2.1 Definitions

This table identifies provisions subject to and consequentially affected by appeals:

| Provision Subject To Appeal (identified in red text in the relevant chapter/s) | Appellant Court Number | Consequentially Affected Provisions |
|--|--|---|
| Activity Sensitive To Aircraft Noise (ASAN) / Activity Sensitive to Road Noise | Queenstown Airport Corporation Limited ENV-2018-CHC-093 | Definition of 'Education Activity' |
| Flood Protection Works | Queenstown Park Limited ENV-2018-CHC-127 | Rule 30.5.1.5 Rule 30.5.1.2 |
| Indigenous Vegetation | Royal Forest and Bird Protection Society of New Zealand ENV-2018-CHC-133 | |
| Minor Upgrading | Aurora Energy Limited ENV-2018-CHC-108 | |
| National Grid | Transpower ENV-2018-CHC-114 (further particulars received) | |
| National Grid Corridor | Transpower ENV-2018-CHC-114 (further particulars received) | |
| National Grid Sensitive Activities | Transpower ENV-2018-CHC-114 (further particulars received) | |
| Passenger Lift System | Soho Ski Area Ltd & Blackmans Creek No. 1 LP ENV-2018-CHC-104 | |
| | Mt Cardrona Station Limited ENV-2018-CHC-83 | |
| | Treble Cone Investments Limited ENV-2018-CHC-107 | |
| | Queenstown Park Limited ENV-2018-CHC-127 | |
| Projected Annual Aircraft Noise Contour (AANC) | Queenstown Airport Corporation Limited ENV-2018-CHC-093 | |
| Resort | Waterfall Park Developments Limited ENV-2018-CHC-124 (relief withdrawn) | Definition of 'Urban Development' |
| Ski Area Activities | Cardrona Alpine Resort Limited ENV-2018-CHC-117 | Section 21.1 |
| Urban Development | Waterfall Park Developments Limited ENV 2018 CHC 124 (relief withdrawn) | Strategic Objective 3.2.2.1, Strategic Policies 3.3.14 and 3.3.15, Policy 4.2.1.3, Objective 4.2.2A, Policies 4.2.2.13, 4.2.2.14, 4.2.2.21, 4.2.2.22 and 4.2.2.23 |

This table identifies new provisions sought to be added:

| Appellant Court Number | Provision/s Sought to be Added into Chapter 2 |
|---|--|
| Queenstown Airport Corporation Limited ENV-2018-CHC-093 | Insert the notified definition of "Airport Operator" (which was deleted from the decisions version). |
| Queenstown Airport Corporation Limited ENV-2018-CHC-093 | Amend the definition of 'Airport Activity' to include quarantine and incineration facilities, boarder control and immigration facilities. |
| Queenstown Airport Corporation Limited ENV-2018-CHC-093 | Amend the definition of 'Airport Related Activity' to include freight facilities. Insofar as it relates to Queenstown Airport, to include Visitor Accommodation. |
| Federated Farmers of New Zealand Inc ENV-2018-CHC-53 | Insert the following exemption to the definition of Building: <u>k. mobile irrigation infrastructure</u> |
| Mt Cardrona Station Limited ENV-2018-CHC-83 | Insert the following exemption to the definition of Building: <u>k. Passenger Lift Systems</u> |
| Aurora Energy Limited ENV-2018-CHC-108 | Insert a new definition of Electricity Sub-Transmission or Significant Electricity Distribution Infrastructure Corridor as follows: Electricity Sub-Transmission or Significant Electricity Distribution Infrastructure Corridor Means the area measured either side of the centre line of above ground Electricity Sub-Transmission Infrastructure or above ground Significant Electricity Distribution Infrastructure as follows: a. 9.5m from 110kV b. 9.5m from 66kV |
| | c. <u>8.5 from 33kV</u> d. <u>5m from 11kV</u> <u>Note: lines with spans greater than 125m may require greater setbacks than set out above in order to comply with NZECP34. Refer Rule 30.3.2(c)</u> |
| Aurora Energy Limited ENV-2018-CHC-108 | Insert a new definition for Electricity Sub-transmission Infrastructure as follows: <u>Electricity Sub-transmission Infrastructure</u> <u>Means electricity infrastructure which conveys electricity between the National Grid and renewable energy generation sources to zone substations and between zone substations.</u> |
| Aurora Energy Limited ENV-2018-CHC-108 | Insert the following inclusion to the definition of Minor Upgrading (for the purpose of Chapter 30 only): m. an increase in support structure height required to comply with NZECP34:2001 by not more than 3 metres provided that the support structure has not been replaced within the preceding 10 year period. |
| Aurora Energy Limited ENV-2018-CHC-108 | Insert the following inclusion as point c. to the definition of Regionally Significant Infrastructure: <u>c. Electricity sub-transmission infrastructure; and</u> |
| Aurora Energy Limited ENV-2018-CHC-108 | Insert a new definition for Significant Electricity Distribution Infrastructure as follows: Significant Electricity Distribution Infrastructure Means electricity infrastructure which supplies: a. essential public services (such as hospitals and lifeline facilities); b. other regionally significant infrastructure or individual consumers requiring a supply of 1MW or more; c. 700 or more consumers; or d. communities that are isolated and which do not have an alternative supply in the event the line or cable is compromised and where the assets are difficult to replace in the event of failure. |
| Real Journeys Limited ENV-2018-CHC-131 | Insert a new definition for Tourism Activity as follows: <u>Tourism Activity:</u> <u>Means the use or development of a resource for the purpose of attracting visitors to the district, and includes associated</u> |
| Te Anau Developments Limited ENV-2018-CHC-106 | buildings, structures, infrastructure, transport activities, and administration activities. |
| Real Journeys Limited ENV-2018-CHC-131 | Insert a new definition for "Visitor Industry" which reflects the intent of new strategic policies, and which recognises the breadth of the visitor industry applicable, including domestic tourists. |
| Te Anau Developments Limited ENV-2018-CHC-106 | |

| New Zealand Tungsten Mining Limited ENV-2018-CHC-151 | Insert a new definition of Mining Activity as follows: Mining Activity: (a) means operations in connection with mining, exploring, or prospecting for any mineral; and (b) includes, when carried out at or near the site where the mining, exploration, or prospecting is undertaken,— |
|--|---|
| | (i) the extraction, transport, treatment, processing, and separation of any mineral or chemical substance from the mineral; and (ii) the construction, maintenance, and operation of any works, structures, and other land improvements, and of any related machinery and equipment connected with the operations; and (iii) the removal of overburden by mechanical or other means, and the stacking, deposit, storage, and treatment of any substance considered to contain any mineral; and (iv) the deposit or discharge of any mineral, material, debris, tailings, refuse, or water produced from or consequent on the operations; |
| New Zealand Tungsten Mining Limited ENV-2018-CHC-151 | Insert a new definition of Mining Building as follows: Mining Building: Means a building (as defined) necessary for the undertaking of mining activities (as defined) |
| New Zealand Tungsten Mining Limited ENV-2018-CHC-151 | Insert the following inclusion to the definition of Temporary Activity: Temporary exploration and prospecting |

Note: the annotations in this chapter reflect the Council's interpretation of the provisions affected by appeals.

Please note: Variations to parts of this chapter have been decided by Council on 7 March 2019 as part of Stage 2 of the PDP. Please view the Stage 2 Decisions on our website if you are contemplating appealing the Stage 2 decisions. The appeal period for the Stage 1 Decisions has closed.

Notes:

- Unless the context otherwise requires, the definitions in this chapter apply throughout the a. plan whenever the defined term is used. The reverse applies to the designations in Chapter 37. The definitions in Chapter 2 only apply to designations where the relevant designation says they apply.
- b. Where a term is not defined within the plan, reliance will be placed on the definition in the Act, where there is such a definition.
- c. Chapter 5: Tangata Whenua (Glossary) supplements the definitions within this chapter by providing English translations explanations of Maori words and terms used in the plan
- d. Acoustic terms not defined in this chapter are intended to be used with reference to NZS 6801:2008 Acoustics - Measurement of environmental sound and NZS 6802:2008 Acoustics -Environmental noise.
- Any defined term includes both the singular and the plural. e.
- f. Any notes included within the definitions listed below are purely for information or guidance purposes only and do not form part of the definition.
- Where a definition title is followed by a zone or specific notation, the intention is that the g. application of the definition is limited to the specific zone or scenario described.

| Access | Means that area of land over which a site or lot obtains legal vehicular and/or pedestrian access to a legal road. This land may include an access leg, a private way, common land as defined on a cross-lease or company-lease, or common property (as defined in section 2 of the Unit Titles Act 2010). |
|---------------------------------------|--|
| Access Leg (Rear Lot or rear site) | Means the strip of land, which is included in the ownership of that lot or site, and which provides the legal, physical access from the frontage legal road to the net area of the lot or site. |
| Access Lot | Means a lot which provides the legal access or part of the legal access to one or more lots, and which is held in the same ownership or by tenancy-in-common in the same ownership as the lot(s) to which it provides legal access. |
| Accessory Building | Means any detached building the use of which is incidental to the principal building, use or activity on a site, and for residential activities includes a sleep out, garage or carport, garden shed, glasshouse, swimming pool, mast, shed used solely as a storage area, or other similar structure, provided that any garage or carport which is attached to or a part of any building shall be deemed to be an accessory building. |
| Accessory car park (area) | Means parking that serves a supportive function to the primary activity and is located on the same site as the primary activity. |

| Accessway | Means any passage way, laid out or constructed by the authority of the council or the Minister of Works and Development or, on or after 1 April 1988, the Minister of Lands for the purposes of providing the public with a convenient route for pedestrians from any road, service lane, or reserve to another, or to any public place or to any railway station, or from one public place to another public place, or from one part of any road, service lane, or reserve to another part of that same road, service lane, or reserve ¹ . | | |
|---|--|---|---------------------------------------|
| Act | Means the Resource Management Act | 1991. | |
| Active transport network | The network of commuter and recreati provide for transport modes that rely o primarily walking and cycling, and inclu the road network. | n human power, includin | g electric bicycles, |
| Activity Sensitive To Aircraft Noise (ASAN) / Activity Sensitive to Road Noise | Means any residential activity, visitor accommodation activity, residential visitor accommodation activity, homestay activity, community activity and day care facility activity as defined in this District Plan including all outdoor spaces associated with any education activity, but excludes activity in police stations, fire stations, courthouses, probation and detention centres, government and local government offices. Definition – Activity Sensitive To Aircraft Noise (ASAN) / Activity Sensitive to Road Appellant Consequentially Affected Provisions | | |
| | Amend the definition of 'Activity Sensitive To Aircraft Noise (ASAN) / Activity Sensitive to Road Noise' by deleting the reference to 'educational facility' and replacing it with 'educational activity'. | Queenstown Airport Corporation Limited ENV-2018-CHC-093 | Definition of 'Education Activity' |
| Adjoining Land (Subdivision) | Includes land separated from other lan river or stream. | d only by a road, railway, | drain, water race, |
| Aerodrome | Means a defined area of land used wholly or partly for the landing, departure, and surface movement of aircraft including any buildings, installations and equipment on or adjacent to any such area used in connection with the aerodrome or its administration. | | |
| Aircraft | Means any machine that can derive support in the atmosphere from the reactions of the air otherwise than by reactions of the air against the surface of the earth. Excludes remotely piloted aircraft that weigh less than 15 kilograms. | | |
| Aircraft Operations | Means the operation of aircraft during a. aircraft operating in an emerge b. aircraft using the Airport as an c. military aircraft movements; an d. engine testing. | ency; alternative to landing at a | |

¹ From section 315 of the Local Government Act 1974

| Air Noise Boundary Queenstown (ANB) | Means a boundary as shown on the District Plan Maps, the location of which is based on the predicted day/night sound level of 65 dBLdn from airport operations in 2037. |
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| | Means land used wholly or partly for the landing, departure, and surface movement of aircraft, including: |
| | a. aircraft operations which include private aircraft traffic, domestic and international aircraft traffic, rotary wing operations; |
| Airport Activity | b. aircraft servicing, general aviation, airport or aircraft training facilities and associated offices; |
| | c. runways, taxiways, aprons, and other aircraft movement areas; |
| | d. terminal buildings, hangars, air traffic control facilities, flight information services, navigation and safety aids, rescue facilities, lighting, car parking, maintenance and service facilities, fuel storage and fuelling facilities and facilities for the handling and storage of hazardous substances. |
| | Means an ancillary activity or service that provides support to the airport. This includes: |
| | a. land transport activities; |
| | b. buildings and structures; |
| | c. servicing and infrastructure; |
| Airport Polated | d. police stations, fire stations, medical facilities and education facilities provided they serve an aviation related purpose; |
| Airport Related Activity | e. retail and commercial services and industry associated with the needs of Airport passengers, visitors and employees and/or aircraft movements and Airport businesses; |
| | f. catering facilities; |
| | g. quarantine and incineration facilities; |
| | h. border control and immigration facilities; |
| | i. administrative offices (provided they are ancillary to an airport or airport related activity. |
| All Weather Standard | Means a pavement which has been excavated to a sound subgrade, backfilled and compacted to properly designed drainage gradients with screened and graded aggregate and is usable by motor vehicles under all weather conditions, and includes metalled and sealed surfaces. |
| Amenity Or Amenity Values | Means those natural or physical qualities and characteristics of an area that contribute to people's appreciation of its pleasantness, aesthetic coherence, and cultural and recreational attributes ² . |

² From section 2 of the Act

| Antenna | Means telecommunications apparatus, being metal rod, wire or other structure, by which signals are transmitted or received, including any bracket or attachment but not any support mast or similar structure. |
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| | Means, subject to section 42(3) of the Heritage New Zealand Pouhere Taonga Act 2014: a. any place in New Zealand, including any building or structure (or part of a building or structure), that — |
| Archaeological Site | i. was associated with human activity that occurred before 1900 or is the site of the wreck of any vessel where the wreck occurred before 1900; and |
| | ii. provides or may provide, through investigation by archaeological methods, evidence relating to the history of New Zealand; and |
| | b. includes a site for which a declaration is made under section 43(1) of the Heritage New Zealand Pouhere Taonga Act 2014. |
| Area Median Income (AMI) | Means the median household income for the Queenstown Lakes District as published by Statistics New Zealand following each census, and adjusted annually by the Consumer Price Index (CPI). |
| Balcony | Means a floor at other than ground level having at least one side completely open except for a balustrade of a maximum height of 1.2m above balcony floor level. The balcony may be roofed and shall have direct access to the residential unit it serves. |
| Bar (Hotel or Tavern) | Means any part of a hotel or tavern which is used principally for the sale, supply or consumption of liquor on the premises. Bar area shall exclude areas used for storage, toilets or like facilities and space. |
| Biodiversity Offsets | Means measurable conservation outcomes resulting from actions designed to compensate for residual adverse biodiversity impacts arising from project development after appropriate avoidance, minimisation, remediation and mitigation measures have been taken. The goal of biodiversity offsets is to achieve no net loss and preferably a net gain of biodiversity on the ground. |
| Biomass Electricity Generation | Means electricity generation derived from biomass systems being recently living organisms such as wood, wood waste, by products of agricultural processes and waste. |
| Boat | Means any vessel, appliance or equipment used or designed to be used for flotation and navigation on or through the surface of water, other than a wetsuit or lifejacket, and includes any aircraft whilst such aircraft is on the surface of the water. Craft or boating craft shall have the same meaning. Boating activities shall mean activities involving the use of boats on the surface of water. |
| Boundary | Means any boundary of the net area of a site and includes any road boundary or internal boundary. Site boundary shall have the same meaning as boundary. |
| Building | Shall have the same meaning as the Building Act 2004, with the following exemptions in addition to those set out in the Building Act 2004: a. fences and walls not exceeding 2m in height; |
| | b. retaining walls that support no more than 2 vertical metres of earthworks; |

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| | c. structures less than 5m² in area and in addition less than 2m in height above ground level; |
| | d. radio and television aerials (excluding dish antennae for receiving satellite television which are greater than 1.2m in diameter), less than 2m in height above ground level; |
| | e. uncovered terraces or decks that are no greater than 1m above ground level; |
| | f. the upgrading and extension to the Arrow Irrigation Race provided that this exception only applies to upgrading and extension works than involve underground piping of the Arrow Irrigation Race; |
| | g. flagpoles not exceeding 7m in height; |
| | h. building profile poles, required as part of the notification of Resource Consent applications; |
| | i. public outdoor art installations sited on Council owned land; |
| | j. pergolas less than 2.5 metres in height either attached or detached to a building; |
| | Notwithstanding the definition set out in the Building Act 2004, and the above exemptions a building shall include: |
| | a. any vehicle, trailer, tent, marquee, shipping container, caravan or boat, whether fixed or moveable, used on a site for a residential accommodation unit for a period exceeding 2 months. |
| | Means that portion of the net area of a site which is covered by buildings or parts of buildings, including overhanging or cantilevered parts of buildings, expressed as a percentage or area. Building coverage shall only apply to buildings at ground, or above ground level. The following shall not be included in building coverage: |
| | a. pergolas; |
| Building Coverage | b. that part of eaves and/or spouting, fire aprons or bay or box windows projecting 600mm or less horizontally from any exterior wall; |
| | c. uncovered terraces or decks which are not more than 1m above ground level; |
| | d. uncovered swimming pools no higher than 1m above ground level; |
| | e. fences, walls and retaining walls; |
| | f. driveways and outdoor paved surfaces. |
| Building Line Restriction | Means a restriction imposed on a site to ensure when new buildings are erected or existing buildings re-erected, altered or substantially rebuilt, no part of any such building shall stand within the area between the building line and the adjacent site boundary. |
| Building Supplier | Means a business primarily engaged in selling goods for consumption or use in the construction, modification, cladding, fixed decoration or outfitting of buildings and without limiting the generality of this term, includes suppliers of: |
| | a. glazing; |
| | b. awnings and window coverings; |
| | c. bathroom, toilet and sauna installations; |
| | d. electrical materials and plumbing supplies; |

| | e. heating, cooling and ventilation installations; |
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| | f. kitchen and laundry installations, excluding standalone appliances; |
| | g. paint, varnish and wall coverings; |
| | h. permanent floor coverings; |
| | i. power tools and equipment; |
| | j. locks, safes and security installations; and |
| | k. timber and building materials. |
| Camping Ground | Means any area of land used, or designed or intended to be used, for rent, hire, donation, or otherwise for reward, for the purposes of placing or erecting on the land temporary living places for occupation, or permanent tourist cabins, by 2 or more families or parties (whether consisting of 1 or more persons) living independently of each other, whether or not such families or parties enjoy the use in common of entrances, water supplies, cookhouses, sanitary fixtures, or other premises and equipment; and includes any area of land used as a camping ground immediately before the commencement of the Camping Ground Regulations 1985. |
| Carriageway | Means the portion of a road devoted particularly to the use of motor vehicles. |
| | Means material that, when buried, will have no adverse effects on people or the environment. Cleanfill material includes virgin natural materials such as clay, soil and rock, and other inert materials, such as concrete or brick, that are free of: a. combustible, putrescible, degradable or leachable components; |
| | b. hazardous substances; |
| Cleanfill | c. products or materials derived from hazardous waste treatment, hazardous waste stabilisation, or hazardous waste disposal practices; |
| | d. materials that may present a risk to human or animal health, such as medical and veterinary waste, asbestos or radioactive substances; or |
| | e. liquid waste. |
| Cleanfill Facility | Means land used solely for the disposal of cleanfill. A cleanfill facility may include stockpiling, rehabilitation and landscaping. |
| Clearance of Vegetation | Means the removal, trimming, felling, or modification of any vegetation and includes cutting, crushing, cultivation, soil disturbance including direct drilling, spraying with herbicide or burning. |
| | Clearance of vegetation includes, the deliberate application of water or oversowing where it would change the ecological conditions such that the resident indigenous plant(s) are killed by competitive exclusion. Includes dryland cushion field species. |
| Commercial | Means involving payment, exchange or other consideration. |
| Commercial Activity | Means the use of land and buildings for the display, offering, provision, sale or hire of goods, equipment or services, and includes shops, postal services, markets, showrooms, restaurants, takeaway food bars, professional, commercial and administrative offices, service stations, motor vehicle sales, the sale of liquor and associated parking areas. Excludes recreational, community and service activities, |

| | home occupations, visitor accommodation, residential visitor accommodation and |
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| | homestays. |
| Commercial Livestock | Means livestock bred, reared and/or kept on a property for the purpose of commercial gain, but excludes domestic livestock. |
| Commercial Recreational Activities | Means the commercial guiding, training, instructing, transportation or provision of recreation facilities to clients for recreational purposes including the use of any building or land associated with the activity, excluding ski area activities. |
| Common Property | a. all the land and associated fixtures that are part of the unit title development but are not contained in a principal unit, accessory unit, or future development unit; and b. in the case of a subsidiary unit title development, means that part of the principal unit subdivided to create the subsidiary unit title development that is not contained in a principal unit, accessory unit, or future development unit³. |
| Community Activity | Means the use of land and buildings for the primary purpose of health, welfare, care, safety, education, culture and/or spiritual well being. Excludes recreational activities. A community activity includes day care facilities, education activities, hospitals, doctors surgeries and other health professionals, churches, halls, libraries, community centres, police purposes, fire stations, courthouses, probation and detention centres, government and local government offices. |
| Community Housing | Means residential activity that maintains long term affordability for existing and future generations through the use of a retention mechanism, and whose cost to rent or own is within the reasonable means of low and moderate income households. |
| Comprehensive Development | Means the construction of a building or buildings on a site or across a number of sites with a total land area greater than 1400m². |
| (For the purpose of Chapters 12 and 13 only) | |
| Contributory Buildings (For the purpose of Chapter 26 only) | Means buildings within a heritage precinct that contribute to the significance of a heritage precinct some of which may be listed forindividual protection in the Inventory under Rule 26.8. They may contain elements of heritage fabric, architecture or positioning that adds value to the heritage precinct. They have been identified within a heritage precinct because any future development of the site containing a contributory building may impact on the heritage values of heritage features, or the heritage precinct itself. Contributory buildings are identified on the plans under Section 26.7 'Heritage Precincts'. (Refer also to the definition of Non-Contributory Buildings). |

³ From the Unit Titles Act 2010

| Corporate Colour Scheme | Means the colour or colours which a business or organisation adopts as a key visual element of its corporate identity. |
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| Council | Means the Queenstown Lakes District Council or any Committee, Sub Committee, Community Board, Commissioner or person to whom any of the Council's powers, duties or discretions under this Plan have been lawfully delegated pursuant to the provisions of the Act. District council shall have the same meaning. |
| Critical Listening Environment | Means any space that is regularly used for high quality listening or communication for example principle living areas, bedrooms and classrooms but excludes non-critical listening environments. |
| Day Care Facility | Means land and/or buildings used for the care during the day of elderly persons with disabilities and/or children, other than those residing on the site. |
| Design Sound Level | Means 40 dB Ldn in all critical listening environments. |
| District | Means Queenstown Lakes District |
| | Means livestock bred, reared and/or kept on a property, excluding that which is for the purpose of commercial gain. |
| | a. In all zones, other than the Rural, Rural Lifestyle and Rural Residential Zones, it is limited to 5 adult poultry per site, and does not include adult roosters or peacocks; and |
| Domestic Livestock | b. In the Rural, Rural Lifestyle and Rural Residential Zones it includes any number of livestock bred, reared and/or kept on a site for family consumption, as pets, or for hobby purposes and from which no financial gain is derived, except that in the Rural Residential Zone it is limited to only one adult rooster and peacock per site. |
| | Note: Domestic livestock not complying with this definition shall be deemed to be commercial livestock and a farming activity. |
| | Means the disturbance of land by the removal or deposition on or change to the profile of land. |
| Earthworks | Earthworks includes excavation, filling, cuts, root raking and blading, firebreaks, batters and the formation of roads, access, driveways, tracks and the deposition and removal of cleanfill. |
| Ecosystem Services | Means the resources and processes the environment provides that people benefit from e.g. purification of water and air, pollination of plants and decomposition of waste. |
| Education Activity | Means the use of land and buildings for the primary purpose of regular instruction or training including early childhood education, primary, intermediate and secondary schools, tertiary education. It also includes ancillary administrative, cultural, recreational, health, social and medical services (including dental clinics and sick bays) and commercial facilities. |
| Electricity Distribution | Means the conveyance of electricity via electricity distribution lines, cables, support structures, substations, transformers, switching stations, kiosks, cabinets and ancillary |
| | |

| | buildings and structures, including communication equipment, by a network utility operator. |
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| Elderly care home | Means a facility providing rest home care within the meaning of the Health and Disability Services (Safety) Act (2001), or a home for the residential care of older persons and/or any land or buildings used for the care of older persons within a retirement village. |
| | Means the following activities: a. small and community-scale distributed electricity generation and solar water |
| | heating; |
| | b. renewable electricity generation; |
| | c. non-renewable electricity generation; |
| Energy Activities | d. wind electricity generation; |
| | e. solar electricity generation; |
| | f. stand-alone power systems (SAPS); |
| | g. biomass electricity generation; |
| | h. hydro generation activity; |
| | i. mini and micro hydro electricity generation. |
| Environmental Compensation | Means actions offered as a means to address residual adverse effects to the environment arising from project development that are not intended to result in no net loss or a net gain of biodiversity on the ground, includes residual adverse effects to other components of the environment including landscape, the habitat of trout and salmon, open space, recreational and heritage values. |
| Exotic (Trees and Plants) | Means species which are not indigenous to that part of New Zealand. |
| Extent of Place (For the purpose of Chapter 26 only) | Means the area around and/or adjacent to a heritage feature listed in the Inventory under Section 26.8 and which is contained in the same legal title as a heritage feature listed in the Inventory, the extent of which is identified in Section 26.8.1. (Refer also to the definition of Setting). |
| External Alterations and Additions (For the purpose of Chapter 26 only) | Means undertaking works affecting the external heritage fabric of heritage features, but excludes repairs and maintenance, and partial demolition. External additions includes signs and lighting. |
| External Appearance (Buildings) | Means the bulk and shape of the building including roof pitches, the materials of construction and the colour of exterior walls, joinery, roofs and any external fixtures. |
| Factory Farming | Includes: |

| | a. the use of land and/or buildings for the production of commercial livestock where the regular feed source for such livestock is substantially provided other than from grazing the site concerned; b. boarding of animals; c. mushroom farming. | | | |
|--------------------------------|---|----------------------|--|--|
| Farming Activity | Means the use of land and buildings for the primary purpose of the production of vegetative matters and/or commercial livestock. Excludes residential activity, home occupations, factory farming and forestry activity. Means the use of lakes and rivers for access for farming activities. | | | |
| Farm Building | Means a building (as defined) necessary for the exercise of farming activities (as defined) and excludes: a. buildings for the purposes of residential activities, home occupations, factory farming and forestry activities; b. visitor accommodation and temporary accommodation. | | | |
| Flat site | Means a site where the ground slope is equal to or less than 6 degrees (i.e. equal to or less than 1 in 9.5). Ground slope in relation to building height shall be determined by measurement over the extremities of each building elevation. Where all elevations indicate a ground slope of less than 6 degrees (i.e. equal to or less than 1 in 9.5), rules applicable to flat sites will apply. | | | |
| Flood Protection Work | Means works, structures and plantings for the protection of property and people from flood fairways or lakes, the clearance of vegetation and debris from flood fairways, stop banks, access tracks, rockwork, anchored trees, wire rope and other structures. Definition - Flood Protection Work | | | |
| | interest and private landowners | ENV-2018-CHC- 127 | | |
| Forestry Activity | Means the use of land primarily for the purpose of planting, tending, managing and harvesting of trees for timber or wood production in excess of 0.5ha in area. Plantation Forestry is as defined by the Resource Management (National Environmental Standard for Plantation Forestry) Regulations 2017. | | | |
| Formed Road | Means a road with a carriageway constructed to an all-weather standard with a minimum width of 3m. | | | |
| Frontage | Means the road boundary of any site. | | | |
| Full-Time Equivalent Person | Means the engagement of a person or persons in an activity on a site for an average of 8 hours per day assessed over any 14 day period. | | | |
| Garage | Is included within the meaning of residential unit, and means a building or part of a building principally used for housing motor vehicles and other ancillary miscellaneous items. | | | |

| Gross Floor Area (GFA) | Means the sum of the gross area of the several floors of all buildings on a site, measured from the exterior faces of the exterior walls, or from the centre lines of walls separating two buildings. | | |
|---------------------------|---|--|--|
| Ground Floor Area | Means any areas covered by the building or parts of the buildings and includes overhanging or cantilevered parts but does not include pergolas (unroofed), projections not greater than 800mm including eaves, bay or box windows, and uncovered terraces or decks less than 1m above ground level. | | |
| | Means: | | |
| | The surface of the ground prior to any earthworks on the site, except that where the surface of the ground has been altered throughearthworks carried out as part of a subdivision under the Resource Management Act 1991 or Local Government Act 1974 "ground level" means the finished surface of the ground following completion of works associated with the most recently completed subdivision. | | |
| | a. "earthworks" has the meaning given in the definition of that term in this Plan and includes earthworks carried out at any time inthe past; | | |
| | b. "completed subdivision" means a subdivision in respect of which a certificate pursuant to section 224(c) of the ResourceManagement Act 1991 or a completion certificate under the Local Government Act 1974 has been issued; | | |
| Ground Level | c. "earthworks carried out as part of a subdivision" does not include earthworks that are authorized under any land use consent for earthworks, separate from earthworks approved as part of a subdivision consent after 29 April 2016; | | |
| | d. ground level interpretations are to be based on credible evidence including existing topographical information, site specific topography, adjoining topography and known site history; | | |
| | e. changes to the surface of the ground as a result of earthworks associated with building activity do not affect the "ground level" of a site; | | |
| | f. subdivision that does not involve earthworks has no effect on "ground level"; Notes: | | |
| | a. See interpretive diagrams in the definition of Height; | | |
| | b. Special height rules apply in the Queenstown town centre, where "metres above sea level" is used. This is not affected by the definition of "ground level" above, which applies elsewhere. | | |
| Handicrafts | Means goods produced by the use of hand tools or the use of mechanical appliances where such appliances do not produce the goods in a repetitive manner according to a predetermined pattern for production run purpose. | | |
| Hangar | Means a structure used to store aircraft, including for maintenance, servicing and/or repair purposes. | | |
| | Means any part of that site which is impermeable and includes: | | |
| Hard Surfacing | a. concrete, bitumen or similar driveways, paths or other areas paved with a continuous surface or with open jointed slabs, bricks, gobi or similar blocks; or hardfill driveways that effectively put a physical barrier on the surface of any part of a site; | | |

| a. b | any area paved either with a continuous surface or with open jointed slabs, bricks, gobi or similar blocks; The following shall not be included in hard surfacing: paths of less than 1m in width; shade houses, glasshouses and tunnel houses not having solid floors. | | |
|-------------------------|---|--|--|
| TI a. b | bricks, gobi or similar blocks; The following shall not be included in hard surfacing: paths of less than 1m in width; shade houses, glasshouses and tunnel houses not having solid floors. | | |
| a. b | paths of less than 1m in width; shade houses, glasshouses and tunnel houses not having solid floors. | | |
| b | shade houses, glasshouses and tunnel houses not having solid floors. | | |
| M | | | |
| | | | |
| | leans any substance with one or more of the following characteristics: | | |
| | i explosives | | |
| | ii flammability | | |
| | iii a capacity to oxidise | | |
| | iv corrosiveness | | |
| Hazardous Substance | v toxicity (both acute and chronic) | | |
| | vi ecotoxicity, with or without bio-accumulation; or | | |
| b | which on contact with air or water (other than air or water where the temperature or pressure has been artificially increased or decreased) generates a substance with any one or more of the properties specified in paragraph a to this definition. | | |
| Health Care Facility an | Means land and/or buildings used for the provision of services relating to the physical and mental health of people and animals but excludes facilities used for the promotion of physical fitness or beauty such as gymnasia, weight control clinics or beauticians. | | |
| Heavy Vehicle 35 fo | Means a motor vehicle, other than a motor car that is not used, kept or available for the carriage of passengers for hire or reward, the gross laden weight of which exceeds 3500kg; but does not include a traction engine or vehicle designed solely or principally for the use of fire brigades in attendance at fires. (The Heavy Motor Vehicle Regulation 1974). | | |
| sp im | leans the vertical distance between ground level (as defined), unless otherwise becified in a District Plan rule, at any point and the highest part of the building nmediately above that point. For the purpose of calculating height in all zones, ecount shall be taken of parapets, but not of: | | |
| Height (Building) | aerials and/or antennas, mounting fixtures, mast caps, lightning rods or similar appendages for the purpose of telecommunications but not including dish antennae which are attached to a mast or building, provided that the maximum height normally permitted by the rules is not exceeded by more than 2.5m; and | | |
| b | chimneys or finials (not exceeding 1.1m in any direction); provided that the maximum height normally permitted by the rules is not exceeded by more than 1.5m. | | |
| S | ee interpretive diagrams below and definition of GROUND LEVEL. | | |

| | NO EARTHWORKS William And | | |
|---|--|--|--|
| | Fit or cut Finshed surface of ground Max building height (as specified by zone) o.g. 8m | | |
| | Surface of ground-prior to any worthworks on elle EARTHWORKS ASSOCIATED WITH LAND USE / BUILDING ACTIVITY BEARTHWORKS ASSOCIATED WITH APPROVED SURDIVISION | | |
| | FILL Fill Cut File of ground involved surface of ground involved participation of works approved by subdivision participation of works approved by subdivision resource consent. Pill Ground involved following comparison of works approved by subdivision resource consent. | | |
| | Means any physical aspect of a heritage feature which contributes to its heritage values as assessed with the criteria contained in section 26.5. Where a heritage assessment is available on the Council's records this will provide a good indication of what constitutes the heritage fabric of that heritage feature. Where such an assessment is not available, heritage fabric may include, but is not limited to: | | |
| Heritage Fabric (For the purpose of | a. original and later material and detailing which forms part of, or is attached to, the interior or exterior of a heritage feature; | | |
| Chapter 26 only) | b. the patina of age resulting from the weathering and wear of construction material over time; | | |
| | c. fixtures and fittings that form part of the design or significance of a heritage feature but excludes inbuilt museum and art work exhibitions and displays, and movable items not attached to a building, unless specifically listed. | | |
| | d. heritage features which may require analysis by archaeological means, which may also include features dating from after 1900. | | |
| Heritage Feature or Features | Means the collective terms used to describe all heritage features listed in the Inventory of Heritage Features under Section 26.8. | | |
| (For the purpose of Chapter 26 only) | | | |
| Heritage Significance | Means the significance of a heritage feature (identified in this Chapter as Category 1, 2, or 3) as evaluated in accordance with the criteria listed in section 26.5. A reduction | | |
| (For the purpose of Chapter 26 only) | in heritage significance means where a proposed activity would have adverse effects which would reduce the category that has been attributed to that heritage feature. | | |
| Historic Heritage | Means those natural and physical resources that contribute to an understanding and appreciation of New Zealand's history andcultures, deriving from any of the following qualities: | | |

| | a. archaeological; | | |
|------------------|--|--|--|
| | b. architectural; | | |
| | c. cultural; | | |
| | d. historic; | | |
| | e. scientific; | | |
| | f. technological; and | | |
| | and includes: a. historic sites, structures, places, and areas; and | | |
| | | | |
| | b. archaeological sites; and | | |
| | c. sites of significance to Maori, including wāhi tapu; and | | |
| | d. surroundings associated with natural and physical resources. | | |
| | e. heritage features (including where relevant their settings or extent of place), heritage areas, heritage precincts, and sites of significance to Maori. | | |
| Holding | Means an area of land in one ownership and may include a number of lots and/or titles. | | |
| Home Occupation | Means the use of a site for an occupation, business, trade or profession in addition to the use of that site for a residential activity and which is undertaken by person(s) living permanently on the site, but excludes homestay. | | |
| | Means the use of a residential unit including a residential flat by paying guests (where the length of stay by any guest is less than 90 nights) at the same time that either the residential unit or the residential flat is occupied by residents for use as a Residential Activity. Includes bed & breakfasts and farm-stays. | | |
| Homestay | Excludes: Residential Visitor Accommodation and Visitor Accommodation. | | |
| | Note: | | |
| | Additional requirements of the Building Act 2004 may apply. | | |
| Hospital | Means any building in which two or more persons are maintained for the purposes of receiving medical treatment; and where thereare two or more buildings in the occupation of the same person and situated on the same piece of land they shall be deemed to constitute a single building. | | |
| Hotel | Means any premises used or intended to be in the course of business principally for the provision to the public of: | | |
| riotei | a. lodging; | | |
| | b. liquor, meals and refreshments for consumption on the premises. | | |
| Household | Means a single individual or group of people, and their dependents who normally occupy the same primary residence. | | |
| Household Income | Means all income earned from any source, by all household members. | | |

| Hydro Generation Activity | Means activities associated with the generation of hydro electricity and includes the operation, maintenance, refurbishment, enhancement and upgrade of hydro generation facilities. | | | |
|---|--|---|--|--|
| | Means vegetation that occurs naturally in New Zealand, or arrived in New Zealand without human assistance, including both vascular and non-vascular plants. Definition – Indigenous Vegetation Appellant Court Number Affected Provisions | | | |
| Indigenous Vegetation | Amend the definition of Indigenous Vegetation and exemptions to ensure they comply with minimum legal standards for certainty and enforceability. | Royal Forest and Bird Protection Society of New Zealand ENV-2018-CHC-133 | | |
| Indoor Design Sound Level | Means 40 dB Ldn in all critical listening environments. | | | |
| Industrial Activity | Means the use of land and buildings for the primary purpose of manufacturing, fabricating, processing, packing, or associated storage of goods | | | |
| Informal Airport | Means any defined area of land or water intended or designed to be used for the landing, departure movement or servicing of aircraft and specifically excludes the designated 'Aerodromes', shown as designations 2, 64, and 239 in the District Plan. | | | |
| | This excludes the airspace above land or water located on any adjacent site over which an aircraft may transit when arriving and departing from an informal airport. | | | |
| Informal Recreation | Means a pastime, leisure sport or exercise activity that occurs on an ad hoc basis or are regularly and contributes to a person's enjoyment and/or relaxation. Excludes Organised sport and recreation. | | | |
| Internal Boundary | Means any boundary of the net area of a site other than a road boundary. | | | |
| Internal Alterations (For the purpose of Chapter 26 only) | Means undertaking works affecting the internal heritage fabric of heritage features, but excludes repairs and maintenance. Internal alterations includes the partial removal and replacement of decoration, windows, ceilings, floors or roofs that only affect the interior of the building. | | | |
| Kitchen Facility | Means any space, facilities and surfaces for the storage, rinsing preparation and/or cooking of food, the washing of utensils and the disposal of waste water, including a food preparation bench, sink, oven, stove, hot-plate or separate hob, refrigerator, dish-washer and other kitchen appliances. | | | |
| LAeq (15min) | Means the A frequency weighted time average sound level over 15 minutes, in decibels (dB). | | | |
| LAFmax | Means the maximum A frequency weighted fast time weighted sound level, in decibels (dB), recorded in a given measuring period. | | | |
| Ldn | Means the day/night level, which is the A frequency weighted time average sound level, in decibels (dB), over a 24-hour period obtained after the addition of 10 decibels to the sound levels measured during the night (2200 to 0700 hours). | | | |

| Lake | Means a body of fresh water which is entirely or nearly surrounded by land ⁴ . | |
|---|--|--|
| Landfill | Means the use of land for the primary purpose of providing a disposal facility for the ontrolled deposit of solid wastes, household wastes and green waste onto or into and. Excludes offal pits, silage pits and silage stacks that are part of a farming activity. | |
| Landmark Building (For the purposes of Chapter 12 only) | Means a building that is easily recognisable due to notable physical features including additional height. Landmark buildings provide an external point of reference that helps orientation and navigation through the urban environment and are typically located on corners or at the termination of a visual axis. | |
| Landscaping | Means the provision of tree and/or shrub plantings and may include any ancillary lawn, water, rocks, paved areas or amenity features, the whole of such provision being so arranged as to improve visual amenity, human use and enjoyment and/or to partially or wholly screen activities or buildings, and/or to provide protection from climate. | |
| Landside | Means an area of an airport and buildings to which the public has unrestricted access. | |
| Large Format Retail | Means any single retail tenancy which occupies 500m² or more of GFA. Refer definition of GFA. | |
| Laundry Facilities | Means facilities for the rinsing, washing and drying of clothes and household linen, and the disposal of waste water, and includes either a washing machine, tub or clothes dryer. | |
| Licensed Premises | Means any premises or part of any premises, in which liquor may be sold pursuant to a licence, and includes any conveyance, or part of any conveyance on which liquor may be sold pursuant to the licence. | |
| Lift Tower | Means a structure used for housing lift machinery and includes both the lift shaft and machinery room. | |
| Liquor | Shall have the same meaning as alcohol as defined in the Sale and Supply of Alcohol Act 2012. | |
| Living Area | Means any room in a residential unit other than a room used principally as a bedroom, laundry or bathroom. | |
| Loading Space | Means a portion of a site, whether covered or not, clear of any road or service lane upon which a vehicle can stand while being loaded or unloaded. | |
| Lot | Means a lot, two or more adjoining lots to be held together in the same ownership, or any balance area, shown on a subdivision consent plan, except that in the case of land | |

⁴ From section 2 of the Act

| (Subdivision) | being subdivided under the cross lease or company lease systems or the Unit Titles Act 2010, lot shall have the same meaning as site. | | |
|--|---|--|--|
| Low Income | leans household income below 80% of the area median Income. | | |
| Manoeuvre Area | Means that part of a site used by vehicles to move from the vehicle crossing to any parking, garage or loading space and includes all driveways and aisles, and may be part of an access strip. | | |
| MASL | Means "metres above sea level". | | |
| Mast | Means any pole, tower or similar structured designed to carry antennas or dish antennas or otherwise to facilitate telecommunications. | | |
| Mineral | Means a naturally occurring inorganic substance beneath or at the surface of the earth, whether or not under water and includes all metallic minerals, nonmetallic minerals, fuel minerals, precious stones, industrial rocks and building stones and a prescribed substance within the meaning of the Atomic Energy Act 1945. | | |
| Mineral Exploration | Means any activity undertaken for the purpose of identifying mineral deposits or occurrences and evaluating the feasibility of mining particular deposits or occurrences of 1 or more minerals; and includes any drilling, dredging, or excavations (whether surface or subsurface) that are reasonably necessary to determine the nature and size of a mineral deposit or occurrence; and to explore has a corresponding meaning. | | |
| Mineral Prospecting | Means any activity undertaken for the purpose of identifying land likely to contain mineral deposits or occurrences; and includes the following activities: a. geological, geochemical, and geophysical surveys; b. the taking of samples by hand or hand held methods; c. aerial surveys. | | |
| Mini and Micro Hydro Electricity Generation | Means conversion of the energy of falling water into electricity. Mini and micro generation may utilise impulse or reaction turbines and include intake or diversion structures, small weir, headrace, penstock, channel, pipes and generator. | | |
| Mining | Means to take, win or extract, by whatever means: a. a mineral existing in its natural state in land; or b. a chemical substance from a mineral existing in its natural state in land. | | |
| Mining Activity | Means operations in connection with mining for any mineral; and includes, when carried out at or near the site where the mining is undertaken: the extraction, transport, treatment, processing, and separation of any mineral or chemical substance from the mineral; and the construction, maintenance, and operation of any works, structures, and other land improvements, and of any related machinery and equipment connected with the operations; and the removal of overburden by mechanical or other means, and the stacking, | | |
| | deposit, storage, and treatment of any substance considered to contain any mineral; and | | |

| | the deposit or discharge of any mineral, material, debris, tailings, refuse, or wastewater produced from or consequent on the operations. | | |
|---|---|--|--|
| | Mineral extraction, extraction or extractive activities shall have the same meaning. | | |
| | Means the following: | | |
| Minor Alterations and | a. constructing an uncovered deck; | | |
| Additions to a Building (For the purposes of | replacing windows or doors in an existing building that have the same profile, trims and external reveal depth as the existing; | | |
| Chapter 10 only) | c. changing existing materials or cladding with other materials or cladding of the same texture, profile and colour. | | |
| Minor Repairs and Maintenance (For the purpose of | Means repair of building materials and includes replacement of minor components such as individual bricks, cut stone, timber sections, roofing and glazing. The replacement items shall be of the original or closely matching material, colour, texture, form and design, except that there shall be no replacement of any products containing asbestos, but a closely matching product may be used instead. | | |
| Chapter 26 only) | Repairs and maintenance works that do not fall within this definition will be assessed as alterations. | | |
| Minor Trimming (For the purpose of Chapter 32 only) | Means the removal of not more than 10% of the live foliage from the canopy of the tree or structural scaffold branches within a single calendar year. | | |
| Minor Trimming of a Hedgerow | Means the removal of not more than 50% of the live foliage within a single five year period. | | |
| (For the purpose of Chapter 32 only) | | | |
| | Means an increase in the carrying capacity, efficiency or security of electricity transmission and distribution or telecommunication lines utilising the existing support structures or structures of similar character, intensity and scale and includes the following: | | |
| | a. addition of lines, circuits and conductors; | | |
| | b. reconducting of the line with higher capacity conductors; | | |
| Minor Upgrading | c. re-sagging of conductors; | | |
| (For the purpose of | d. bonding of conductors; | | |
| Chapter 30 only) | e. addition or replacement of longer or more efficient insulators; | | |
| | f. addition of electrical fittings or ancillary telecommunications equipment; | | |
| | g. addition of earth-wires which may contain lightning rods, and earth-peaks; | | |
| | h. support structure replacement within the same location as the support structure that is to be replaced; | | |
| | addition or replacement of existing cross-arms with cross-arms of an alternative design; | | |

| | replacement of existing support structure poles provided they are less or similar in height, diameter and are located within 2 metres of the base of the support pole being replaced; | | | |
|------------------------------------|---|---|--|--|
| | Definition of Minor Upgrading and relief sought | Appellant Court Number | Consequentially Affected Provisions | |
| | Amend part j. of the definition of 'Minor Upgrading' as follows: j. replacement of existing support structures poles provided they are less the same or similar in height, diameter and are located within 25 metres of the base of the support pole structure being replaced; | Aurora Energy Limited ENV-2018- CHC-108 | | |
| | k. addition of a single service support structure for the purpose of providing a service connection to a site, except in the Rural zone; | | | |
| | the addition of up to three new support structures extending the length of an existing line provided the line has not been lengthened in the preceding five yea period. | | | |
| | Definition of Minor Upgrading and relief sought | Appellant Court Number | Consequentially Affected Provisions | |
| | Amend part I. of the definition of 'Minor Upgrading' as follows: I. the addition of up to three four new support structures extending the length of an existing line provided the line has not been lengthened in the preceding five year period. | Aurora Energy Limited ENV-2018- CHC-108 | | |
| Mobility parking space | Means a parking space designed and reserved for the exclusive use of people whose mobility is restricted and who have a mobility permit issued. It also means 'accessible park/parking' and 'disabled/disability park/parking' as referred to in various external standards and guidance documents. | | | |
| Moderate Income | Means household income between 80% and 120% of the area median income. | | | |
| Motorised Craft | Means any boat powered by an engine. | | | |
| Motor vehicle repair and servicing | Means land and/or buildings used for the servicing, repair (including panel beating and spray painting repair) of motor vehicles, agricultural machinery or boats and ancillary activities (including the sale and/or fitting of accessories). | | | |
| National Grid | Means the network that transmits high-voltage electricity in New Zealand and that, at the notification of this Plan, was owned andoperated by Transpower New Zealand Limited, including: | | | |
| | a. transmission lines; and | | | |

| | b. electricity substations ⁵ . Definition of National Grid and relief sought | Appella Court N | | Consequentially Affected Provisions |
|---------------------------------------|--|--------------------|---|-------------------------------------|
| | Amend the definition of National Grid: Means the network that transmits high- voltage electricity in New Zealand and that, at the notification of this Plan, was-is owned and operated by Transpower New Zealand Limited, including: a. transmission lines; and b. electricity substations. And insert footnote after the word "substations" as follows: Adapted from the Resource Management (National Environmental Standards for Electricity Transmission Activities) Regulation | | 18-CHC-114 further particulars | |
| | 2009. | f the co | ntreline of above o | round national grid |
| | line as follows: a. 16m for the 110kV lines on pi pole b. 32m for 110kV lines on towers c. 37m for the 220kV transmission li | wers | | |
| National Grid Corridor | Excludes any transmission lines (or sect Definition of National Grid Corridor and relief | | Appellant Court Number | Consequentially Affected Provisions |
| | Amend the definition of National Grid Corridor: Means the area measured 32 metres either side of the centreline of an above ground 110kV national grid transmission line, but as follows: a. 16m for the 110kV lines on pi poles b. 32m of 110kV lines on towers c. 37m for the 220kV transmission lines. Eexcludes any transmission lines (or sections of line) that are designated. | | | |
| National Grid Sensitive Activities | that is exposed to the risk oder detivities morade bahamas or parts or bahamas as | | ther the potential for ent or population | |
| | a. child day care activity;b. day care facility activity; | | | |

⁵ Adapted from the Resource Management (National Environmental Standards for Electricity Transmission Activities) Regulations 2009

| | c. educational activity; | | |
|--------------------|--|---|-------------------------------------|
| | d. home stay; | | |
| | e. healthcare facility; | | |
| | f. papakainga; | | |
| | g. any residential activity; | | |
| | h. visitor accommodation. | | , |
| | Definition of National Grid Sensitive Activities and relief sought | Appellant Court Number | Consequentially Affected Provisions |
| | Amend the definition of National Grid Sensitive Activities: Means those activities within the national grid corridor that are particularly sensitive to risks associated with electricity National Grid transmission lines—because of either the potential for prolonged exposed to the risk, or the vulnerability of the equipment or population that is exposed to the risk. Such activities include buildings or parts of buildings used for, or able to be used for the following purposes: a. hospital child day care activity; b. day care facility activity; c. educational activity; d. home stay; e. healthcare facility; f. papakāinga; g. any residential activity; h. visitor accommodation. | Transpower ENV-2018- CHC-114 (as per further particulars received) | |
| National Grid Yard | Means: a. the area located 12 metres in any direction from support structure; and | | - |
| | b. the area located 12 metres either side of the centreline of any overhead national grid line; | | |
| | (as shown in dark grey in diagram below) | | |

| | LEGEND — Centreline Single Pole Pi Pole Tower Excludes any transmission lines (or sections of line) that are designated. | |
|-------------------------------|--|--|
| Nature Conservation Values | Means the collective and interconnected intrinsic value of indigenous flora and fauna, natural ecosystems (including ecosystem services), and their habitats. | |
| Navigation Infrastructure | Means any permanent or temporary device or structure constructed and operated for the purpose of facilitating navigation by aircraft. | |
| Net Area (Site or Lot) | Means the total area of the site or lot less any area subject to a designation for any purpose, and/or any area contained in the access to any site or lot, and/or any strip of land less than 6m in width. | |
| | Means the sum of the floor areas, each measured to the inside of the exterior walls of the building, and shall include the net floor area of any accessory building, but it shall exclude any floor area used for: | |
| | a. lift wells, including the assembly area immediately outside the lift doors for a maximum depth of 2m; | |
| | b. stairwells; | |
| Net Floor Area | c. tank rooms, boiler and heating rooms, machine rooms, bank vaults; | |
| | d. those parts of any basement not used for residential, retail, office or industrial uses; | |
| | e. toilets and bathrooms, provided that in the case of any visitor accommodation the maximum area permitted to be excluded for each visitor unit or room shall be 3m2; | |
| | f. 50% of any pedestrian arcade, or ground floor foyer, which is available for public thoroughfare; | |

| | g. parking areas required by the Plan for, or accessory to permitted uses in the building. | |
|--|---|--|
| Noise Event | Means an event, or any particular part of an event, whereby amplified sound, music, vocals or similar noise is emitted by the activity, but excludes people noise. Where amplified noise ceases during a particular event, the event is no longer | |
| | considered a noise event. | |
| Noise Limit | Means a LAeq (15min) or LAFmax sound level in decibels that is not to be exceeded. | |
| | Parking that is provided as a principal activity on the site and is not accessory to any of the approved activities on the site. The parking may be: | |
| | available to members of the public for a charge or fee | |
| Non-accessory parking | reserved or leased. | |
| Tron accessory pariting | Excludes: | |
| | Park and Ride | |
| | Includes: | |
| | short term, long term, and off-site parking | |
| Non-Contributory Buildings (For the purpose of Chapter 26 only) | Means buildings within a heritage precinct that have no identified heritage significance or fabric and have not been listed for individual protection in the Inventory under Rule 26.8. They have been identified within a heritage precinct because any future development of a site containing a non-contributory building may impact on the heritage values of heritage features or contributory buildings within the heritage precinct. Non-Contributory Buildings are identified on the plans under Section 26.7 'Heritage Precincts'. | |
| Non Critical Listening Environment | Means any space that is not regularly used for high quality listening or communication including bathroom, laundry, toilet, pantry, walk-in-wardrobe, corridor, hallway, lobby, cloth drying room, or other space of a specialised nature occupied neither frequently nor for extended periods. | |
| No net loss | Means no overall reduction in biodiversity as measured by the type, amount and condition. | |
| Notional Boundary | Means a line 20m from any side of residential unit or the legal boundary whichever is closer to the residential unit. | |
| Office | Means any of the following: | |
| | administrative offices where the administration of any entity, whether trading or not, and whether incorporated or not, isconducted; | |
| | commercial offices being place where trade, other than that involving the immediately exchange for goods or the display or production of goods, is transacted; | |
| | c. professional offices. | |

| Off-site parking | Parking on a site that is dedicated to the use of an activity taking place on another site and provides parking which would have otherwise been required or permitted on the same site as the activity. | | |
|---------------------------------|--|--|--|
| Open Space | Means any land or space which is not substantially occupied by buildings and which provides benefits to the general public as an area of visual, cultural, educational, or recreational amenity values. | | |
| | Means activities that require physical effort and skills, are competitive, occur on a regular basis, have formal rules, referees and officials, and are organised within formal structures. The activity typically involves the following: | | |
| | exclusive use of public open space during the course of the activity; | | |
| | participants and spectators; | | |
| Organised sport and | use of club rooms, changing facilities; | | |
| recreation | training and practice sessions; | | |
| | payment of money to conduct activity; | | |
| | organised by a club, sporting body or group; | | |
| | booking and recording system of scheduled hours per week of each sports filed by the owner or administrator of the sports field. | | |
| Outdoor Living Space | Means an area of open space to be provided for the exclusive use of the occupants of the residential unit to which the space is allocated. | | |
| Outdoor Recreation Activity | Means a recreation activity undertaken entirely outdoors with buildings limited to use for public shelter, toilet facilities, information and ticketing. | | |
| Outdoor Storage | Means land used for the purpose of storing vehicles, equipment, machinery, natural and processed products and wastes, outside a fully enclosed building for periods in excess of 4 weeks in any one year. | | |
| Outer Control Boundary (OCB) | Means a boundary, as shown on district plan maps, the location of which is based on the predicted day/night sound levels of 55 dBA Ldn from airport operations in 2036 for Wanaka Airport and 2037 for Queenstown Airport. | | |
| Park and Ride | Means a parking area which is located and purposely designed to support the frequent public transport network and to provide specifically for users of a public transport network who: | | |
| | travel by private vehicle to the park and ride parking area, then | | |
| | leave their vehicle at the facility and transfer to the frequent public transport network to continue their journey. | | |
| | Park and Ride includes car parking areas, public transport interchange and associated security measures, bicycle parking, fencing, lighting, ticketing systems, shelter and ticketing structures, landscape planting and earthworks. | | |
| Parking Area | Means that part of a site within which vehicle parking spaces are accommodated, and includes all parking spaces, manoeuvre areasand required landscape areas. | | |

| Parking Space | Means a space on a site available at a vehicle. | any time for accommodat | ing one stationary motor |
|---|--|---|--|
| Parks Maintenance | Means maintenance and repair under including: maintenance and repair of any maintenance and repair of foo clearing or reforming drainage topsoiling, reseeding, sandslitt Weed management, grass move replacement, repairs, maintenance and culverts; and resealing and internal park roads. | buildings and structures; t paths and tracks; channels; ing of sports fields and gra wing and planting of trees ance or upgrading of exist | assed areas; and gardens; ing bridges, boardwalks |
| Partial Demolition (For the purpose of Chapter 26 only) | Means the demolition of the heritage fabric of a heritage feature exceeding 30% but less than 70% by volume or area whichever is the greater. Volume is measured from the outermost surface of the heritage feature (including any surfaces below ground) and the area is measured by the footprint of the heritage feature. Partial demolition shall be determined as the cumulative or incremental demolition of the heritage fabric as from the date that the decision 7 May 2018. | | |
| Passenger Lift Systems | Means any mechanical system used goods within or to a Ski Area Sub-Zor tows, and including all moving, fixed towers, pylons, cross arms, pulleys, cembarking and disembarking of pass Definition – Passenger Lift Systems and relief sought Amend the definition of Passenger Lift System as follows: Means any mechanical system used to convey or transport passengers and other goods within or to a Ski Area Sub-Zone, including chairlifts, gondolas, T-bars and rope tows, and including all moving, fixed and ancillary components of such systems such as towers, pylons, cross arms, pulleys, cables, chairs, cabins, and structures to enable the embarking and disembarking of passengers. Excludes, including base and terminal buildings. Amend the definition of Passenger Lift System as follows: Means any mechanical system used to convey or transport passengers and other goods within or to a Ski Area Sub-Zone, including chairlifts, gondolas, T-bars and rope tows, and including all moving, fixed and ancillary components of such systems such as towers, pylons, cross arms, pulleys, cables, chairs, cabins, and structures to enable the embarking and disembarking of | ne, including chairlifts, gor and ancillary components cables, chairs, cabins, and engers. Excludes base and Appellant Court Number | ndolas, T-bars and rope s of such systems such as structures to enable the |

| | passengers. Excludes base and terminal | | |
|--|---|---|-------------------------------------|
| | buildings. | | |
| | Amend the definition of Passenger Lift System to include facilities associated with gondola systems. | Queenstown Park Limited ENV-2018-CHC-127 | |
| Photovoltaics (PV) | Means a device that converts the energy in light (photons) into electricity, through the photovoltaic effect. A PV cell is the basic building block of a PV system, and cells are connected together to create a single PV module (sometimes called a 'panel'). PV modules can be connected together to form a larger PV array. | | |
| Potable Water Supply | Means a water supply that meets the criteria of the Ministry of Health 'Drinking Water Standards for New Zealand 2005 (revised 2008)' . | | |
| Principal Building | Means a building, buildings or part of a building accommodating the activity for which the site is primarily used. | | |
| Private Way | Means any way or passage whatsoever over private land within a district, the right to use which is confined or intended to be confined to certain persons or classes of persons, and which is not thrown open or intended to be open to the use of the public generally; and includes any such way or passage as aforesaid which at the commencement of this Part exists within any district ⁶ . | | |
| Professional Staff (For the purposes of Chapter 29 only) | Means staff excluding administrative staff in relation to Health Care Services. | | |
| | Means the projected annual aircraft noise contours calculated as specified by the Aerodrome Purposes Designation 2, Condition 13. | | |
| Projected Annual | Definition – Projected Annual Aircraft Noise Contour (AANC) | Appellant Court Number | Consequentially Affected Provisions |
| Aircraft Noise Contour (AANC) | Amend the definition of 'Projected Annual Aircraft Noise Contour (AANC)' so that the condition reference contained in the definition reflects and is consistent with the recently modified Aerodrome Purposes Designation (Designation 2). | Queenstown Airport Corporation Limited ENV-2018-CHC-093 | |
| Protected Feature (For the purpose of Chapter 26 only) | Means the collective terms used to e in the Inventory of protected feature | | res, and structures listed |

⁶ From the Local Government Act 1974.

| | Means, the following facilities established for the convenience and amenity of the public: | |
|---------------------------------------|--|--|
| | landscaping and planting | |
| | • public toilets | |
| | street furniture, including seating, and picnic tables | |
| | bicycle stands | |
| | • fountains | |
| | drinking fountains | |
| Public Amenities | rubbish bins | |
| | • barbeques | |
| | • lighting | |
| | • shelters | |
| | • post boxes | |
| | telephone booths | |
| | showers and changing rooms | |
| | • playgrounds | |
| | public artwork | |
| Public Area | Means any part(s) of a building open to the public, but excluding any service or access areas of the building. | |
| Public Place | Means every public thoroughfare, park, reserve, lake, river or place to which the public has access with or without the payment of a fee, and which is under the control of the council, or other agencies. Excludes any trail as defined in this Plan. | |
| Public Space | Means the parts of the district that are owned and managed by the Queenstown Lakes District Council, are accessible to the public within the Residential Arrowtown Historic Management Zone including roads, parks and reserves. | |
| (For the purposes of Chapter 32 only) | | |
| | A facility for passenger movements on/off and between public transport services, including: | |
| | Passenger waiting areas | |
| Public Transport | • Shelters | |
| Facility | Public ferry terminals | |
| | Ticketing and other passenger facilities | |
| | Bus interchanges | |
| Public Water Ferry Service | Means a ferry service for the carriage of passengers for hire or reward, which is available to the public generally and is operated to a fixed regular schedule, including during normal commuting hours, runs between various stops and provides the ability for passengers to embark and disembark from the vessel at those various stops, but does not include any such service that: | |

| | is contracted or funded by the Ministry of Education for the sole or primary purpose of transporting school shildren to and from school; or | | |
|------------------------------------|--|---|--|
| | purpose of transporting school children to and from school; or is operated for the sole or primary purpose of transporting passengers to or | | |
| | from a predetermined event. | | |
| | The definition is limited to that part of the ferry service that occurs on the surface of | | |
| | attached to land, including | associated activity that occurs on land or on a structure the lake bed. | |
| | Appellant Court Number | Provision/s Sought to be Added into Chapter 29 | |
| | Wayfare Group Ltd ENV-2019-CHC-076 | Delete reference to "public" or amend definition of "public" to include commercially owned passenger transport services and infrastructure. | |
| Radio Communication Facility | Means any transmitting/receiving devices such as aerials, dishes, antennas, cables, lines, wires and associated equipment/apparatus, as well as support structures such as towers, masts and poles, and ancillary buildings. | | |
| Rear Site | Means a site which is situated generally to the rear of another site, both sites having access to the same road or private road, and includes sites which have no frontage to a road or private road of 6m or more. | | |
| Recession Lines/Recession Plane | surface, the angle of inclina | d from points or above a boundary surface or a road tion of which is measured from the horizontal, at right and in towards the site. See interpretive diagrams below. RECESSION LINE INDICATOR Place outside of circle to inside of alte boundary MOTE: North is True North. Baarings on the circle increase in a clockwise direction. Where a boundary is on a line between two directions, the more restrictive recession plane shall apply. | |
| Recreation | Means activities which give | personal enjoyment, satisfaction and a sense of well being. | |
| Recreational Activity | - | or buildings for the primary purpose of recreation and/or my recreational activity within the meaning of residential | |

| Recreational Tracks | Means a sealed or unsealed pathway or greenway within Council controlled reserves that is used for informal or organised recreational purposes such as walking, cycling, horseriding, or fitness. | |
|---|---|--|
| Recreation Facility | Means a facility where the primary purpose is to provide for sport and recreation activities and includes recreation centres, swimming pools, fitness centres and indoor sports centres but excludes activities otherwise defined as Commercial Recreation Activities. | |
| Regionally Significant Infrastructure | Means: a. renewable electricity generation activities undertaken by an electricity operator; and b. the national grid; and c. telecommunication and radio communication facilities; and d. state highways; and e. Queenstown and Wanaka airports and associated navigation infrastructure. | |
| Relocated/Relocatable Building | Means a building which is removed and re-erected on another site, but excludes any newly pre-fabricated building which is delivered dismantled to a site for erection on that site. This definition excludes removal and re-siting. | |
| Relocation (For the purpose of Chapter 26 only) | Means the relocation of heritage features, both within, or beyond the site. The definition of Relocation (Buildings) in Chapter 2 (which means the removal of a building from any site to another site) shall not apply to chapter 26. | |
| Relocation (Building) | Means the removal of any building from any site to another site. | |
| Remotely Piloted Aircraft | Means an unmanned aircraft that is piloted from a remote station. | |
| Removal (Building) | Means the shifting of a building off a site and excludes demolition of a building. | |
| Renewable Electricity Generation (REG) | Means generation of electricity from solar, wind, hydro-electricity, geothermal and biomass energy sources. | |
| Renewable Electricity Generation Activities | Means the construction, operation and maintenance of structures associated with renewable electricity generation. This includes small and community-scale distributed renewable generation activities and the system of electricity conveyance required to convey electricity to the distribution network and/or the national grid and electricity storage technologies associated with renewable electricity. Includes research and exploratory scale investigations into technologies, methods and sites, such as masts, drilling and water monitoring. This definition includes renewable electricity generation (REG), solar water heating, wind electricity generation, and mini and micro hydro electricity generation (as separately defined). | |
| Renewable Energy | Means energy that comes from a resource that is naturally replenished, including solar, hydro, wind, and biomass energy. | |

| Reserve | Means a reserve in terms of the Reserves Act 1977. | |
|----------------------|--|--|
| Residential Activity | Means the use of land and buildings by people for the purpose of permanent residential accommodation, including all associated accessory buildings, recreational activities and the keeping of domestic livestock. For the purposes of this definition, residential activity shall include Community Housing, emergency refuge accommodation and the non-commercial use of holiday homes. Excludes visitor accommodation, residential visitor accommodation and homestays. | |
| | Means the use of a residential unit including a residential flat by paying guests where the length of stay by any guest is less than 90 nights. | |
| Residential Visitor | Excludes: Visitor Accommodation and Homestays. | |
| Accommodation | Note: | |
| | Additional requirements of the Building Act 2004 may apply. | |
| | Means a residential activity that comprises a self-contained flat that is ancillary to a residential unit and meets all of the following criteria: | |
| | a. the total floor area does not exceed; | |
| | i. 150m2 in the Rural Zone and the Rural Lifestyle Zone; | |
| | ii. 70m2 in any other zone; | |
| | not including in either case the floor area of any garage or carport; | |
| Residential Flat | b. contains no more than one kitchen facility; | |
| | c. is limited to one residential flat per residential unit; and | |
| | d. is situated on the same site and held in the same ownership as the residential unit. | |
| | Note: | |
| | A proposal that fails to meet any of the above criteria will be considered as a residential unit. | |
| Residential Unit | Means a residential activity which consists of a single self contained household unit, whether of one or more persons, and includes accessory buildings. Where more than one kitchen and/or laundry facility is provided on the site, other than a kitchen and/or laundry facility in a residential flat, there shall be deemed to be more than one residential unit. | |
| Re-siting | Means shifting a building within a site. | |
| (Building) | | |
| Resort | Means an integrated and planned development involving low average density of residential development (as a proportion of the developed area) principally providing temporary visitor accommodation and forming part of an overall development focused on onsite visitor activities. | |
| Restaurant | Means any land and/or buildings, or part of a building, in which meals are supplied for sale to the general public for consumption on the premises, including such premises which a licence has been granted pursuant to the Sale and Supply of Alcohol Act 2012. | |

| Retail Sales / Retail / Retailing | Means the direct sale or hire to the public from any site, and/or the display or offering for sale or hire to the public on any site of goods, merchandise or equipment, but excludes recreational activities. | |
|--|--|--|
| Retirement Village | Means the residential units (either detached or attached) and associated facilities for the purpose of accommodating retired persons. This use includes as accessory to the principal use any services or amenities provided on the site such as shops, restaurants, medical facilities, swimming pools and recreational facilities and the like which are to be used exclusively by the retired persons using such accommodation. | |
| Reverse Sensitivity | Means the potential for the operation of an existing lawfully established activity to be constrained or curtailed by the more recent establishment or intensification of other activities which are sensitive to the established activity. | |
| Right of Way | Means an area of land over which there is registered a legal document giving rights to pass over that land to the owners and occupiers of other land. | |
| River | Means a continually or intermittently flowing body of fresh water; and includes a stream and modified watercourse; but does not include any artificial watercourse (including an irrigation canal, water supply race, canal for the supply of water for electricity power generation, and farm drainage canal) ⁷ . | |
| Road | Means a road as defined in section 315 of the Local Government Act 1974. | |
| Road Boundary | Means any boundary of a site abutting a legal road (other than an accessway or service land) or contiguous to a boundary of a road designation. Frontage or road frontage shall have the same meaning as road boundary. | |
| Root Protection Zone (For the purposes of Chapter 32 only) | Means for a tree with a spreading canopy, the area beneath the canopy spread of a tree, measured at ground level from the surface of the trunk, with a radius to the outer most extent of the spread of the tree's branches, and for a columnar tree, means the area beneath the canopy extending to a radius half the height of the tree. As demonstrated by the diagrams below. | |

⁷ From section 2 of the Act.

| | SPREADING CANOPY COLUMNAR CANOPY | |
|--|--|--|
| | Priorit of greatinal qualitative and provided of participation of particip | |
| Rural Industrial Activity | Means the use of land and buildings for the purpose of manufacturing, fabricating, processing, packing and/or storage of goods and materials grown or sourced within the Rural Zone and the storage of goods, materials and machinery associated with commercial contracting undertaken within the Rural Zone. | |
| Sense of Place (For the purpose of Chapter 12 only) | Means the unique collection of visual, cultural, social, and environmental qualities and characteristics that provide meaning to a ocation and make it distinctly different from another. Defining, maintaining, and enhancing the distinct characteristics and quirks that make a town centre unique fosters community pride and gives the town a competitive advantage over others as it provides a reason to visit and a positive and engaging experience. Elements of the Queenstown town centre that contribute to its sense of place are the core of low rise character buildings and narrow streets and laneways at its centre, the pedestrian links, the small block size of the street grid, and its location adjacent to the lake and surrounded by the ever-present mountainous landscape. | |
| Service Activity | Means the use of land and buildings for the primary purpose of the transport, storage, maintenance or repair of goods. | |
| Service Lane | Means any lane laid out or constructed either by the authority of the council or the Minister of Works and Development or, on or after 1 April 1988, the Minister of Lands for the purpose of providing the public with a side or rear access for vehicular traffic to any land8. | |
| Service Station | Means any site where the dominant activity is the retail sale of motor vehicle fuels, including petrol, LPG, CNG, and diesel, and may also include any one or more of the following: a. the sale of kerosene, alcohol based fuels, lubricating oils, tyres, batteries, vehicle spare parts and other accessories normally associated with motor vehicles; | |

⁸ From section 315 of the Local Government Act 1974

| | 1 | |
|--|---|--|
| | b. mechanical repair and servicing of motor vehicles, including motor cycles, caravans, boat motors, trailers, except in any Residential, Town Centre or Township Zone; | |
| | c. inspection and/or certification of vehicles; | |
| | d. the sale of other merchandise where this is an ancillary activity to the main use of the site. | |
| | Excludes: | |
| | panel beating, spray painting and heavy engineering such as engine reboring and crankshaft grinding, which are not included within mechanical repairs of motor vehicles and domestic garden equipment for the purposes of b. above. | |
| Setback | Means the distance between a building and the boundary of its site. Where any building is required to be set back from any site boundary, no part of that building shall be closer to the site boundary than the minimum distance specified. Where any road widening is required by this Plan, the setback shall be calculated from the proposed final site boundary. The setback distance shall only apply to buildings at ground, or above ground level. | |
| Setting (For the purpose of Chapter 26 only) | Means the area around and/or adjacent to a heritage feature listed under the Inventory in Section 26.8 and defined under 26.8.1, which is integral to its function, meaning, and relationships, and which is contained in the same legal title as the heritage feature listed on the Inventory. | |
| | (Refer also to the definition of 'Extent of Place'). | |
| Showroom | Means any defined area of land or a building given over solely to the display of goods. No retailing is permitted unless otherwise specifically provided for in the zone in which the land or building is located. | |
| | Means: | |
| | a. any external name, figure, character, outline, display, excluding a display of physical goods or products available for sale on the premises, delineation, announcement, design, logo, mural or other artwork, poster, handbill, banner, captive balloon, flag, flashing sign, flatboard, free-standing sign, illuminated sign, moving signs, roof sign, sandwich board, streamer, billboard sign or any other thing of a similar nature which is: | |
| | i. intended to attract attention; and | |
| Sign and Signage | ii. visible from a road or any public place; | |
| | b. all material and components comprising the sign, its frame, background, structure, any support and any means by which the sign is attached to any other thing: | |
| | c. corporate colour schemes; | |
| | d. any sign written vehicle/trailer or any advertising media attached to a vehicle/trailer. | |
| Sign Area | Means the surface area of a sign, and includes | |

- a. all the area actually or normally enclosed, as the case may be, by the outside of a line drawn around the sign and enclosing the sign; and
 - b. the entire area coloured with a corporate colour scheme.

Above Ground Floor Sign:

means a sign attached to a building above the verandah or above 3 metres in height from the ground.

Arcade Directory Sign:

means an externally located sign which identifies commercial activities that are accessed internally within a building or arcade.

Banner:

means any sign made of flexible material, suspended in the air and supported on more than one side by poles or cables.

Billboard Sign

means any sign, including located in a digital signage platform, that is for purely commercial brand awareness purposes and which does not relate to land use activity conducted on the site.

Digital Sign:

means an internally lit sign that displays electronic messages (text) and/or images.

Digital Signage Platform:

means a physical structure and area specifically for the purpose of displaying digital signage.

Flag:

means any sign made of flexible material attached by one edge to a staff or halyard and includes a flagpole.

Flashing Sign:

means an intermittently illuminated sign.

Flat Board Sign:

means a portable flat board sign which is not self-supporting.

Free Standing Sign:

means any sign which has a structural support or frame that is directly connected to the ground and which is independent of any other building or structure for its support; and includes a sign on a fence (excludes temporary construction signs).

Moving Sign:

means a sign other than a flag or a banner that is intended to move or change whether by reflection or otherwise.

| Definition – Moving sign | Appellant Court Number | Consequentially Affected Provisions |
|---|----------------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| Amend the definition of "moving sign" (within the definition of "Sign Types") to specifically exclude digital signage where the only movement is the dissolve of one image to another | Go Media Ltd ENV-2019-CHC-073 | Chapter 31 |

Off-Site Sign:

means a sign which

Sign Types

- a. does not relate to goods or services available at the site where the sign is located;
- b. is not a Billboard Sign; and
- c. is not a Temporary Event Sign.

Roof Sign:

means any sign painted on or attached to a roof and any sign projecting above the roof line or parapet of the building to which it is attached.

Sandwich Board:

means a self-supporting and portable sign.

Signage Platform:

means a physical area identified for the purpose of signage.

Static Signage Platform:

means a signage platform for the purpose of displaying any sign type other than a digital sign.

Temporary Construction Sign:

Means a sign within a construction site for the purpose of site management, including for directing vehicle movements and site safety, and also includes sign-written fabric or wind-break material attached to a fence within a construction site.

Temporary Event Sign:

means any sign established for the purpose of advertising or announcing a single forthcoming temporary event, function or occurrence including carnivals, fairs, galas, market days, meetings exhibitions, parades, rallies, filming, sporting and cultural events, concerts, shows, musical and theatrical festivals and entertainment; but does not include Electioneering Signs, Real Estate Signs, Temporary Construction Signs, a Temporary Land Development Sign, Off-Site Signs or Temporary Sale Signs.

Temporary Land Development Sign:

means a sign advertising or announcing a new or proposed development or subdivision.

Temporary Sale Sign:

means any sign established for the purpose of advertising or announcing the sale of products at special prices.

Under Verandah Sign:

means a sign attached to the underside of a verandah.

Upstairs Entrance Sign:

means a sign which identifies commercial activities that are located upstairs within a building.

Wall Sign:

means a sign attached to the wall of a building.

| Significant Trimming (For the purposes of Chapter 32 only) | Means the removal of more than 10% of the live foliage from the canopy of the tree or structural scaffold branches. | |
|--|---|--|
| | Means: Any area of land which meets one of the descriptions set out below: | |
| | a. An area of land which is: i. Comprised of one allotment in one certificate of title, or two or more contiguous allotments held together in one certificate of title, in such a way that the allotments cannot be dealt with separately without the prior | |
| | consent of the council; or ii. Contained in a single lot on an approved survey plan of subdivision for which a separate certificate of title could be issued without any further consent of the council; | |
| | Being in any case the smaller area of clauses i. or ii. above; or | |
| Site | b. An area of land which is composed of two or more contiguous lots held in two or more certificates of title where such titles are: | |
| | Subject to a condition imposed under section 75 of the Building Act 2004; or | |
| | ii. Held together in such a way that they cannot be dealt with separately without the prior consent of the council; or | |
| | c. An area of land which is: | |
| | i. Partly made up of land which complies with clauses (a) or (b) above; and | |
| | Partly made up of an interest in any airspace above or subsoil below a road where (a) and (b) are adjoining and are held together in such a way that they cannot be dealt with separately without the prior approval of the council; | |
| | Except in relation to each description that in the case of land subdivided under the Unit Titles Act 1972 and 2010, the cross lease system or stratum subdivision, 'site' must be deemed to be the whole of the land subject to the unit development, cross lease or stratum subdivision. | |
| | Means the use of natural and physical resources for the purpose of establishing, operating and maintaining the following activities and structures: | |
| Ski Area Activities | a. recreational activities either commercial or non-commercial; | |
| | b. passenger lift systems; | |
| | c. use of snow groomers, snowmobiles and 4WD vehicles for support or operational activities; | |
| | d. activities ancillary to commercial recreational activities including avalanche safety, ski patrol, formation of snow trails and terrain; | |
| | e. installation and operation of snow making infrastructure including reservoirs, pumps and snow makers; and | |

| | Definition – Ski Area Activities and relief sought | Appellant Court Number | Consequentially Affected Provisions |
|------------------------------------|--|---|-------------------------------------|
| | Rename and amend the Ski Area Activities definition: Ski Area Activities Alpine Resort Activities Means the use of natural and physical resources for the purpose of establishing, operating and maintaining the following activities and structures: a. recreational activities either commercial or non-commercial; b. passenger lift systems; c. use of snow groomers, snowmobiles and 4WD off-road vehicles for support or operational activities; d. activities ancillary to commercial recreational activities including | Cardrona Alpine Resort Limited ENV-2018-CHC-117 | Section 21.1 |
| | avalanche safety, ski patrol, formation of snow trails and terrain including earthworks and vegetation clearance; e. installation and operation of snow making infrastructure including reservoirs, pumps and snow makers; and f. in the Waiorau Snow farm Ski Area Sub-Zone vehicle and product testing activities, being activities designed to test the safety, efficiency and durability of vehicles, their parts and accessories. | | |
| | Means the use of land or buildings for short-term living accommodation for visitor guest, worker, and a. includes such accommodation as hotels, motels, guest houses, bunkhouses lodges and the commercial letting of a residentialunit; and | | nouses, bunkhouses, |
| Ski Area Sub-Zone Accommodation | b. may include some centralised services or facilities such as food preparation, dining and sanitary facilities, conference, bar and recreational facilities if such facilities are ancillary to the accommodation facilities; and | | |
| | c. is limited to visitors, guests or v Ski Area Sub-Zone. | workers, visiting and or v | vorking in the respective |
| Sloping Site | Means a site where the ground slope is greater than 6 degrees (i.e. greater than 1 in 9.5). Ground slope in relation to building heightshall be determined by measurement over the extremities of each building elevation. Where any elevation indicates a ground slope of greater than 6 degrees (i.e. greater than 1 in 9.5), rules applicable to sloping sites will apply. | | |

| Small and Community-Scale Distributed Electricity Generation | Means renewable electricity generation for the purpose of using electricity on a particular site, or supplying an immediate community, or connecting into the distribution network. | |
|---|---|--|
| Small Cells Unit | Means a device: that receives or transmits radiocommunication or telecommunication signals; and the volume of which (including any ancillary equipment, but not including any cabling) is not more than 0.11m³. | |
| Solar Electricity Generation | Means the conversion of the sun's energy directly into electrical energy. The most common device used to generate electricity from the sun is photovoltaics (PV). This may include free standing arrays, solar arrays attached to buildings or building integrated panels. | |
| Solar Water Heating | Means devices that heat water by capturing the sun's energy as heat and transferring it directly to the water or indirectly using an intermediate heat transfer fluid. Solar water heaters may include a solar thermal collector, a water storage tank or cylinder, pipes, and a transfer system to move the heat from the collector to the tank. | |
| Staff (For the purposes of Chapter 29 only) | Means full time staff or full time staff equivalent. Provision for a full time staff equivalent is based on recognition of the fact that some businesses are operated in shifts. | |
| Stand-Alone Power Systems (SAPS) | Means off-grid generation for activities including residential, visitor and farming activities, on remote sites that do not have connection to the local distribution network. SAP's will usually include battery storage, a backup generator, an inverter and controllers etc, as well as generation technologies such as solar, mini or micro hydro, wind electricity generation or a combination thereof. | |
| Structure | Means any building, equipment device or other facility made by people and which is fixed to land and includes any raft. | |
| Structure Plan | Means a plan included in the district plan, and includes spatial development plans, concept development plans and other similarly titled documents. | |
| Subdivision | Means: a. the division of an allotment: i. by an application to the Registrar-General of Land for the issue of a separate certificate of title for any part of the allotment; or ii. by the disposition by way of sale or offer for sale of the fee simple to part of the allotment; or iii. by a lease of part of the allotment which, including renewals, is or could be for a term of more than 35 years; or iv. by the grant of a company lease or cross lease in respect of any part of the allotment; or | |

| | v. by the deposit of a unit plan, or an application to the Registrar-General of Land for the issue of a separate certificate of title for any part of a unit on a unit plan; or |
|---------------------------------------|--|
| | b. an application to the Registrar-General of Land for the issue of a separate certificate of title in circumstances where the issue of that certificate of title is prohibited by section 226. |
| Subdivision and Development | Includes subdivision, identification of building platforms, any buildings and associated activities such as roading, earthworks, lighting, landscaping, planting and boundary fencing and access/gateway structures. |
| Tavern | Means any premises used or intended to be used in the course of business principally for the provision to the public of liquor and other refreshments but does not include an airport bar. |
| | Means a person who: |
| Technical Arborist | a. by possession of a recognised arboricultural degree or diploma and on-the-job experience is familiar with the tasks, equipment and hazards involved in arboricultural operations; and |
| (For the purposes of Chapter 32 only) | has demonstrated proficiency in tree inspection and evaluating and treating hazardous trees; and |
| | c. has demonstrated competency to Level 6 NZQA Diploma in Arboriculture standard or Level 4 NZQA Certificate in Horticulture (Arboriculture) standard (or be of an equivalent arboricultural standard). |
| | Means the use of land, buildings, vehicles and structures for the following listed activities of short duration, limited frequency and outside the regular day-to-day use of a site: |
| | a. temporary events; |
| | b. temporary filming; |
| Temporary Activities | c. temporary activities related to building and construction; |
| | d. temporary military training; |
| | e. temporary storage; |
| | f. temporary utilities; |
| | g. temporary use of a site as an informal airport as part of a temporary event. |
| | Means the use of land, buildings, tents and marquees, vehicles and structures for the following activities: |
| | a. carnivals; |
| | b. fairs; |
| Temporary Events | c. festivals; |
| | d. fundraisers; |
| | e. galas; |
| | f. market days; |
| | g. meetings; |

| | T | |
|--|--|--|
| | h. exhibitions; | |
| | i. parades; | |
| | j. rallies; | |
| | k. cultural and sporting events; | |
| | I. concerts; | |
| | m. shows; | |
| | n. weddings; | |
| | o. funerals; | |
| | p. musical and theatrical entertainment, and | |
| | q. uses similar in character. | |
| | Note: The following activities associated with Temporary Events are not regulated by the PDP: | |
| | a. Food and Beverage; | |
| | b. Sale of Alcohol. | |
| Temporary Filming Activity | Means the temporary use of land and buildings for the purpose of commercial video and film production and includes the setting up and dismantling of film sets, and associated facilities for staff. | |
| Temporary Military Training Activity (TMTA | Means a temporary military activity undertaken for defence purposes. Defence purposes are those in accordance with the Defence Act 1990. | |
| Total Demolition (For the purposes of Chapter 26 only) | Means the demolition of the heritage fabric of a heritage feature equal to or exceeding 70% by volume or area whichever is greater. Volume is measured from the outermost surface of the heritage feature (including any surfaces below ground) and the area is measured by the footprint of the heritage feature. | |
| | Means a business that is a mixture of wholesaling and retailing goods in one or more of the following categories: | |
| | a. automotive and marine suppliers; | |
| | b. building suppliers; | |
| | c. catering equipment suppliers; | |
| Trade Supplier | d. farming and agricultural suppliers; | |
| | e. garden and patio suppliers | |
| | f. hire services (except hire or loan of books, video, DVD and other similar home entertainment items); | |
| | g. industrial clothing and safety equipment suppliers; and | |
| | h. office furniture, equipment and systems suppliers. | |
| Trade Wastes | Means any water that is used in a commercial or industrial process, and is then discharged to the Council's waste water system. | |

| | Means any public access route legally created by way of a grant of easement registered after 11 December 2007 for the purpose of providing public access in favour of the Queenstown Lakes District Council, the Crown or any of its entities, and specifically excludes: |
|-------------------|--|
| Trail | a. roads, including road reserves; |
| | b. public access easements created by the process of tenure review under the Crown Pastoral Land Act; and |
| | c. public access routes over any reserve administered by Queenstown Lakes District Council, the Crown or any of its entities. |
| | Means: |
| | • footpaths, footways and footbridges, bridges for roads, tunnels, retaining walls for roads; |
| | site access including vehicle crossings; |
| | the road carriageway including widening; |
| | bicycle paths and parking facilities, including electric bicycle and electric vehicle charging stations; |
| | road lighting and support structures; |
| Transport | engineering measures (road markings, rumble strips, removal of roadside hazards, barriers, widened road margins, improving skid resistance, improving road geometry on bends and at intersections, fine tuning of signalised intersections, improving visibility at non-signalised intersections, fencing, speed humps, traffic separators); |
| Infrastructure | public transport facilities and systems and supporting ancillary equipment and structures including seats, shelters, real time information systems and ticketing facilities, bicycle storage, and cabinets; |
| | traffic control devices (including traffic islands, pedestrian crossings and roundabouts and intersection controls), traffic and cycle monitoring devices, traffic signals and support structures, cabinets and ancillary equipment associated with traffic signals; |
| | devices and structures to implement regulatory controls (no stopping, no overtaking, parking control, bus lane controls, vehicle restrictions) including parking meters and pay and display kiosks, and speed cameras and red light/traffic cameras; |
| | parking; and |
| | any other structures required for transport activities on land in relation to the establishment of roads, cycleways, walkways, rail, or any other means. |
| Transport Network | Means the public roading network, all transport infrastructure, park and ride, public transport facilities, and the on-road and off-road public transport network and active transport network. |
| Unit | Means any residential unit, or visitor accommodation unit of any type. |
| Unformed road | Means land that is vested or dedicated as road that has never been formed in full or in part. |

| (For the purposes of Chapter 29 only) | | |
|---------------------------------------|--|--|
| | Means development which is not of a rural character and is differentiated from rural development by its scale, intensity, visual character and the dominance of built structures. Urban development may also be characterised by a reliance on reticulated services such as water supply, wastewater and stormwater and by its cumulative generation of traffic. For the avoidance of doubt, a resort development in an otherwise rural area does not constitute urban development. Definition – Urban Development Appellant Consequentially Affected | |
| | (relief withdrawn) Court Number | |
| Urban Development | Amend the definition of 'Urban Development' as follows: Means development which is not of a rural character and is differentiated from rural development by its scale, intensity, visual character and the dominance of built structures. Urban development may also be characterised by a reliance on reticulated services such as water supply, wastewater and stormwater and by its cumulative generation of traffic. For the avoidance of doubt, a resort development in an otherwise rural area does not constitute urban development. Waterfall Park Developments Strategic Objective 3.2.2.1, Strategic Policies 3.3.14 and 3.3.15, Policy 4.2.1.3, Objective 4.2.2A, Policies 4.2.2.13, 4.2.2.21, 4.2.2.21, 4.2.2.22 and 4.2.2.23 | |
| Urban Growth Boundary | Means a boundary shown on the planning maps which provides for and contains existing and future urban development within an urban area. | |
| Utility | Means the systems, services, structures and networks necessary for operating and supplying essential utilities and services to the community including: a. substations, transformers, lines and necessary and incidental structures and equipment for the transmissions and distribution of electricity; b. pipes and necessary incidental structures and equipment for transmitting and distributing gas; c. storage facilities, pipes and necessary incidental structures and equipment for the supply and drainage of water or sewage; d. water and irrigation races, drains, channels, pipes and necessary incidental structures and equipment (excluding water tanks); e. structures, facilities, plant and equipment for the treatment of water; f. structures, facilities, plant, equipment and associated works for receiving and transmitting telecommunications and radio communications; g. structures, facilities, plant, equipment and associated works for monitoring and observation of meteorological activities and natural hazards; h. structures, facilities, plant, equipment and associated works for the protection of the community from natural hazards; | |

| | i. structures, facilities, plant and equipment necessary for navig air; | ation by water or | |
|---|--|---|--|
| | j. waste management facilities; | | |
| | k. flood protection works; and | | |
| | I. anything described as a network utility operation in s166 of the Management act 1991. | ne Resource | |
| | Utility does not include structures or facilities used for electricity ger manufacture and storage of gas, or the treatment of sewage. | neration, the | |
| Vehicle control point (For the purposes of Chapter 29 only) | Means a point on a vehicle access route controlled by a barrier (or si which a vehicle is required to stop, or a point where conflict with veh the site may arise. For example, a point where vehicles on the acces to wait for a vehicle reversing from a parking space on the site or que service station filling point). | nicles already on s route may need | |
| Vehicle Crossing | Means the formed and constructed vehicle entry/exit from the carriageway of any road up to and including that portion of the road boundary of any site across which vehicle entry or exit is obtained to and from the site, and includes any culvert, bridge or kerbing. | | |
| Verandah | Means a roof of any kind which extends out from a face of a building and continues along the whole of that face of the building. | | |
| | Means the use of land or buildings to provide accommodation for pathe length of stay for any guest is less than 90 nights; and | ying guests where | |
| | i. Includes camping grounds, motor parks, hotels, motels, backg accommodation, bunkhouses, tourist houses, lodges, timesha apartments; and | | |
| | ii. Includes services or facilities that are directly associated with, the visitor accommodation, such as food preparation, dining a facilities, conference, bar recreational facilities and others of such facilities are associated with the visitor accommodation primary role of these facilities is to service the overnight gues accommodation however they can be used by persons not state the site. | and sanitary a similar nature if activity. The ts of the | |
| Visitor Accommodation | iii. Includes onsite staff accommodation. | | |
| | iv. Excludes Residential Visitor Accommodation and Homestays. | | |
| | Definition - Visitor Accommodation | Appellant Court Number | |
| | Amend the definition of Visitor Accommodation so that where an RVA or Homestay activity complies with all applicable standards in the relevant chapter, the activity is included within the definition of Visitor Accommodation, rather than Residential Visitor Accommodation or Homestay, so that the relevant Visitor Accommodation objectives and policies apply. | Glencoe Station Ltd ENV-2019-CHC-078 | |
| | Amend the definition of Visitor Accommodation so that where an RVA or Homestay activity complies with all applicable standards in the relevant chapter, the activity is included within the definition of Visitor Accommodation, rather than Residential Visitor Accommodation or Homestay, so that the relevant Visitor Accommodation objectives and policies apply. | Mt Christina Ltd ENV-2019-CHC-079 | |
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| | Amend the definition of Visitor Accommodation so that where an RVA or Homestay activity fails to comply with all applicable standards in the relevant chapter, the activity is included within the definition of Visitor Accommodation, rather than Residential Visitor Accommodation or Homestay, so that the relevant Visitor Accommodation objectives and policies apply. | Glendhu Bay Trustees Ltd ENV-2019-CHC-081 |
| | Amend the definition of Visitor Accommodation so that where an RVA or Homestay activity fails to comply with all applicable standards in the relevant chapter, the activity is included within the definition of Visitor Accommodation, rather than Residential Visitor Accommodation or Homestay, so that the relevant Visitor Accommodation objectives and policies apply. | Darby Planning Ltd Partnership ENV-2019-CHC-085 |
| | Amend the definition of Visitor Accommodation so that where an RVA or Homestay activity complies with all applicable standards in the relevant chapter, the activity is included within the definition of Visitor Accommodation, rather than Residential Visitor Accommodation or Homestay, so that the relevant Visitor Accommodation objectives and policies apply. | Henley Downs Farm Holdings Ltd and Henley Downs Land Holdings Ltd ENV-2019-CHC-095 |
| Visually Permeable | In reference to a wall, gate, door or fence: Means continuous vertical or horizontal gaps of at least 50mm width occupying not less than one third of its face in aggregate of the entire surface or where narrower than 50mm, occupying at least one half of the face in aggregate. | |
| Waste | Means any contaminant, whether liquid solid, gaseous, or radioactive, which is discharged, emitted or deposited in the environment in such volume, constituency or manner as to cause an adverse effect on the environment, and which includes all unwanted and economically unusable by-products at any given place and time, and any other matters which may be discharged accidentally or otherwise, to the environment. Excludes cleanfill. | |
| | Means a site used for the deposit of solid wastes onto or into land, b | ut excludes: |
| Waste Management Facility | a. sites situated on production land in which the disposal of waste generated from that land takes place, not including any dead animal material or wastes generated from any industrial trade or process on that productive land; | |
| | b. sites used for the disposal of vegetative material. The material may include soil that is attached to plant roots and shall be free of hazardous substances and wastes; and | |
| | c. sites for the disposal of clean fill. | |
| Waterbody | Means fresh water or geothermal water in a river, lake, stream, pond, wetland, or aquifer, or any part thereof, that is not located within the coastal marine area ⁹ . | |

⁹ From Section 2 of the Act

| Wetland | Includes permanently or intermittently wet areas, shallow water, and land water margins that support a natural ecosystem of plants and animals that are adapted to wet conditions ¹⁰ . |
|---|--|
| Wholesaling (Airport Zones) | Means a business engaged in the storage and distribution of goods to businesses (including retail activities) and institutional customers. |
| Wind Electricity Generation | Means the conversion of the energy from wind into electricity, through the use of the rotational motion. A wind turbine may be attached to a building or freestanding. Wind turbine components may include blades, nacelle, tower and foundation. This definition shall include masts for wind monitoring. |
| Works Within the Root Protection Zone (For the Purpose of Chapter 32 only) | Means works including paving, excavation, trenching, ground level changes, storage of materials or chemicals, vehicle traffic, vehicle parking, soil compaction, construction activity, whether on the same site or not as the tree. |
| 2037 Noise Contours | Means the predicted airport noise contours for Queenstown airport for the year 2037 in 1dB increments from 70dB Ldn to 55dB Ldn inclusive. Note: These contours shall be available from the council and included in the airport noise management plan. |
| 2037 60 dB Noise Contours | Means the predicted 60 dB Ldn noise contour for Queenstown airport for 2037 based on the 2037 noise contours. |

2.2 **Acronyms Used in this Plan**

Listed below are acronyms used within the plan. They do not include the acronyms of names of activity areas identified within structure plans adopted under the PDP.

| AANC | Projected annual aircraft noise contour |
|-------|---|
| АМІ | Area median income |
| ANB | Air noise boundary |
| ASAN | Activity sensitive to aircraft noise |
| С | Controlled |
| СРІ | Consumer price index |
| CPTED | Crime prevention through environmental design |
| dB | Decibels |

¹⁰ From Section 2 of the Act

| D | Discretionary |
|--------|--|
| Ecm | Equivalent car movements |
| GFA | Gross floor area |
| GHOA | Glenorchy Heritage Overlay Area |
| HD | Hanley Downs |
| LAR | Limited access roads |
| LENZ | Land Environments New Zealand |
| МНОА | Macetown Heritage Overlay Area |
| NC | Non-complying |
| NES | National Environmental Standard |
| NESETA | Resource Management (National Environmental Standard for Electricity Transmission Activities) Regulations 2009 |
| NOR | Notice of requirement |
| NZTA | New Zealand Transport Agency |
| ОСВ | Outer control boundary |
| ONF | Outstanding natural feature |
| ONL | Outstanding natural landscape |
| Р | Permitted |
| PFA | Public floor area |
| PR | Prohibited |
| PV | Photovoltaics |
| RCL | Rural character landscape |
| RD | Restricted discretionary |
| REG | Renewable electricity generation |
| RMA | Resource Management Act 1991 |
| SAPS | Stand-alone power systems |
| SEL | Sound exposure level |
| SHOA | Skippers Heritage Overlay Area |
| SMLHOA | Sefferton and Moke Lake Heritage Overlay Area |

| SNA | Significant natural areas |
|-----|---------------------------|
| UGB | Urban growth boundary |
| Vpd | Vehicles per day |