## Chapter 2 Definitions

### This table identifies provisions subject to and consequentially affected by appeals:

Provision Subject To Appeal (identified in red text in the relevant chapter/s)	Appellant Court Number	Consequentially Affected Provisions
Activity Sensitive To Aircraft Noise (ASAN) / Activity Sensitive to Road Noise	Queenstown Airport Corporation Limited ENV-2018-CHC-093	Definition of 'Education Activity'
Flood Protection Works	Queenstown Park Limited ENV-2018-CHC-127	Rule 30.5.1.5 Rule 30.5.1.2
Indigenous Vegetation	Royal Forest and Bird Protection Society of New Zealand ENV-2018-CHC-133	
Minor Upgrading	Aurora Energy Limited ENV-2018-CHC-108	
National Grid	Transpower ENV-2018-CHC-114 (further particulars received)	
National Grid Corridor	Transpower ENV-2018-CHC-114 (further particulars received)	
National Grid Sensitive Activities	Transpower ENV-2018-CHC-114 (further particulars received)	
Passenger Lift System	Soho Ski Area Ltd & Blackmans Creek No. 1 LP ENV-2018-CHC-104	
	Mt Cardrona Station Limited ENV-2018-CHC-83	
	Treble Cone Investments Limited ENV-2018-CHC-107	
	Queenstown Park Limited ENV-2018-CHC-127	

Projected Annual Aircraft Noise Contour (AANC)	Queenstown Airport Corporation Limited ENV-2018-CHC-093	
Resort	Waterfall Park Developments Limited- ENV 2018 CHC 124 (relief withdrawn)	Definition of 'Urban Development'
Ski Area Activities	Cardrona Alpine Resort Limited ENV-2018-CHC-117	Section 21.1
Urban Development	Waterfall Park Developments Limited ENV-2018 CHC-124 (relief withdrawn)	Strategic Objective 3.2.2.1, Strategic Policies 3.3.14 and 3.3.15, Policy 4.2.1.3, Objective 4.2.2A, Policies 4.2.2.13, 4.2.2.14, 4.2.2.21, 4.2.2.22 and 4.2.2.23

### This table identifies new provisions sought to be added:

Appellant Court Number	Provision/s Sought to be Added into Chapter 2
Queenstown Airport Corporation Limited ENV-2018-CHC-093	Insert the notified definition of "Airport Operator" (which was deleted from the decisions version).
Queenstown Airport Corporation Limited ENV-2018-CHC-093	Amend the definition of 'Airport Activity' to include quarantine and incineration facilities, boarder control and immigration facilities.
Queenstown Airport Corporation Limited ENV-2018-CHC-093	Amend the definition of 'Airport Related Activity' to include freight facilities. Insofar as it relates to Queenstown Airport, to include Visitor Accommodation.
Federated Farmers of New Zealand Inc ENV-2018-CHC-53	Insert the following exemption to the definition of Building:  k. mobile irrigation infrastructure
Mt Cardrona Station Limited ENV-2018-CHC-83	Insert the following exemption to the definition of Building:  k. Passenger Lift Systems
Aurora Energy Limited ENV-2018-CHC-108	Insert a new definition of Electricity Sub-Transmission or Significant Electricity Distribution Infrastructure Corridor as follows:  Electricity Sub-Transmission or Significant Electricity Distribution Infrastructure Corridor  Means the area measured either side of the centre line of above ground Electricity Sub-Transmission Infrastructure or above ground Significant Electricity Distribution Infrastructure as follows:  a. 9.5m from 110kV  b. 9.5m from 66kV

	c. 8.5 from 33kV  d. 5m from 11kV  Note: lines with sales greater than 125m may require greater setbacks than set out above in order to comply with
	<u>NZECP34. Refer Rule 30.3.2(c)</u>
Aurora Energy Limited ENV-2018-CHC-108	Insert a new definition for Electricity Sub-transmission Infrastructure as follows: <u>Electricity Sub-transmission Infrastructure</u> <u>Means electricity infrastructure which conveys electricity between the National Grid and renewable energy generation sources to zone substations and between zone substations.</u>
Aurora Energy Limited ENV-2018-CHC-108	Insert the following inclusion to the definition of Minor Upgrading (for the purpose of Chapter 30 only):  m. an increase in support structure height required to comply with NZECP34:2001 by not more than 3 metres provided that the support structure has not been replaced within the preceding 10 year period.
Aurora Energy Limited ENV-2018-CHC-108	Insert the following inclusion as point c. to the definition of Regionally Significant Infrastructure: <u>c. Electricity sub-transmission infrastructure; and</u>
Aurora Energy Limited ENV-2018-CHC-108	Insert a new definition for Significant Electricity Distribution Infrastructure as follows:  Significant Electricity Distribution Infrastructure Means electricity infrastructure which supplies:
	a. <u>essential public services (such as hospitals and lifeline facilities);</u>
	b. other regionally significant infrastructure or individual consumers requiring a supply of 1MW or more;
	c. 700 or more consumers; or
	d. communities that are isolated and which do not have an alternative supply in the event the line or cable is
	compromised and where the assets are difficult to replace in the event of failure.
Real Journeys Limited ENV-2018-CHC-131 Te Anau Developments	Insert a new definition for Tourism Activity as follows: <u>Tourism Activity:</u> <u>Means the use or development of a resource for the purpose of attracting visitors to the district, and includes associated buildings, structures, infrastructure, transport activities, and administration activities.</u>
Limited ENV-2018-CHC-106	
Real Journeys Limited ENV-2018-CHC-131	Insert a new definition for "Visitor Industry" which reflects the intent of new strategic policies, and which recognises the breadth of the visitor industry applicable, including domestic tourists.
Te Anau Developments Limited ENV-2018-CHC-106	
New Zealand Tungsten Mining Limited ENV-2018-CHC-151	Insert a new definition of Mining Activity as follows:  Mining Activity:  (a) means operations in connection with mining, exploring, or prospecting for any mineral; and  (b) includes, when carried out at or near the site where the mining, exploration, or prospecting is undertaken,—
	(i) the extraction, transport, treatment, processing, and separation of any mineral or chemical substance from the mineral; and  (ii) the construction, maintenance, and operation of any works, structures, and other land improvements, and of any related machinery and equipment connected with the operations; and

	(iii) the removal of overburden by mechanical or other means, and the stacking, deposit, storage, and treatment of any substance considered to contain any mineral; and  (iv) the deposit or discharge of any mineral, material, debris, tailings, refuse, or water produced from or consequent on the operations;
New Zealand Tungsten Mining Limited ENV-2018-CHC-151	Insert a new definition of Mining Building as follows:  Mining Building:  Means a building (as defined) necessary for the undertaking of mining activities (as defined)
New Zealand Tungsten Mining Limited ENV-2018-CHC-151	Insert the following inclusion to the definition of Temporary Activity:  Temporary exploration and prospecting

Note: the annotations in this chapter reflect the Council's interpretation of the provisions affected by appeals.

### 2.1 Definitions

### Notes:

- a. Unless the context otherwise requires, the definitions in this chapter apply throughout the plan whenever the defined term is used. The reverse applies to the designations in Chapter 37. The definitions in Chapter 2 only apply to designations where the relevant designation says they apply.
- b. Where a term is not defined within the plan, reliance will be placed on the definition in the Act, where there is such a definition.
- c. Chapter 5: Tangata Whenua (Glossary) supplements the definitions within this chapter by providing English translations-explanations of Maori words and terms used in the plan
- d. Acoustic terms not defined in this chapter are intended to be used with reference to NZS 6801:2008 Acoustics Measurement of environmental sound and NZS 6802:2008 Acoustics Environmental noise.
- e. Any defined term includes both the singular and the plural.
- f. Any notes included within the definitions listed below are purely for information or guidance purposes only and do not form part of the definition.
- g. Where a definition title is followed by a zone or specific notation, the intention is that the application of the definition is limited to the specific zone or scenario described.

Access		Means that area of land over which a site or lot obtains legal vehicular and/or pedestrian access to a legal road. This land may include an access leg, a private way, common land as defined on a cross-lease or company-lease, or common property (as defined in section 2 of the Unit Titles Act 2010).								
Access Leg (Rear Lot or rear site)	Means the strip of land, which is included in the ownership of that legal road to the net area of the lot or site.	t lot or site, and which provides the leg	al, physical access from the frontage							
Access Lot	Means a lot which provides the legal access or part of the legal actenancy-in-common in the same ownership as the lot(s) to which		held in the same ownership or by							
Accessory Building	Means any detached building the use of which is incidental to the includes a sleep out, garage or carport, garden shed, glasshouse, s structure, provided that any garage or carport which is attached to	swimming pool, mast, shed used solely	as a storage area, or other similar							
Accessway	Means any passage way, laid out or constructed by the authority April 1988, the Minister of Lands for the purposes of providing the or reserve to another, or to any public place or to any railway stat road, service lane, or reserve to another part of that same road,	e public with a convenient route for pe tion, or from one public place to anothe	destrians from any road, service lane,							
Act	Means the Resource Management Act 1991.									
Activity Sensitive To Aircraft Noise (ASAN) / Activity Sensitive to Road Noise	Means any residential activity, visitor accommodation activity, coincluding all outdoor spaces associated with any education activity and detention centres, government and local government office.	ty, but excludes activity in police statio								
	Definition – Activity Sensitive To Aircraft Noise (ASAN) / Activity Sensitive to Road Noise	Appellant Court Number	Consequentially Affected Provisions							
	Amend the definition of 'Activity Sensitive To Aircraft Noise (ASAN) / Activity Sensitive to Road Noise' by deleting the reference to 'educational facility' and replacing it with 'educational activity'.  Queenstown Airport Corporation Limited ENV-2018-CHC-093									
Adjoining Land (Subdivision)	Includes land separated from other land only by a road, railway, d	rain, water race, river or stream.								
Aerodrome		Means a defined area of land used wholly or partly for the landing, departure, and surface movement of aircraft including any buildings, installations and equipment on or adjacent to any such area used in connection with the aerodrome or its administration.								
		Weans any machine that can derive support in the atmosphere from the reactions of the air otherwise than by reactions of the air against the surface of the earth. Excludes remotely piloted aircraft that weigh less than 15 kilograms.								

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>. from section 315 of the Local Government Act 1974

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	Means the operation of aircraft during landing, take-off and taxiing but excludes:
	a. aircraft operating in an emergency;
Aircraft Operations	b. aircraft using the Airport as an alternative to landing at a scheduledairport;
	c. military aircraft movements; and
	d. engine testing.
Air Noise Boundary Queenstown (ANB)	Means a boundary as shown on the District Plan Maps, the location of which is based on the predicted day/night sound level of 65 dB Ldn from airport operations in 2037.
	Means land used wholly or partly for the landing, departure, and surface movement of aircraft, including:
Airport Activity	a. aircraft operations which include private aircraft traffic, domestic and international aircraft traffic, rotary wing operations;
	b. aircraft servicing, general aviation, airport or aircraft training facilities and associated offices;
	c. runways, taxiways, aprons, and other aircraft movement areas;
	d. terminal buildings, hangars, air traffic control facilities, flight information services, navigation and safety aids, rescue facilities, lighting, car parking, maintenance and service facilities, fuel storage and fuelling facilities and facilities for the handling and storage of hazardous substances.
Airport Related Activity	Means an ancillary activity or service that provides support to the airport. This includes:
	a. land transport activities;
	b. buildings and structures;
	c. servicing and infrastructure;
	d. police stations, fire stations, medical facilities and education facilities provided they serve an aviation related purpose;
	e. retail and commercial services and industry associated with the needs of Airport passengers, visitors and employees and/or aircraft movements and Airport businesses;
	f. catering facilities;
	g. quarantine and incineration facilities;
	h. border control and immigration facilities;
	i. administrative offices (provided they are ancillary to an airport or airport related activity.
All Weather Standard	Means a pavement which has been excavated to a sound subgrade, backfilled and compacted to properly designed drainage gradients with screened and graded aggregate and is usable by motor vehicles under all weather conditions, and includes metalled and sealed surfaces.

Amenity Or Amenity Values	Means those natural or physical qualities and characteristics of an area that contribute to people's appreciation of its pleasantness, aesthetic coherence, and cultural and recreational attributes <sup>2</sup> .
Antenna	Means telecommunications apparatus, being metal rod, wire or other structure, by which signals are transmitted or received, including any bracket or attachment but not any support mast or similar structure.
	Means, subject to section 42(3) of the Heritage New Zealand Pouhere Taonga Act 2014:
	a. any place in New Zealand, including any building or structure (or part of a building or structure), that –
Archaeological Site	<ul> <li>i. was associated with human activity that occurred before 1900 or is the site of the wreck of any vessel where the wreck occurred before 1900; and</li> </ul>
	ii. provides or may provide, through investigation by archaeological methods, evidence relating to the history of New Zealand; and
	b. includes a site for which a declaration is made under section 43(1) of the Heritage New Zealand Pouhere Taonga Act 2014.
Area Median Income (AMI)	Means the median household income for the Queenstown Lakes District as published by Statistics New Zealand following each census, and adjusted annually by the Consumer Price Index (CPI).
Bar (Hotel or Tavern)	Means any part of a hotel or tavern which is used principally for the sale, supply or consumption of liquor on the premises. Bar area shall exclude areas used for storage, toilets or like facilities and space.
Biodiversity Offsets	Means measurable conservation outcomes resulting from actions designed to compensate for residual adverse biodiversity impacts arising from project development after appropriate avoidance, minimisation, remediation and mitigation measures have been taken. The goal of biodiversity offsets is to achieve no net loss and preferably a net gain of biodiversity on the ground.
Biomass Electricity Generation	Means electricity generation derived from biomass systems being recently living organisms such as wood, wood waste, by products of agricultural processes and waste.
Boat	Means any vessel, appliance or equipment used or designed to be used for flotation and navigation on or through the surface of water, other than a wetsuit or lifejacket, and includes any aircraft whilst such aircraft is on the surface of the water. Craft or boating craft shall have the same meaning. Boating activities shall mean activities involving the use of boats on the surface of water.
Boundary	Means any boundary of the net area of a site and includes any road boundary or internal boundary. Site boundary shall have the same meaning as boundary.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2.</sup> from section 2 of the Act

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	Shall have the same meaning as the Building Act 2004, with the following exemptions in addition to those set out in the Building Act 2004:
	a. fences and walls not exceeding 2m in height;
	b. retaining walls that support no more than 2 vertical metres of earthworks;
	c. structures less than 5m² in area and in addition less than 2m in height above ground level;
	d. radio and television aerials (excluding dish antennae for receiving satellite television which are greater than 1.2m in diameter), less than 2m in height above ground level;
	e. uncovered terraces or decks that are no greater than 1m above groundlevel;
Building	f. the upgrading and extension to the Arrow Irrigation Race provided that this exception only applies to upgrading and extension works than involve underground piping of the Arrow Irrigation Race;
	g. flagpoles not exceeding 7m inheight;
	h. building profile poles, required as part of the notification of Resource Consent applications;
	i. public outdoor art installations sited on Council owned land;
	j. pergolas less than 2.5 metres in height either attached or detached to a building;
	Notwithstanding the definition set out in the Building Act 2004, and the above exemptions a building shall include:
	a. any vehicle, trailer, tent, marquee, shipping container, caravan or boat, whether fixed or moveable, used on a site for a residential accommodation unit for a period exceeding 2 months.
	Means that portion of the net area of a site which is covered by buildings or parts of buildings, including overhanging or cantilevered parts of buildings, expressed as a percentage or area. Building coverage shall only apply to buildings at ground, or above ground level. The following shall not be included in building coverage:
	a. pergolas;
Building Coverage	b. that part of eaves and/or spouting, fire aprons or bay or box windows projecting 600mm or less horizontally from any exterior wall;
23	c. uncovered terraces or decks which are not more than 1m above groundlevel;
	d. uncovered swimming pools no higher than 1m above ground level;
	e. fences, walls and retaining walls;
	f. driveways and outdoor paved surfaces.
Building Line Restriction	Means a restriction imposed on a site to ensure when new buildings are erected or existing buildings re-erected, altered or substantially rebuilt, no part of any such building shall stand within the area between the building line and the adjacent site boundary.

	Means a business primarily engaged in selling goods for consumption or use in the construction, modification, cladding, fixed decoration or outfitting of buildings and without limiting the generality of this term, includes suppliers of:
	a. glazing;
	b. awnings and window coverings;
	c. bathroom, toilet and sauna installations;
	d. electrical materials and plumbing supplies;
Building Supplier	e. heating, cooling and ventilation installations;
	f. kitchen and laundry installations, excluding standalone appliances;
	g. paint, varnish and wall coverings;
	h. permanent floor coverings;
	i. power tools and equipment;
	j. locks, safes and security installations; and
	k. timber and building materials.
Camping Ground	Means camping ground as defined in the Camping Ground Regulations 1985 <sup>3</sup> .
Carriageway	Means the portion of a road devoted particularly to the use of motor vehicles.
Classes of Venetation	Means the removal, trimming, felling, or modification of any vegetation and includes cutting, crushing, cultivation, soil disturbance including direct drilling, spraying with herbicide or burning.
Clearance of Vegetation	Clearance of vegetation includes, the deliberate application of water or oversowing where it would change the ecological conditions such that the resident indigenous plant(s) are killed by competitive exclusion. Includes dryland cushion field species.
Commercial	Means involving payment, exchange or other consideration.
Commercial Activity	Means the use of land and buildings for the display, offering, provision, sale or hire of goods, equipment or services, and includes shops, postal services, markets, showrooms, restaurants, takeaway food bars, professional, commercial and administrative offices, service stations, motor vehicle sales, the sale of liquor and associated parking areas. Excludes recreational, community and service activities, home occupations, visitor accommodation, registered holiday homes and registered homestays.
Commercial Livestock	Means livestock bred, reared and/or kept on a property for the purpose of commercial gain, but excludes domestic livestock.
Commercial Recreational Activities	Means the commercial guiding, training, instructing, transportation or provision of recreation facilities to clients for recreational purposes including the use of any building or land associated with the activity, excluding ski area activities.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Greyed out text indicates the provision is subject to variation and is therefore is not part of the Hearing Panel's recommendations.



	Means:
Common Property	a. all the land and associated fixtures that are part of the unit title development but are not contained in a principal unit, accessory unit, or future development unit; and
	b. in the case of a subsidiary unit title development, means that part of the principal unit subdivided to create the subsidiary unit title development that is not contained in a principal unit, accessory unit, or future development unit <sup>4</sup> .
Community Activity	Means the use of land and buildings for the primary purpose of health, welfare, care, safety, education, culture and/or spiritual well being. Excludes recreational activities. A community activity includes day care facilities, education activities, hospitals, doctors surgeries and other health professionals, churches, halls, libraries, community centres, police purposes, fire stations, courthouses, probation and detention centres, government and local government offices.
Community Housing	Means residential activity that maintains long term affordability for existing and future generations through the use of a retention mechanism, and whose cost to rent or own is within the reasonable means of low and moderate income households.
Comprehensive Development	Means the construction of a building or buildings on a site or across a number of sites with a total land area greater than 1400m².
(for the purpose of Chapters 12 and 13 only)	
Contributory Buildings (for the purpose of Chapter 26 only)	Means buildings within a heritage precinct that contribute to the significance of a heritage precinct some of which may be listed for individual protection in the Inventory under Rule 26.8. They may contain elements of heritage fabric, architecture or positioning that adds value to the heritage precinct. They have been identified within a heritage precinct because any future development of the site containing a contributory building may impact on the heritage values of heritage features, or the heritage precinct itself. Contributory buildings are identified on the plans under Section 26.7 'Heritage Precincts'. (Refer also to the definition of Non-Contributory Buildings).
Council	Means the Queenstown Lakes District Council or any Committee, Sub Committee, Community Board, Commissioner or person to whom any of the Council's powers, duties or discretions under this Plan have been lawfully delegated pursuant to the provisions of the Act. District council shall have the same meaning.
Critical Listening Environment	Means any space that is regularly used for high quality listening or communication for example principle living areas, bedrooms and classrooms but excludes non-critical listening environments.
Day Care facility	Means land and/or buildings used for the care during the day of elderly persons with disabilities and/or children, other than those residing on the site.
Design Sound Level	Means 40 dB Ldn in all critical listening environments.
District	Means Queenstown Lakes District

	Means livestock bred, reared and/or kept on a property, excluding that which is for the purpose of commercial gain.
	a. In all zones, other than the Rural, Rural Lifestyle and Rural Residential Zones, it is limited to 5 adult poultry per site, and does not include adult roosters or peacocks; and
Domestic Livestock	b. In the Rural, Rural Lifestyle and Rural Residential Zones it includes any number of livestock bred, reared and/or kept on a site for family consumption, as pets, or for hobby purposes and from which no financial gain is derived, except that in the Rural Residential Zone it is limited to only one adult rooster and peacock per site.
	Note: Domestic livestock not complying with this definition shall be deemed to be commercial livestock and a farming activity.
Earthworks	Means the disturbance of land surfaces by the removal or depositing of material, excavation, filling or the formation of roads, banks, and tracks. Excludes the cultivation of land and the digging of holes for offal pits and the erection of posts or poles or the planting of trees <sup>5</sup> .
Ecosystem Services	Means the resources and processes the environment provides that people benefit from e.g. purification of water and air, pollination of plants and decomposition of waste.
Education Activity	Means the use of land and buildings for the primary purpose of regular instruction or training including early childhood education, primary, intermediate and secondary schools, tertiary education. It also includes ancillary administrative, cultural, recreational, health, social and medical services (including dental clinics and sick bays) and commercial facilities.
Electricity Distribution	Means the conveyance of electricity via electricity distribution lines, cables, support structures, substations, transformers, switching stations, kiosks, cabinets and ancillary buildings and structures, including communication equipment, by a network utility operator.
	Means the following activities:
	a. small and community-scale distributed electricity generation and solar water heating;
	b. renewable electricity generation;
	c. non-renewable electricity generation;
Francy Activities	d. windelectricitygeneration;
Energy Activities	e. solar electricity generation;
	f. stand-alone power systems (SAPS);
	g. biomass electricity generation;
	h. hydro generation activity;
	i. mini and micro hydro electricitygeneration.
Environmental	Means actions offered as a means to address residual adverse effects to the environment arising from project development that are not
Compensation	intended to result in no net loss or a net gain of biodiversity on the ground, includes residual adverse effects to other components of the environment including landscape, the habitat of trout and salmon, open space, recreational and heritage values.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> Greyed out text indicates the provision is subject to variation and is therefore is not part of the Hearing Panel's recommendations.

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Means species which are not indigenous to that part of New Zealand.
Means the area around and/or adjacent to a heritage feature listed in the Inventory under Section 26.8 and which is contained in the same legal title as a heritage feature listed in the Inventory, the extent of which is identified in Section 26.8.1.  (Refer also to the definition of Setting).
Means undertaking works affecting the external heritage fabric of heritage features, but excludes repairs and maintenance, and partial demolition. External additions includes signs and lighting.
Means the bulk and shape of the building including roof pitches, the materials of construction and the colour of exterior walls, joinery, roofs and any external fixtures.
<ul> <li>Includes:</li> <li>a. the use of land and/or buildings for the production of commercial livestock where the regular feed source for such livestock is substantially provided other than from grazing the site concerned;</li> <li>b. boarding of animals;</li> <li>c. mushroom farming.</li> </ul>
Means the use of land and buildings for the primary purpose of the production of vegetative matters and/or commercial livestock. Excludes residential activity, home occupations, factory farming and forestry activity. Means the use of lakes and rivers for access for farming activities.
Means a building (as defined) necessary for the exercise of farming activities (as defined) and excludes:  a. buildings for the purposes of residential activities, home occupations, factory farming and forestry activities;  b. visitor accommodation and temporary accommodation.
Means a portable sign that is not self-supporting <sup>6</sup> .
Means a site where the ground slope is equal to or less than 6 degrees (i.e. equal to or less than 1 in 9.5). Ground slope in relation to building height shall be determined by measurement over the extremities of each building elevation. Where all elevations indicate a ground slope of less than 6 degrees (i.e. equal to or less than 1 in 9.5), rules applicable to flat sites will apply.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup> Greyed out text indicates the provision is subject to variation and is therefore is not part of the Hearing Panel's recommendations.

flood Protection Work		the protection of property and people from flood fairwa, access tracks, rockwork, anchored trees, wire rope and	
	Definition – Flood Protection Work	Appellant Court Number	Consequentially Affected Provisions
	Queenstown Park Limited ENV-2018-CHC-127	Insert express confirmation in the rules or definitions that flood protection works can be undertaken by private interest and private landowners.	Rule 30.5.1.5 Rule 30.5.1.2
forestry Activity	Means the use of land primarily for the purp	ose of planting, tending, managing and harvesting of tree	es for timber or wood production in excess
	of 0.5ha in area.		
formed Road	Means a road with a carriageway constructed	d to an all-weather standard with a minimum width of 3m.	
free Standing Sign	Means a self supporting sign not attached	to a building and includes a sign on a fence and a sandw	rich board <sup>7</sup> .
frontage	Means the road boundary of any site.		
full-Time Equivalent Person	Means the engagement of a person or person	ns in an activity on a site for an average of 8 hours per day	assessed over any 14 day period.
Garage	Is included within the meaning of residentia other ancillary miscellaneous items.	l unit, and means a building or part of a building principa	lly used for housing motor vehicles and
Gross floor Area (GfA)	Means the sum of the gross area of the sever centre lines of walls separating two building	ral floors of all buildings on a site, measured from the extegs.	rior faces of the exterior walls, or from the
	Shall be measured:		
	a. horizontally by the length of the build	ing along the road, footpath, access way or service lane	to which it has frontage.
Ground floor Area (for Signs)		e of the road, footpath, access way or service land or as the building or to a height of 3m above the surface of the road	
Ground floor Area		parts of the buildings and includes overhanging or cantil Omm including eaves, bay or box windows, and uncove	

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>7,8</sup> Greyed out text indicates the provision is subject to variation and is therefore is not part of the Hearing Panel's recommendations.

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	Means:
	The surface of the ground prior to any earthworks on the site, except that where the surface of the ground has been altered through earthworks carried out as part of a subdivision under the Resource Management Act 1991 or Local Government Act 1974 "ground level" means the finished surface of the ground following completion of works associated with the most recently completed subdivision.
	a. "earthworks" has the meaning given in the definition of that term in this Plan and includes earthworks carried out at any time in the past;
	b. "completed subdivision" means a subdivision in respect of which a certificate pursuant to section 224(c) of the Resource Management Act 1991 or a completion certificate under the Local Government Act 1974 has been issued;
Ground Level	c. "earthworks carried out as part of a subdivision" does not include earthworks that are authorized under any land use consent for earthworks, separate from earthworks approved as part of a subdivision consent after 29 April 2016;
Ground Level	d. ground level interpretations are to be based on credible evidence including existing topographical information, site specific topography, adjoining topography and known site history;
	e. changes to the surface of the ground as a result of earthworks associated with building activity do not affect the "ground level" of a site;
	f. subdivision that does not involve earthworks has no effect on "ground level";
	Notes:
	a. See interpretive diagrams in the definition of Height;
	b. Special height rules apply in the Queenstown town centre, where "metres above sea level" is used. This is not affected by the definition of "ground level" above, which applieselsewhere.
Handicrafts	Means goods produced by the use of hand tools or the use of mechanical appliances where such appliances do not produce the goods in a repetitive manner according to a predetermined pattern for production run purpose.
Hangar	Means a structure used to store aircraft, including for maintenance, servicing and/or repair purposes.
	Means any part of that site which is impermeable and includes:
	a. concrete, bitumen or similar driveways, paths or other areas paved with a continuous surface or with open jointed slabs, bricks, gobi or similar blocks; or hardfill driveways that effectively put a physical barrier on the surface of any part of a site;
	b. any area used for parking, manoeuvring, access or loading of motorvehicles;
Hard Surfacing	c. any area paved either with a continuous surface or with open jointed slabs, bricks, gobi or similar blocks;
	The following shall not be included in hard surfacing:
	a. paths of less than 1m in width;
	b. shade houses, glasshouses and tunnel houses not having solid floors.

	Means any substance with one or more of the following characteristics:
	a i explosives
	ii flammability
	iii a capacity to oxidise
Hazardous Substance	iv corrosiveness
	v toxicity (both acute and chronic)
	vi ecotoxicity, with or without bio-accumulation; or
	b which on contact with air or water (other than air or water where the temperature or pressure has been artificially increased or decreased) generates a substance with any one or more of the properties specified in paragraph a to this definition.
Health Care facility	Means land and/or buildings used for the provision of services relating to the physical and mental health of people and animals but excludes facilities used for the promotion of physical fitness or beauty such as gymnasia, weight control clinics or beauticians.
Heavy Vehicle	Means a motor vehicle, other than a motor car that is not used, kept or available for the carriage of passengers for hire or reward, the gross laden weight of which exceeds 3500kg; but does not include a traction engine or vehicle designed solely or principally for the use of fire brigades in attendance at fires. (The Heavy Motor Vehicle Regulation 1974).

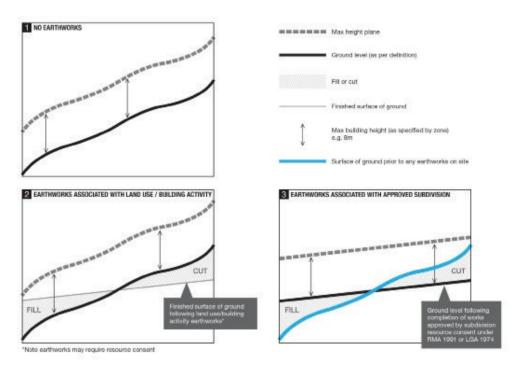
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Means the vertical distance between ground level (as defined), unless otherwise specified in a District Plan rule, at any point and the highest part of the building immediately above that point, for the purpose of calculating height in all zones, account shall be taken of parapets, but not of:

- a. aerials and/or antennas, mounting fixtures, mast caps, lightning rods or similar appendages for the purpose of telecommunications but not including dish antennae which are attached to a mast or building, provided that the maximum height normally permitted by the rules is not exceeded by more than 2.5m; and
- chimneys or finials (not exceeding 1.1m in any direction); provided that the maximum height normally permitted by the rules is not exceeded by more than 1.5m.

See interpretive diagrams below and definition of GROUND LEVEL.

Height (Building)



Heritage fabric (for the purpose of Chapter 26 only)	<ul> <li>Means any physical aspect of a heritage feature which contributes to its heritage values as assessed with the criteria contained in section 26.5. Where a heritage assessment is available on the Council's records this will provide a good indication of what constitutes the heritage fabric of that heritage feature. Where such an assessment is not available, heritage fabric may include, but is not limited to: <ul> <li>a. original and later material and detailing which forms part of, or is attached to, the interior or exterior of a heritage feature;</li> <li>b. the patina of age resulting from the weathering and wear of construction material overtime;</li> <li>c. fixtures and fittings that form part of the design or significance of a heritage feature but excludes inbuilt museum and art work exhibitions and displays, and movable items not attached to a building, unless specifically listed.</li> <li>d. heritage features which may require analysis by archaeological means, which may also include features dating from after 1900.</li> </ul> </li></ul>
Heritage feature or features (for the purpose of Chapter 26 only)	Means the collective terms used to describe all heritage features listed in the Inventory of Heritage features under Section 26.8.
Heritage Significance (for the purpose of Chapter 26 only)	Means the significance of a heritage feature (identified in this Chapter as Category 1, 2, or 3) as evaluated in accordance with the criteria listed in section 26.5. A reduction in heritage significance means where a proposed activity would have adverse effects which would reduce the category that has been attributed to that heritage feature.

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	Means those natural and physical resources that contribute to an understanding and appreciation of New Zealand's history and cultures,
	deriving from any of the following qualities:
	a. archaeological;
	b. architectural;
	c. cultural;
	d. historic;
	e. scientific;
Historic Heritage	f. technological; and
	and includes:
	a. historic sites, structures, places, and areas; and
	b. archaeological sites; and
	c. sites of significance to Maori, including wāhi tapu; and
	d. surroundings associated with natural and physical resources.
	e. heritage features (including where relevant their settings or extent of place), heritage areas, heritage precincts, and sites of significance to Maori.
Holding	Means an area of land in one ownership and may include a number of lots and/or titles.
Home Occupation	Means the use of a site for an occupation, business, trade or profession in addition to the use of that site for a residential activity and which is undertaken by person(s) living permanently on the site, but excludes homestay.
Homestay	Means a residential activity where an occupied residential unit is also used by paying guests9.
Hospital	Means any building in which two or more persons are maintained for the purposes of receiving medical treatment; and where there are two or more buildings in the occupation of the same person and situated on the same piece of land they shall be deemed to constitute a single building.
	Means any premises used or intended to be in the course of business principally for the provision to the public of:
Hotel	a. lodging;
	b. liquor, meals and refreshments for consumption on the premises.
Household	Means a single individual or group of people, and their dependents who normally occupy the same primary residence.
Household Income	Means all income earned from any source, by all household members.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>9</sup> Greyed out text indicates the provision is subject to variation and is therefore is not part of the Hearing Panel's recommendations.

A B C D E f G H I J K L

Hydro Generation Activity	Means activities associated with the generation of hydro electric upgrade of hydro generation facilities.	ity and includes the operation, maintena	ance, refurbishment, enhancement and										
Indigenous Vegetation	Means vegetation that occurs naturally in New Zealand, or arrived in New Zealand without human assistance, including both vascular and non-vascular plants.												
	Definition – Indigenous Vegetation	Appellant Court Number	Consequentially Affected Provisions										
	Amend the definition of Indigenous Vegetation and exemptions to ensure they comply with minimum legal standards for certainty and enforceability.	Royal Forest and Bird Protection Society of New Zealand ENV-2018-CHC-133											
Indoor Design Sound Level	Means 40 dB L <sub>dn</sub> in all critical listening environments.												
Industrial Activity	Means the use of land and buildings for the primary purpose of	manufacturing, fabricating, processing	, packing, or associated storage of goods										
Informaci Aireach	Means any defined area of land or water intended or designed to be used for the landing, departure movement or servicing of aircraft and specifically excludes the designated 'Aerodromes', shown as designations 2, 64, and 239 in the District Plan.												
Informal Airport	This excludes the airspace above land or water located on any a an informal airport.	djacent site over which an aircraft may t	transit when arriving and departing from										
Internal Boundary	Means any boundary of the net area of a site other than a road b	ooundary.											
Internal Alterations	Means undertaking works affecting the internal heritage fabric o												
(for the purpose of Chapter 26 only)	includes the partial removal and replacement of decoration, win	dows, ceilings, floors or roofs that only a	ffect the interior of the building.										
Kitchen facility	Means any space, facilities and surfaces for the storage, rinsing preparation and/or cooking of food, the washing of utensils and the disposal of waste water, including a food preparation bench, sink, oven, stove, hot-plate or separate hob, refrigerator, dish-washer and other kitchen appliances.												
LAeq (15min)	Means the A frequency weighted time average sound level over 15 minutes, in decibels (dB).												
L <sub>Afmax</sub>	Means the maximum A frequency weighted fast time weighted sound level, in decibels (dB), recorded in a given measuring period.												
L <sub>dn</sub>	Means the day/night level, which is the A frequency weighted time average sound level, in decibels (dB), over a 24-hour period obtained after the addition of 10 decibels to the sound levels measured during the night (2200 to 0700 hours).												
Lake	Means a body of fresh water which is entirely or nearly surrounded by land 10.												
Landfill	Means a site used for the deposit of solid wastes onto or into land <sup>11</sup> .												

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>10</sup> from section 2 of the Act

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>11</sup> Greyed out text indicates the provision is subject to variation and is therefore is not part of the Hearing Panel's recommendations.

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Landmark Building (for the purposes of Chapter 12 only)	Means a building that is easily recognisable due to notable physical features including additional height. Landmark buildings provide an external point of reference that helps orientation and navigation through the urban environment and are typically located on corners or at the termination of a visual axis.
Landscaping	Means the provision of tree and/or shrub plantings and may include any ancillary lawn, water, rocks, paved areas or amenity features, the whole of such provision being so arranged as to improve visual amenity, human use and enjoyment and/or to partially or wholly screen activities or buildings, and/or to provide protection from climate.
Landside	Means an area of an airport and buildings to which the public has unrestricted access.
Laundry facilities	Means facilities for the rinsing, washing and drying of clothes and household linen, and the disposal of waste water, and includes either a washing machine, tub or clothes dryer.
Licensed Premises	Means any premises or part of any premises, in which liquor may be sold pursuant to a licence, and includes any conveyance, or part of any conveyance on which liquor may be sold pursuant to the licence.
Lift Tower	Means a structure used for housing lift machinery and includes both the lift shaft and machinery room.
Liquor	Shall have the same meaning as alcohol as defined in the Sale and Supply of Alcohol Act 2012.
Living Area	Means any room in a residential unit other than a room used principally as a bedroom, laundry or bathroom.
Loading Space	Means a portion of a site, whether covered or not, clear of any road or service lane upon which a vehicle can stand while being loaded or unloaded.
Lot (Subdivision)	Means a lot, two or more adjoining lots to be held together in the same ownership, or any balance area, shown on a subdivision consent plan, except that in the case of land being subdivided under the cross lease or company lease systems or the Unit Titles Act 2010, lot shall have the same meaning as site.
Low Income	Means household income below 80% of the area median Income.
Manoeuvre Area	Means that part of a site used by vehicles to move from the vehicle crossing to any parking, garage or loading space and includes all driveways and aisles, and may be part of an access strip.
MASL	Means "metres above sea level".
Mast	Means any pole, tower or similar structured designed to carry antennas or dish antennas or otherwise to facilitate telecommunications.
Mineral	Means a naturally occurring inorganic substance beneath or at the surface of the earth, whether or not under water and includes all metallic minerals, nonmetallic minerals, fuel minerals, precious stones, industrial rocks and building stones and a prescribed substance within the meaning of the Atomic Energy Act 1945.
Mineral Exploration	Means any activity undertaken for the purpose of identifying mineral deposits or occurrences and evaluating the feasibility of mining particular deposits or occurrences of 1 or more minerals; and includes any drilling, dredging, or excavations (whether surface or subsurface) that are reasonably necessary to determine the nature and size of a mineral deposit or occurrence; and to explore has a corresponding meaning.

Mini and Micro Hydro Electricity Generation	Means conversion of the energy of falling water into electricity. Mini and micro generation may utilise impulse or reaction turbines and include intake or diversion structures, small weir, headrace, penstock, channel, pipes and generator.
	Means to take, win or extract, by whatever means:
Mining	a. a mineral existing in its natural state in land; or
	b. a chemical substance from a mineral existing in its natural state inland.
Mining Activity	Means the use of land and buildings for the primary purpose of the extraction, winning, quarrying, excavation, taking and associated processing of minerals and includes prospecting and exploration <sup>12</sup> .
Minor Alterations and Additions	Means the following:
to a Building	a. constructing an uncovered deck;
(for the purposes of Chapter 10	b. replacing windows or doors in an existing building that have the same profile, trims and external reveal depth as the existing;
only)	c. changing existing materials or cladding with other materials or cladding of the same texture, profile and colour.
Minor Repairs and Maintenance	Means repair of building materials and includes replacement of minor components such as individual bricks, cut stone, timber sections, roofing
(for the purpose of Chapter 26	and glazing. The replacement items shall be of the original or closely matching material, colour, texture, form and design, except that there shall be no replacement of any products containing asbestos, but a closely matching product may be used instead.
only)	Repairs and maintenance works that do not fall within this definition will be assessed as alterations.
Minor Trimming	Means the removal of not more than 10% of the live foliage from the canopy of the tree or structural scaffold branches within a single calendar
(for the purpose of Chapter 32 only)	year.
Minor Trimming of a Hedgerow	Means the removal of not more than 50% of the live foliage within a single five year period.
(for the purpose of Chapter 32 only)	

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>12</sup> Greyed out text indicates the provision is subject to variation and is therefore is not part of the Hearing Panel's recommendations.

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		ns any activity undertaken for the purpose of identifying land vities:	d likely to contain mineral deposits	or occurrences; and includes the following
Mineral Prospecting	a.	geological, geochemical, and geophysical surveys;		
	b.	the taking of samples by hand or hand held methods;		
	c.	aerial surveys.		
		ns an increase in the carrying capacity, efficiency or security existing support structures or structures of similar character,		
	a.	addition of lines, circuits and conductors;		
	b.	reconducting of the line with higher capacity conductors	;	
	c.	re-sagging of conductors;		
	d.	bonding of conductors;		
Minor Upgrading	e.	addition or replacement of longer or more efficient insulate	ors;	
(for the purpose of Chapter 30	f.	addition of electrical fittings or ancillary telecommunicatio	ns equipment;	
only)	g.	addition of earth-wires which may contain lightning rods, a	and earth-peaks;	
	h.	support structure replacement within the same location as	the support structure that is to be	replaced;
	i.	addition or replacement of existing cross-arms with cross-a	arms of an alternative design;	
	j.	replacement of existing support structure poles provided t base of the support pole being replaced;	hey are less or similar in height, dia	meter and are located within 2 metres of th
		Definition of Minor Upgrading and relief sought	Appellant Court Number	Consequentially Affected Provisions
		Amend part j. of the definition of 'Minor Upgrading' as follows:	Aurora Energy Limited ENV-2018-CHC-108	
		j. replacement of existing support structures poles provided they are less the same or similar in height, diameter and are located within 25 metres of the base of the support pole structure being replaced;		

	<ul> <li>k. addition of a single service support structure for the purp</li> <li>l. the addition of up to three new support structures extend</li> </ul>		•
	the preceding five year period.		
	Definition of Minor Upgrading and relief sought	Appellant Court Number	Consequentially Affected Provisions
	Amend part I. of the definition of 'Minor Upgrading' as follows:  I. the addition of up to three four new support	Aurora Energy Limited ENV-2018-CHC-108	
	structures extending the length of an existing line provided the line has not been lengthened in the preceding five year period.		
Moderate Income	Means household income between 80% and 120% of the area	median income.	
Motorised Craft	Means any boat powered by an engine.		
	Means the network that transmits high-voltage electricity in Ne Transpower New Zealand Limited, including:	w Zealand and that, at the notification of	fthis Plan, was owned and operated
National Grid	a. transmission lines; and		
	b. electricity substations <sup>13</sup> .		
	Definition of National Grid and relief sought	Appellant Court Number	Consequentially Affected Provisions
	Amend the definition of National Grid: Means the network that transmits high-voltage electricity in New Zealand and that, at the notification of this Plan, was is owned and operated by Transpower New Zealand Limited, including: a. transmission lines; and b. electricity substations.	Transpower ENV-2018-CHC-114 (as per further particulars received)	
	And insert footnote after the word "substations" as follows: Adapted from the Resource Management (National Environmental Standards for Electricity Transmission Activities) Regulation 2009.		

	Means the area measured either side of the centreline of above	ground national grid line as follows:	
	a. 16m for the 110kV lines on pi poles		
nal Grid Corridor	b. 32m for 110kV lines on towers		
	c. 37m for the 220kV transmission lines.		
	Excludes any transmission lines (or sections of line) that are de-	ignated.	
	Definition of National Cuid Couniday and valief counts	Annellant	Concernantially Affected
	Definition of National Grid Corridor and relief sought	Appellant Court Number	Consequentially Affected Provisions
	Amend the definition of National Grid Corridor:	Transpower	
	Means the area measured 32 metres either side of the	ENV-2018-CHC-114	
	Means the area measured <u>32 metres</u> either side of the centreline of <u>an</u> above ground <u>110kV</u> national grid	·	
	Means the area measured <u>32 metres</u> either side of the centreline of <u>an</u> above ground <u>110kV</u> national grid transmission line, <u>but</u> <del>as follows:</del>	ENV-2018-CHC-114	
	Means the area measured <u>32 metres</u> either side of the centreline of <u>an</u> above ground <u>110kV</u> national grid	ENV-2018-CHC-114	
	Means the area measured 32 metres either side of the centreline of an above ground 110kV national grid transmission line, but as follows:  a. 16m for the 110kV lines on pi poles	ENV-2018-CHC-114	
	Means the area measured 32 metres either side of the centreline of an above ground 110kV national grid transmission line, but as follows:  a. 16m for the 110kV lines on pi poles b. 32m of 110kV lines on towers	ENV-2018-CHC-114	

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>13</sup> Adapted from the Resource Management (National Environmental Standards for Electricity Transmission Activities) Regulations 2009

A B C D E f G H I J K L M N O P Q R S T U V W X Y Z

National Grid Sensitive Activities Means those activities within the national grid corridor that are particularly sensitive to risks associated with electricity transmission lines because of either the potential for prolonged exposure to the risk, or the vulnerability of the equipment or population that is exposed to the risk. Such activities include buildings or parts of buildings used for, or able to be used for the following purposes:

- a. child day care activity;
- b. day care facility activity;
- educational activity;
- d. home stay;
- e. healthcare facility;
- f. papakainga;
- g. any residential activity;
- h. visitor accommodation.

Definition of National Grid Sensitive Activities and relief sought	Appellant Court Number	Consequentially Affected Provisions
Amend the definition of National Grid Sensitive Activities: Means those activities within the national grid corridor that are particularly sensitive to risks associated with electricity National Grid transmission lines because of either the potential for prolonged exposed to the risk, or the vulnerability of the equipment or population that is exposed to the risk. Such activities include buildings or parts of buildings used for, or able to be used for the following purposes: a. hospital child day care activity; b. day care facility activity; c. educational activity; d. home stay; e. healthcare facility; f. papakāinga; g. any residential activity; h. visitor accommodation.	Transpower ENV-2018-CHC-114 (as per further particulars received)	

G N O Q

	Means:
	a. the area located 12 metres in any direction from the outer edge of a national grid support structure; and
	b. the area located 12 metres either side of the centreline of any overhead national grid line;
	(as shown in dark grey in diagram below)
National Grid Yard	LEGEND Centreline Single Pole Pi Pole Tower  Excludes any transmission lines (or sections of line) that are designated.
Nature Conservation Values	Means the collective and interconnected intrinsic value of indigenous flora and fauna, natural ecosystems (including ecosystem services), and their habitats.
Navigation Infrastructure	Means any permanent or temporary device or structure constructed and operated for the purpose of facilitating navigation by aircraft.
Net Area	Means the total area of the site or lot less any area subject to a designation for any purpose, and/or any area contained in the access to any site
(Site or Lot)	or lot, and/or any strip of land less than 6m in width.

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	Means the sum of the floor areas, each measured to the inside of the exterior walls of the building, and shall include the net floor area of any accessory building, but it shall exclude any floor area used for:
	a. lift wells, including the assembly area immediately outside the lift doors for a maximum depth of 2m;
	b. stairwells;
Not floor Area	c. tank rooms, boiler and heating rooms, machine rooms, bankvaults;
Net floor Area	d. those parts of any basement not used for residential, retail, office or industrial uses;
	e. toilets and bathrooms, provided that in the case of any visitor accommodation the maximum area permitted to be excluded for each visitor unit or room shall be 3m²;
	f. 50% of any pedestrian arcade, or ground floor foyer, which is available for public thorough fare;
	g. parking areas required by the Plan for, or accessory to permitted uses in the building.
Noise Event	Means an event, or any particular part of an event, whereby amplified sound, music, vocals or similar noise is emitted by the activity, but excludes people noise.
	Where amplified noise ceases during a particular event, the event is no longer considered a noise event.
Noise Limit	Means a Laeq (15min) or Lafmax sound level in decibels that is not to be exceeded.
Non-Contributory Buildings (for the purpose of Chapter 26 only)	Means buildings within a heritage precinct that have no identified heritage significance or fabric and have not been listed for individual protection in the Inventory under Rule 26.8. They have been identified within a heritage precinct because any future development of a site containing a non-contributory building may impact on the heritage values of heritage features or contributory buildings within the heritage precinct. Non-Contributory Buildings are identified on the plans under Section 26.7 'Heritage Precincts'.
Non Critical Listening Environment	Means any space that is not regularly used for high quality listening or communication including bathroom, laundry, toilet, pantry, walk-inwardrobe, corridor, hallway, lobby, cloth drying room, or other space of a specialised nature occupied neither frequently nor for extended periods.
No net loss	Means no overall reduction in biodiversity as measured by the type, amount and condition.
Notional Boundary	Means a line 20m from any side of residential unit or the legal boundary whichever is closer to the residential unit.
	Means any of the following:
	a. administrative offices where the administration of any entity, whether trading or not, and whether incorporated or not, is conducted;
Office	b. commercial offices being place where trade, other than that involving the immediately exchange for goods or the display or production of goods, is transacted;
	c. professional offices.
Open Space	Means any land or space which is not substantially occupied by buildings and which provides benefits to the general public as an area of visual, cultural, educational, or recreational amenity values.

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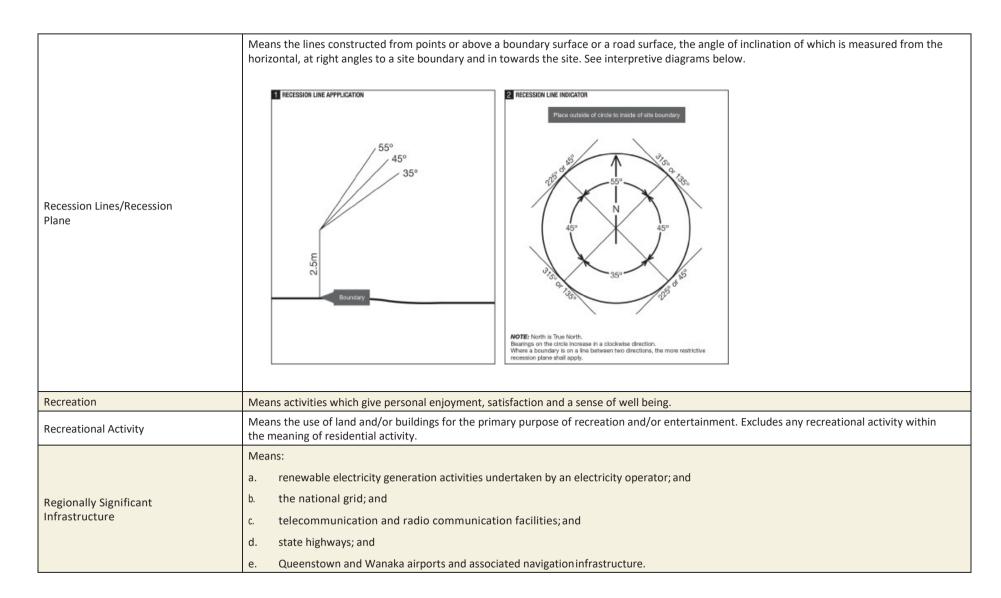
Outdoor Living Space	Means an area of open space to be provided for the exclusive us	e of the occupants of the residential unit t	to which the space is allocated.								
Outdoor Recreation Activity	Means a recreation activity undertaken entirely outdoors with buildings limited to use for public shelter, toilet facilities, information and ticketing.										
Outdoor Storage	Means land used for the purpose of storing vehicles, equipment, machinery, natural and processed products and wastes, outside a fully enclosed building for periods in excess of 4 weeks in any one year.										
Outer Control Boundary (OCB)		Means a boundary, as shown on district plan maps, the location of which is based on the predicted day/night sound levels of 55 dBA Ldn from airport operations in 2036 for Wanaka Airport and 2037 for Queenstown Airport.									
Park and Ride facility	Means an area to leave vehicles and transfer to public transport facilities include car parking areas, public transport interchange a ticketing structures, landscape planting and earthworks <sup>14</sup> .										
Parking Area	Means that part of a site within which vehicle parking spaces are required landscape areas.	e accommodated, and includes all parking	spaces, manoeuvre areas and								
Parking Space	Means a space on a site available at any time for accommodating	g one stationary motor vehicle.									
	Volume is measured from the outermost surface of the heritage	feature (including any surfaces below gro	und) and the area is measured by the								
(for the purpose of Chapter 26 only)  Passenger Lift Systems	Volume is measured from the outermost surface of the heritage footprint of the heritage feature. Partial demolition shall be determined from the date that the decision [specify] on Chapter 26 of the Di Means any mechanical system used to convey or transport past gondolas, T-bars and rope tows, and including all moving, fixed pulleys, cables, chairs, cabins, and structures to enable the embaragement.	ermined as the cumulative or incremental strict Plan is publicly notified.  ssengers and other goods within or to a Standard ancillary components of such system	demolition of the heritage fabric as  Ski Area Sub-Zone, including chairlift as such as towers, pylons, cross arm								
only)	footprint of the heritage feature. Partial demolition shall be determined from the date that the decision [specify] on Chapter 26 of the Di Means any mechanical system used to convey or transport past gondolas, T-bars and rope tows, and including all moving, fixed	ermined as the cumulative or incremental strict Plan is publicly notified.  ssengers and other goods within or to a Standard ancillary components of such system	demolition of the heritage fabric as  Ski Area Sub-Zone, including chairlift as such as towers, pylons, cross arm								

	Amend the definition of Passenger Lift System as follows:  Means any mechanical system used to convey or transport passengers and other goods within or to a Ski Area Sub-Zone, including chairlifts, gondolas, T-bars and rope tows, and including all moving, fixed and ancillary components of such systems such as towers, pylons, cross arms, pulleys, cables, chairs, cabins, and structures to enable the embarking and disembarking of passengers. Excludes base and terminal buildings.	Mt Cardrona Station Limited ENV-2018-CHC-83					
	Amend the definition of Passenger Lift System to include facilities associated with gondola systems.	Queenstown Park Limited ENV-2018-CHC-127					
Photovoltaics (PV)	Means a device that converts the energy in light (photons) into a PV system, and cells are connected together to create a single to form a larger PV array.						
Potable Water Supply	Means a water supply that meets the criteria of the Ministry of	of Health 'Drinking Water Standards for	New Zealand 2005 (revised 2008)' .				
Principal Building	Means a building, buildings or part of a building accommodat	ing the activity for which the site is prim	arily used.				
Private Way	Means any way or passage whatsoever over private land within persons or classes of persons, and which is not thrown open or way or passage as aforesaid which at the commencement of the	intended to be open to the use of the pul					
Projected Annual Aircraft Noise Contour (AANC)	Means the projected annual aircraft noise contours calculated as	s specified by the Aerodrome Purposes De	signation 2, Condition 13.				
	Definition – Projected Annual Aircraft Noise Contour (AANC)	Appellant Court Number	Consequentially Affected Provisions				
	Amend the definition of 'Projected Annual Aircraft Noise Contour (AANC)' so that the condition reference contained in the definition reflects and is consistent with the recently modified Aerodrome Purposes Designation (Designation 2).  Queenstown Airport Corporation Limited ENV-2018-CHC-093						

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>14</sup> Greyed out text indicates the provision is subject to variation and is therefore is not part of the Hearing Panel's recommendations. <sup>15</sup> from the Local Government Act 1974.

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Protected feature	Means the collective terms used to explain all buildings, features, and structures listed in the Inventory of protected features (26.9).
(for the purpose of Chapter 26 only)	
Public Area	Means any part(s) of a building open to the public, but excluding any service or access areas of the building.
Public Place	Means every public thoroughfare, park, reserve, lake, river to place to which the public has access with or without the payment of a fee, and which is under the control of the council, or other agencies. Excludes any trail as defined in this Plan.
Public Space (for the purposes of Chapter 32 only)	Means the parts of the district that are owned and managed by the Queenstown Lakes District Council, are accessible to the public within the Residential Arrowtown Historic Management Zone including roads, parks and reserves.
Radio Communication facility	Means any transmitting/receiving devices such as aerials, dishes, antennas, cables, lines, wires and associated equipment/apparatus, as well as support structures such as towers, masts and poles, and ancillary buildings.
Rear Site	Means a site which is situated generally to the rear of another site, both sites having access to the same road or private road, and includes sites which have no frontage to a road or private road of 6m or more.



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	Means a stand-alone or duplex residential unit which has been registered with the Council as a Registered Holiday Home. for the purpose of this definition:
	a. a stand-alone residential unit shall mean a residential unit contained wholly within a site and not connected to any other building;
	b. a duplex residential unit shall mean a residential unit which is attached to another residential unit by way of a common or party wall, provided the total number of residential units attached in the group of buildings does not exceed two residential units;
Registered Holiday Home	c. where the residential unit contains a residential flat, the registration as a Registered Holiday Home shall apply to either the letting of the residential unit or the residential flat but not to both.
	Advice Notes:
	a. a formal application must be made to the Council for a property to become a Registered Holiday Home.
	b. there is no requirement to obtain registration for the non-commercial use of a residential unit by other people (for example making a home available to family and/or friends at no charge) <sup>16</sup> .
	Means a Homestay used by up to 5 paying guests which has been registered with the Council as a Registered Homestay.
Registered Homestay	Advice Note:
	A formal application must be made to the Council for a property to become a Registered Homestay <sup>17</sup> .
Relocated/Relocatable Building	Means a building which is removed and re-erected on another site, but excludes any newly pre-fabricated building which is delivered dismantled to a site for erection on that site. This definition excludes removal and re-siting.
Relocation (for the purpose of Chapter 26 only)	Means the relocation of heritage features, both within, or beyond the site. The definition of Relocation (Buildings) in Chapter 2 (which means the removal of a building from any site to another site) shall not apply to chapter 26.
Relocation	Means the removal of any building from any site to another site.
(Building)	
Remotely Piloted Aircraft	Means an unmanned aircraft that is piloted from a remote station.
Removal	Means the shifting of a building off a site and excludes demolition of a building.
(Building)	
Renewable Electricity Generation (REG)	Means generation of electricity from solar, wind, hydro-electricity, geothermal and biomass energy sources.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>16, 17</sup> Greyed out text indicates the provision is subject to variation and is therefore is not part of the Hearing Panel's recommendations.

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Renewable Electricity Generation Activities	Means the construction, operation and maintenance of structures associated with renewable electricity generation. This includes small and community-scale distributed renewable generation activities and the system of electricity conveyance required to convey electricity to the distribution network and/or the national grid and electricity storage technologies associated with renewable electricity. Includes research and exploratory scale investigations into technologies, methods and sites, such as masts, drilling and water monitoring. This definition includes renewable electricity generation (REG), solar water heating, wind electricity generation, and mini and micro hydro electricity generation (as separately defined).
Renewable Energy	Means energy that comes from a resource that is naturally replenished, including solar, hydro, wind, and biomass energy.
Reserve	Means a reserve in terms of the Reserves Act 1977.
Residential Activity	Means the use of land and buildings by people for the purpose of permanent residential accommodation, including all associated accessory buildings, recreational activities and the keeping of domestic livestock. for the purposes of this definition, residential activity shall include Community Housing, emergency refuge accommodation and the non-commercial use of holiday homes. Excludes visitor accommodation 18.
	Means a residential activity that comprises a self-contained flat that is ancillary to a residential unit and meets all of the following criteria:
	a. the total floor area does not exceed;
	i. 150m² in the Rural Zone and the Rural Lifestyle Zone;
	ii. 70m² in any other zone;
	not including in either case the floor area of any garage or carport;
Residential flat	b. contains no more than one kitchen facility;
	c. is limited to one residential flat per residential unit; and
	d. is situated on the same site and held in the same ownership as the residential unit.
	Note:
	A proposal that fails to meet any of the above criteria will be considered as a residential unit.
Residential Unit	Means a residential activity which consists of a single self contained household unit, whether of one or more persons, and includes accessory buildings. Where more than one kitchen and/or laundry facility is provided on the site, other than a kitchen and/or laundry facility in a residential flat, there shall be deemed to be more than one residential unit.
Re-siting	Means shifting a building within a site.
(Building)	

Resort	Means an integrated and planned development involving low area) principally providing temporary visitor accommodation a	,	
	Definition – Resort (relief withdrawn)	Appellant Court Number	Consequentially Affected Provisions
	Delete the definition of 'Resort'	Waterfall Park Developments Limited ENV-2018-CHC-124	Definition of 'Urban- Development'
Restaurant	Means any land and/or buildings, or part of a building, in which premises, including such premises which a licence has been gr		·

<sup>18</sup> Greyed out text indicates the provision is subject to variation and is therefore is not part of the Hearing Panel's recommendations.

Retail Sales / Retail / Retailing	Means the direct sale or hire to the public from any site, and/or the display or offering for sale or hire to the public on any site of goods, merchandise or equipment, but excludes recreational activities.
Retirement Village	Means the residential units (either detached or attached) and associated facilities for the purpose of accommodating retired persons. This use includes as accessory to the principal use any services or amenities provided on the site such as shops, restaurants, medical facilities, swimming pools and recreational facilities and the like which are to be used exclusively by the retired persons using such accommodation.
Reverse Sensitivity	Means the potential for the operation of an existing lawfully established activity to be constrained or curtailed by the more recent establishment or intensification of other activities which are sensitive to the established activity.
Right of Way	Means an area of land over which there is registered a legal document giving rights to pass over that land to the owners and occupiers of other land.
River	Means a continually or intermittently flowing body of fresh water; and includes a stream and modified watercourse; but does not include any artificial watercourse (including an irrigation canal, water supply race, canal for the supply of water for electricity power generation, and farm drainage canal) <sup>19</sup> .
Road	Means a road as defined in section 315 of the Local Government Act 1974.
Road Boundary	Means any boundary of a site abutting a legal road (other than an accessway or service land) or contiguous to a boundary of a road designation. frontage or road frontage shall have the same meaning as road boundary.
Root Protection Zone (for the purposes of Chapter 32 only)	Means for a tree with a spreading canopy, the area beneath the canopy spread of a tree, measured at ground level from the surface of the trunk, with a radius to the outer most extent of the spread of the tree's branches, and for a columnar tree, means the area beneath the canopy extending to a radius half the height of the tree. As demonstrated by the diagrams below.  SPREADING CANOPY  COLUMNAR CANOPY  Paired granted agreed of a tree, measured at ground level from the surface of the trunk, with a radius to the outer most extent of the spread of the tree's branches, and for a columnar tree, means the area beneath the canopy extending to a radius half the height of the tree. As demonstrated by the diagrams below.

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Rural Industrial Activity	Means the use of land and buildings for the purpose of manufacturing, fabricating, processing, packing and/or storage of goods and materials grown or sourced within the Rural Zone and the storage of goods, materials and machinery associated with commercial contracting undertaken within the Rural Zone.
Sense of Place  (for the purpose of Chapter 12 only)	Means the unique collection of visual, cultural, social, and environmental qualities and characteristics that provide meaning to a location and make it distinctly different from another. Defining, maintaining, and enhancing the distinct characteristics and quirks that make a town centre unique fosters community pride and gives the town a competitive advantage over others as it provides a reason to visit and a positive and engaging experience. Elements of the Queenstown town centre that contribute to its sense of place are the core of low rise character buildings and narrow streets and laneways at its centre, the pedestrian links, the small block size of the street grid, and its location adjacent to the lake and surrounded by the ever-present mountainous landscape.
Service Activity	Means the use of land and buildings for the primary purpose of the transport, storage, maintenance or repair of goods.
Service Lane	Means any lane laid out or constructed either by the authority of the council or the Minister of Works and Development or, on or after 1 April 1988, the Minister of Lands for the purpose of providing the public with a side or rear access for vehicular traffic to any land <sup>20</sup> .
Service Station	<ul> <li>Means any site where the dominant activity is the retail sale of motor vehicle fuels, including petrol, LPG, CNG, and diesel, and may also include any one or more of the following:</li> <li>a. the sale of kerosene, alcohol based fuels, lubricating oils, tyres, batteries, vehicle spare parts and other accessories normally associated with motor vehicles;</li> <li>b. mechanical repair and servicing of motor vehicles, including motor cycles, caravans, boat motors, trailers, except in any Residential, Town Centre or Township Zone;</li> <li>c. inspection and/or certification of vehicles;</li> <li>d. the sale of other merchandise where this is an ancillary activity to the main use of the site.</li> <li>Excludes:</li> <li>i. panel beating, spray painting and heavy engineering such as engine reboring and crankshaft grinding, which are not included within mechanical repairs of motor vehicles and domestic garden equipment for the purposes of b. above.</li> </ul>
Setback	Means the distance between a building and the boundary of its site. Where any building is required to be set back from any site boundary, no part of that building shall be closer to the site boundary than the minimum distance specified. Where any road widening is required by this Plan, the setback shall be calculated from the proposed final site boundary. The setback distance shall only apply to buildings at ground, or above ground level.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>20</sup>. from section 315 of the Local Government Act 1974

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Setting (for the purpose of Chapter 26	Means the area around and/or adjacent to a heritage feature listed under the Inventory in Section 26.8 and defined under 26.8.1, which is integral to its function, meaning, and relationships, and which is contained in the same legal title as the heritage feature listed on the Inventory.								
only)	(Refer also to the definition of 'Extent of Place').								
Showroom Means any defined area of land or a building given over solely to the display of goods. No retailing is permitted unless otherwise sper provided for in the zone in which the land or building is located.									
	Means:								
	a. any external name, figure, character, outline, display, delineation, announcement, design, logo, mural or other artwork, poster, handbill, banner, captive balloon, flag, flashing sign, flatboard, free-standing sign, illuminated sign, moving signs, roof sign, sandwich board, streamer, hoarding or any other thing of a similar nature which is: i) intended to attract attention; and ii) visible from a road or any public place;								
Sign and Signage	b. all material and components comprising the sign, its frame, background, structure, any support and any means by which the sign is attached to any other thing:								
	c. any sign written vehicle/trailer or any advertising media attached to a vehicle/trailer.								
	Notes:								
	i. This does include corporate colourschemes.								
	ii. See definitions of SIGN AREA and SIGN TYPES <sup>21</sup> .								
Sign Area	The area of a sign means the surface area of a sign and the area of a sign includes all the area actually or normally enclosed, as the case may be, by the outside of a line drawn around the sign and enclosing the sign <sup>22</sup> .								

## Definitions A B C D E f G H I J K L M N O P Q R S T U V W X Y Z

	Above Ground floor Sign:
	means a sign attached to a building above the verandah or above 3 metres in height from the ground.
	Arcade Directory Sign:
	means an externally located sign which identifies commercial activities that are accessed internally within a building or arcade
	Banner:
	means any sign made of flexible material, suspended in the air and supported on more than one side by poles or cables.
	flag:
Sign Types	means any sign made of flexible material attached by one edge to a staff or halyard and includes a flagpole.
	flashing Sign:
	means an intermittently illuminated sign.
	flat Board Sign:
	means a portable flat board sign which is not self-supporting.
	free Standing Sign:
	means any sign which has a structural support or frame that is directly connected to the ground and which is independent of any other building or structure for its support; and includes a sign on a fence <sup>23</sup> .

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>23</sup> Greyed out text indicates the provision is subject to variation and is therefore is not part of the Hearing Panel's recommendations.

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Hoarding:

means any sign that is for purely commercial brand awareness purposes and which does not relate to land use activity conducted on the site.

Moving Sign:

means a sign other than a flag or a banner that is intended to move or change whether by reflection or otherwise.

Off-Site Sign:

means a sign which does not relate to goods or services available at the site where the sign is located and excludes a Hoarding.

Roof Sign:

means any sign painted on or attached to a roof and any sign projecting above the roof line of the building to which it is attached.

Sandwich Board:

means a self-supporting and portable sign.

Signage Platform:

means a physical area identified for the purpose of signage.

Temporary Event Sign:

means any sign established for the purpose of advertising or announcing a single forthcoming temporary event, function or occurrence including carnivals, fairs, galas, market days, meetings exhibitions, parades, rallies, filming, sporting and cultural events, concerts, shows, musical and theatrical festivals and entertainment; but does not include Electioneering Signs, Real Estate Signs, Construction Signs, a Land Development Sign, Off-Site Sign or Temporary Sale Sign.

Temporary Sale Sign:

means any sign established for the purpose of advertising or announcing the sale of products at special prices.

Under Verandah Sign:

means a sign attached to the underside of a verandah.

Upstairs Entrance Sign:

means a sign which identifies commercial activities that are located upstairs within a building.

Wall Sign:

means a sign attached to the wall of a building<sup>24</sup>.

Significant Trimming	Means the removal of more than 10% of the live foliage from the canopy of the tree or structural scaffold branches.
(for the purposes of Chapter 32 only)	

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>24</sup> Greyed out text indicates the provision is subject to variation and is therefore is not part of the Hearing Panel's recommendations.

Site

#### **Definitions**

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#### Means:

- an area of land which is:
  - comprised in a single lot or other legally defined parcel of land and held in a single Certificate of Title; or
  - comprised in a single lot or legally defined parcel of land for which a separate certificate of title could be issued without further consent of the Council.

Being in any case the smaller land area of i or ii, or

- an area of land which is comprised in two or more adjoining lots or other legally defined parcels of land, held together in one certificate of title in such a way that the lots/parcels cannot be dealt with separately without the prior consent of the Council; or
- an area of land which is comprised in two or more adjoining certificates of title where such titles are:
  - subject to a condition imposed under section 37 of the Building Act 2004 or section 643 of the Local Government Act 1974; or
  - held together in such a way that they cannot be dealt with separately without the prior consent of the Council; or
- in the case of land not subject to the Land Transfer Act 1952, the whole parcel of land last acquired under one instrument of conveyance:

#### Except:

- in the case of land subdivided under the cross lease of company lease systems, other than strata titles, site shall mean an area of land containing:
  - a building or buildings for residential or business purposes with any accessory buildings(s), plus any land exclusively restricted to the users of that/those building(s), plus an equal share of common property; or
  - a remaining share or shares in the fee simple creating a vacant part(s) of the whole for future cross lease or company lease purposes; and
- in the case of land subdivided under Unit Titles Act 1972 and 2010 (other than strata titles), site shall mean an area of land containing a principal unit or proposed unit on a unit plan together with its accessory units and an equal share of common property; and
- in the case of strata titles, site shall mean the underlying certificate of title of the entire land containing the strata titles, immediately prior to subdivision.

In addition to the above.

- A site includes the airspace above the land. a.
- If any site is crossed by a zone boundary under this Plan, the site is deemed to be divided into two or more sites by that zone boundary. b.
- Where a site is situated partly within the District and partly in an adjoining District, then the part situated in the District shall be deemed to be one site25.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>25</sup> Greyed out text indicates the provision is subject to variation and is therefore is not part of the Hearing Panel's recommendations.

#### D

Ski Area Activities

#### **Definitions**

A B C D E f G H I J K L M N O P Q R S T U V W X Y Z

#### Means the use of natural and physical resources for the purpose of establishing, operating and maintaining the following activities and structures:

- a. recreational activities either commercial or non-commercial;
- b. passenger lift systems;
- c. use of snow groomers, snowmobiles and 4WD vehicles for support or operational activities;
- d. activities ancillary to commercial recreational activities including avalanche safety, ski patrol, formation of snow trails and terrain;
- e. installation and operation of snow making infrastructure including reservoirs, pumps and snow makers; and
- f. in the Waiorau Snow farm Ski Area Sub-Zone vehicle and product testing activities, being activities designed to test the safety, efficiency and durability of vehicles, their parts and accessories.

Defin	ition – Ski Area Activities and relief sought	Appellant Court Number	Consequentially Affected Provisions
	me and amend the Ski Area Activities definition: rea Activities Alpine Resort Activities	Cardrona Alpine Resort Limited ENV-2018-CHC-117	Section 21.1
the	ans the use of natural and physical resources for purpose of establishing, operating and ntaining the following activities and structures:		
a.	recreational activities either commercial or non-commercial;		
b.	passenger lift systems;		
C.	use of snow groomers, snowmobiles and 4WD off- road vehicles for support or operational activities;		
d.	activities ancillary to commercial recreational activities including avalanche safety, ski patrol, formation of snow trails and terrain including earthworks and vegetation clearance;		
e.	installation and operation of snow making infrastructure including reservoirs, pumps and snow makers; and		

	f. in the Waiorau Snow farm Ski Area Sub-Zone vehicle and product testing activities, being activities designed to test the safety, efficiency and durability of vehicles, their parts and accessories.
Ski Area Sub-Zone Accommodation	<ul> <li>Means the use of land or buildings for short-term living accommodation for visitor, guest, worker, and</li> <li>a. includes such accommodation as hotels, motels, guest houses, bunkhouses, lodges and the commercial letting of a residential unit; and</li> <li>b. may include some centralised services or facilities such as food preparation, dining and sanitary facilities, conference, bar and recreational facilities if such facilities are ancillary to the accommodation facilities; and</li> <li>c. is limited to visitors, guests or workers, visiting and or working in the respective Ski Area Sub-Zone.</li> </ul>
Sloping Site	Means a site where the ground slope is greater than 6 degrees (i.e. greater than 1 in 9.5). Ground slope in relation to building height shall be determined by measurement over the extremities of each building elevation. Where any elevation indicates a ground slope of greater than 6 degrees (i.e. greater than 1 in 9.5), rules applicable to sloping sites will apply.
Small and Community- Scale Distributed Electricity Generation	Means renewable electricity generation for the purpose of using electricity on a particular site, or supplying an immediate community, or connecting into the distribution network.
Small Cells Unit	Means a device:  a. that receives or transmits radiocommunication or telecommunication signals; and  b. the volume of which (including any ancillary equipment, but not including any cabling) is not more than 0.11m³.
Solar Electricity Generation	Means the conversion of the sun's energy directly into electrical energy. The most common device used to generate electricity from the sun is photovoltaics (PV). This may include free standing arrays, solar arrays attached to buildings or building integrated panels.
Solar Water Heating	Means devices that heat water by capturing the sun's energy as heat and transferring it directly to the water or indirectly using an intermediate heat transfer fluid. Solar water heaters may include a solar thermal collector, a water storage tank or cylinder, pipes, and a transfer system to move the heat from the collector to the tank.

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Stand-Alone Power Systems (SAPS)	Means off-grid generation for activities including residential, visitor and farming activities, on remote sites that do not have connection to the local distribution network. SAP's will usually include battery storage, a backup generator, an inverter and controllers etc, as well as generation technologies such as solar, mini or micro hydro, wind electricity generation or a combination thereof.
Structure	Means any building, equipment device or other facility made by people and which is fixed to land and includes any raft.
Structure Plan	Means a plan included in the district plan, and includes spatial development plans, concept development plans and other similarly titled documents.
Subdivision	<ul> <li>Means: <ul> <li>a. the division of an allotment:</li> <li>i. by an application to the Registrar-General of Land for the issue of a separate certificate of title for any part of the allotment; or</li> <li>ii. by the disposition by way of sale or offer for sale of the fee simple to part of the allotment; or</li> <li>iii. by a lease of part of the allotment which, including renewals, is or could be for a term of more than 35 years; or</li> <li>iv. by the grant of a company lease or cross lease in respect of any part of the allotment; or</li> <li>v. by the deposit of a unit plan, or an application to the Registrar-General of Land for the issue of a separate certificate of title for any part of a unit on a unit plan; or</li> </ul> </li> <li>b. an application to the Registrar-General of Land for the issue of a separate certificate of title in circumstances where the issue of that certificate of title is prohibited by section 226<sup>26</sup>.</li> </ul>
Subdivision and Development	Includes subdivision, identification of building platforms, any buildings and associated activities such as roading, earthworks, lighting, landscaping, planting and boundary fencing and access/gateway structures.
Tavern	Means any premises used or intended to be used in the course of business principally for the provision to the public of liquor and other refreshments but does not include an airport bar.
Technical Arborist (for the purposes of Chapter 32 only)	<ul> <li>Means a person who:</li> <li>a. by possession of a recognised arboricultural degree or diploma and on-the-job experience is familiar with the tasks, equipment and hazards involved in arboricultural operations; and</li> <li>b. has demonstrated proficiency in tree inspection and evaluating and treating hazardous trees; and</li> <li>c. has demonstrated competency to Level 6 NZQA Diploma in Arboriculture standard or Level 4 NZQA Certificate in Horticulture (Arboriculture) standard (or be of an equivalent arboricultural standard).</li> </ul>

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>26</sup> from section 218 of the Act

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	Means the use of land, buildings, vehicles and structures for the following listed activities of short duration, limited frequency and outside the regular day-to-day use of a site:
	a. temporary events;
	b. temporary filming;
Temporary Activities	c. temporary activities related to building and construction;
	d. temporary military training;
	e. temporary storage;
	f. temporary utilities;
	g. temporary use of a site as an informal airport as part of a temporary event.

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	Means the use of land, buildings, tents and marquees, vehicles and structures for the following activities:
	a. carnivals;
	b. fairs;
	c. festivals;
	d. fundraisers;
	e. galas;
	f. market days;
	g. meetings;
	h. exhibitions;
	i. parades;
Temporary Events	j. rallies;
	k. cultural and sporting events;
	I. concerts;
	m. shows;
	n. weddings;
	o. funerals;
	p. musical and theatrical entertainment, and
	q. uses similar in character.
	Note: The following activities associated with Temporary Events are not regulated by the PDP:
	a. food and Beverage;
	b. Sale of Alcohol.
Temporary filming Activity	Means the temporary use of land and buildings for the purpose of commercial video and film production and includes the setting up and dismantling of film sets, and associated facilities for staff.
Temporary Military Training Activity (TMTA	Means a temporary military activity undertaken for defence purposes. Defence purposes are those in accordance with the Defence Act 1990.

Total Demolition	Means the demolition of the heritage fabric of a heritage feature equal to or exceeding 70% by volume or area whichever is greater. Volume is
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	Means a business that is a mixture of wholesaling and retailing goods in one or more of the following categories:
	a. automotive and marine suppliers;
	b. building suppliers;
	c. catering equipment suppliers;
Trade Supplier	d. farming and agricultural suppliers;
	e. garden and patio suppliers
	f. hire services (except hire or loan of books, video, DVD and other similar home entertainment items);
	g. industrial clothing and safety equipment suppliers; and
	h. office furniture, equipment and systems suppliers.
Trade Wastes	Means any water that is used in a commercial or industrial process, and is then discharged to the Council's waste water system.
	Means any public access route legally created by way of a grant of easement registered after 11 December 2007 for the purpose of providing public access in favour of the Queenstown Lakes District Council, the Crown or any of its entities, and specifically excludes:
Trail	a. roads, including road reserves;
	b. public access easements created by the process of tenure review under the Crown Pastoral Land Act; and
	c. public access routes over any reserve administered by Queenstown Lakes District Council, the Crown or any of its entities.
Under Verandah Sign	Means a sign attached to the under side of a verandah <sup>27</sup> .
Unit	Means any residential unit, or visitor accommodation unit of any type.

Urban Development	Means development which is not of a rural character and is diffe the dominance of built structures. Urban development may also wastewater and stormwater and by its cumulative generation of area does not constitute urban development.	be characterised by a reliance on reticulat	ted services such as water supply,
	<b>Definition – Urban Development</b> (relief withdrawn)	Appellant Court Number	Consequentially Affected Provisions
	Amend the definition of 'Urban Development' as follows:  Means development which is not of a rural character and is differentiated from rural development by its scale, intensity, visual character and—the dominance of built structures. Urban development may also be characterised by a reliance on reticulated services such as water supply, wastewater—and—stormwater—and—by—its—cumulative generation of traffic. For the avoidance of doubt, a resort development—in—an—otherwise—rural—area—does—not constitute urban development.	Waterfall Park Developments Limited ENV 2018 CHC 124	Strategic Objective 3.2.2.1, Strategic Policies 3.3.14 and 3.3.15, Policy 4.2.1.3, Objective 4.2.2A, Policies 4.2.2.13, 4.2.2.14, 4.2.2.21, 4.2.2.22 and 4.2.2.23
Urban Growth Boundary	Means a boundary shown on the planning maps which provide		

<sup>27</sup> Greyed out text indicates the provision is subject to variation and is therefore is not part of the Hearing Panel's recommendations.

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	Means the systems, services, structures and networks necessary for operating and supplying essential utilities and services to the community including:
	a. substations, transformers, lines and necessary and incidental structures and equipment for the transmissions and distribution of electricity;
	b. pipes and necessary incidental structures and equipment for transmitting and distributing gas;
	c. storage facilities, pipes and necessary incidental structures and equipment for the supply and drainage of water or sewage;
	d. water and irrigation races, drains, channels, pipes and necessary incidental structures and equipment (excluding water tanks);
	e. structures, facilities, plant and equipment for the treatment of water;
Utility	f. structures, facilities, plant, equipment and associated works for receiving and transmitting telecommunications and radio communications;
	g. structures, facilities, plant, equipment and associated works for monitoring and observation of meteorological activities and natural hazards;
	h. structures, facilities, plant, equipment and associated works for the protection of the community from natural hazards;
	i. structures, facilities, plant and equipment necessary for navigation by water orair;
	j. waste management facilities;
	k. flood protection works; and
	I. anything described as a network utility operation in s166 of the Resource Management act 1991.
	Utility does not include structures or facilities used for electricity generation, the manufacture and storage of gas, or the treatment of sewage.
Vehicle Crossing	Means the formed and constructed vehicle entry/exit from the carriageway of any road up to and including that portion of the road boundary of any site across which vehicle entry or exit is obtained to and from the site, and includes any culvert, bridge or kerbing.
Verandah	Means a roof of any kind which extends out from a face of a building and continues along the whole of that face of the building.

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	Means the use of land or buildings for short-term, fee paying, living accommodation where the length of stay for any visitor/guest is less than 3 months; and
	i. Includes such accommodation as camping grounds, motor parks, hotels, motels, boarding houses, guest houses, backpackers' accommodation, bunkhouses, tourist houses, lodges, homestays, and the commercial letting of a residential unit; and
	ii. May include some centralised services or facilities, such as food preparation, dining and sanitary facilities, conference, bar and recreational facilities if such facilities are associated with the visitor accommodation activity.
	for the purpose of this definition:
	a. The commercial letting of a residential unit in (i) excludes:
Visitor Accommodation	A single annual let for one or two nights.
	<ul> <li>Homestay accommodation for up to 5 guests in a Registered Homestay.</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Accommodation for one household of visitors (meaning a group which functions as one household) for a minimum stay of 3 consecutive nights up to a maximum (i.e: single let or cumulative multiple lets) of 90 nights per calendar year as a Registered Holiday Home.</li> </ul>
	(Refer to respective definitions).
	b. "Commercial letting" means fee paying letting and includes the advertising for that purpose of any land or buildings.
	c. Where the provisions above are otherwise altered by Zone Rules, the Zone Rules shall apply <sup>28</sup> .
Wall Sign	Means a sign attached to a wall within the ground floor area <sup>29</sup> .
Waste	Means any contaminant, whether liquid solid, gaseous, or radioactive, which is discharged, emitted or deposited in the environment in such volume, constituency or manner as to cause an adverse effect on the environment, and which includes all unwanted and economically unusable by-products at any given place and time, and any other matters which may be discharged accidentally or otherwise, to the environment. Excludes cleanfill.
	Means a site used for the deposit of solid wastes onto or into land, but excludes:
Wasta Managament facility	a. sites situated on production land in which the disposal of waste generated from that land takes place, not including any dead animal material or wastes generated from any industrial trade or process on that productive land;
Waste Management facility	b. sites used for the disposal of vegetative material. The material may include soil that is attached to plant roots and shall be free of hazardous substances and wastes; and
	c. sites for the disposal of clean fill.

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Waterbody	Means fresh water or geothermal water in a river, lake, stream, pond, wetland, or aquifer, or any part thereof, that is not located within the coastal marine area <sup>30</sup> .
Wetland	Includes permanently or intermittently wet areas, shallow water, and land water margins that support a natural ecosystem of plants and animals that are adapted to wet conditions <sup>31</sup> .
Wholesaling (Airport Zones)	Means a business engaged in the storage and distribution of goods to businesses (including retail activities) and institutional customers.
Wind Electricity Generation	Means the conversion of the energy from wind into electricity, through the use of the rotational motion. A wind turbine may be attached to a building or freestanding. Wind turbine components may include blades, nacelle, tower and foundation. This definition shall include masts for wind monitoring.
Works Within the Root Protection Zone	Means works including paving, excavation, trenching, ground level changes, storage of materials or chemicals, vehicle traffic, vehicle parking, soil compaction, construction activity, whether on the same site or not as the tree.
(for the Purpose of Chapter 32 only)	
2037 Noise Contours	Means the predicted airport noise contours for Queenstown airport for the year 2037 in 1dB increments from 70dB Ldn to 55dB Ldn inclusive.  Note: These contours shall be available from the council and included in the airport noise management plan.
2037 60 dB Noise Contours	Means the predicted 60 dB L <sub>dn</sub> noise contour for Queenstown airport for 2037 based on the 2037 noise contours.

#### 2.2 Acronyms Used in this Plan

Listed below are acronyms used within the plan. They do not include the acronyms of names of activity areas identified within structure plans adopted under the PDP.

AANC	Projected annual aircraft noise contour
AMI	Area median income
ANB	Air noise boundary
ASAN	Activity sensitive to aircraft noise
С	Controlled
СРІ	Consumer price index
CPTED	Crime prevention through environmental design
dB	Decibels
D	Discretionary
GfA	Gross floor area
GHOA	Glenorchy Heritage Overlay Area
HD	Hanley Downs
LAR	Limited access roads
LENZ	Land Environments New Zealand
МНОА	Macetown Heritage Overlay Area
NC	Non-complying
NES	National Environmental Standard
NESETA	Resource Management (National Environmental Standard for Electricity Transmission Activities) Regulations 2009
NOR	Notice of requirement
NZTA	New Zealand Transport Agency
ОСВ	Outer control boundary
ONf	Outstanding natural feature
ONL	Outstanding natural landscape
Р	Permitted
PR	Prohibited
PV	Photovoltaics

RCL	Rural character landscape
RD	Restricted discretionary
REG	Renewable electricity generation
RMA	Resource Management Act 1991
SAPS	Stand-alone power systems
SEL	Sound exposure level
SHOA	Skippers Heritage Overlay Area
SMLHOA	Sefferton and Moke Lake Heritage Overlay Area
SNA	Significant natural areas
UGB	Urban growth boundary