0	4.0	
	7 to 12	5.5 – 5.7	6.7	
	[]			
29.8.13	Unit type visitor accommon facility. E.g. motels and cannot be a Low Density Resident Arrowtown Resident Settlement Zone	bins) in the:	-	

Variation to Chapter 31 - Signs

31.2.1.9	In District Plan Zones that are primarily for commercial or mixed use activities, and Settlement Zone Commercial Precincts:		
	a. provide for a diverse range of sign types that facilitate effective communication of business information and commercial individuality within the context of the wider commercial area;		
	b. limit the number and size of signs enabled per commercial tenancy, and cumulatively on buildings that have multiple tenancies, to avoid, remedy or mitigate adverse effects on the visual amenity values of the site and the surrounding environment; and		
	c. encourage the incorporation of freestanding signs into the overall design of the site to achieve good integration with any pedestrian or vehicle access arrangements, car parking and/or landscaping layout.		
Table 31.6	Description of variation: In the header row, add <u>Settlement Zone Commercial Precinct</u> in the same cell as Local Shopping Centre Zone.		
31.7.6.7	Shall not be visible from any Residential Zone or Settlement Zone.		
31.7.7.2	Not to be visible from any Residential Zone or Settlement Zone.		
Table 31.8	Description of variation: In the header row, add Settlement Zone Commercial Precinct in the same cell as Large Lot Residential Zone.		
31.19.4	Discretionary Activities – Signs within Commercial Areas (including Settlement Zone Commercial Precincts)		
31.19.5	Discretionary Activities – Signs within Residential Areas and the Settlement Zone		

Variation to Chapter 36 - Noise

36.5.2					
	[] Arrowtown Residential Historic Management Zone Settlement Zone Rural Residential Zone []	Any point within any site		50 dB LAeq(15 min)	NC
			2000h to 0800h	40 dB LAeq(15 min)	

Consequential non-substantive amendments will also be required to the following chapters to replace references to "Township" with "Settlement":

- a) Chapter 2 Definitions
- b) Chapter 3 Strategic Direction
- c) Chapter 4 Urban Development
- d) Chapter 15 Local Shopping Centre Zone
- e) Chapter 21 Rural
- f) Chapter 22 Rural Residential and Rural Lifestyle
- g) Chapter 27 Subdivision and Development
- h) Chapter 38 Open Space and Recreation Zones