THE RIGHT HAND RULE APPLIES ON ALL RIVERS

FIVE KNOT SPEED LIMIT AREAS

Hawea River: The 5 knot limit applies from the Hawea Dam to the Clutha River.

Lake Hawea: Keep clear of the dam intake, this is marked by buoys.

IF IN DOUBT – ASK CARE IS NEEDED AT ALL TIMES

WATERWAY PESTS

Lagarosiphon: Is an aquatic weed found in a number of Central Otago lakes and rivers, particularly lakes Wanaka and Dunstan and Clutha and Kawarau Rivers.

Didymo: Is a microscopic algae currently present in the Von, Hawea and Clutha rivers, as well as Lake Dunstan.

Please contact the Guardians of Lake Wanaka or Hawea (03 443 7660) or DOC (03 443 9742) if you find anything unusual in the water.

DON'T MOVE ITEMS BETWEEN WATERWAYS

CHECK

Check for weed fragments or debris on equipment and trailers.

CLEAN

All items should be washed and soaked in dishwashing detergent for at least one minute.

DRY

Ensure all items are dry to the touch before entering another waterway.

FISHING

- > Licence required.
- > Lakes Wanaka and Hawea are open for fishing all year. For further information please contact Fish and Game - fishandgame.org.nz

FIVE KNOT SPEED LIMIT AREAS

Clutha River

AREA 1 From Lake Wanaka outlet for 600 metres downstream, which is marked by yellow poles on the shore and a yellow buoy. The speed limit

is 5 knots.

AREA 2 The section of river from the yellow poles and a yellow buoy downstream to the council's boundary which is approximately 3 kilometres past the Luggate Red Bridge. The speed limit is 5 knots except between the hours of 10am and 4pm and during daylight saving 10am and 6pm, the 5 knot speed limit is uplifted.

AREA 3 The river channel on the true right of the river adjacent to Albert Town the speed limit is 5 knots. This area is marked by yellow marker buoys upstream and downstream of the island.

BOATING SAFETY TIPS

- >> Check the boat, engine and equipment before leaving.
- >> Check the weather forecast before leaving.
- >> Tell someone where you're going, and when you'll return.
- >> Know the collision prevention rule, water recreation rule and local bylaws.
- >> Never overload the boat.
- >> Take a proper lifejacket for each person on board and wear them!
- Any person 10 years and under must wear an appropriate sized and fastened lifejacket at all times.
- >> It is compulsory to wear a life jacket at all times in any boat 6 metres and under and in adverse conditions.
- >> Have aboard an anchor, bailer, spare fuel, torch and warm gear.
- >> Avoid alcohol when boating.
- >> Take two means of communication VHF, Flares, EPIRB and put cellphones in a plastic bag.

QLDC BOATING GUIDE

LAKES WANAKA & HAWEA





LAKES WANAKA & HAWEA

Covering 180 km², Lake Wanaka is New Zealand's fourth largest lake. It is 45.5 km long and up to 300 m deep. Water temperatures range from 8.9°C to 10°C on average. Lake Hawea has an area of 149 km² and is 35 km long. Although narrow, this lake plummets to a depth of 389 m.



Waterfall Creek Eely Point Roys Bay Glendhu Bay

BOAT RAMPS



Glendhu Bay Lake Hawea Roys Bay Waterfall Creek Wharf Creek

ROCKS



TREES IN WATER



SHALLOWS



TOILETS



5 KNOTS IN HARBOUR AREA



5 KNOTS IN SWIMMING AREAS



5 KNOTS TIME RESTRICTED (SEE OVER FOR TIMES)

THREE BEWARES

- 1. Lake Hawea requires extra care being a hydro storage lake with an 8m operating range (346.0 - 338.0 masl). Objects/dangerous obstacles can be exposed, or lay just underwater, at any given lake level.
- 2. The lakes can become very rough, very quickly.
- 3. The lakes are subject to rapidly changing wind conditions.

Downstream Craft

Up & Down Stream

Keep Right:



WATERFALL CREEK LITTLE HOPWOOD BURN SNAG BAY)))) FAST BURN BAY BURN TERRACE CREEK CAMP CREEK TERRACE CREEK SOUTH BRANCH SENTINEL PEAK ROUGH BURN DINGLE BURN DELTA SAWYER BURN DINGLE BURN THE NECK CREEK MINARET BAY KIDDS BUSH CAMPING AREA 0 DINGLE BURN STATION THE NECK BUSHY POINT ESTUARY BURN SILVER ISLAND YACHTS DANGER POWERLINES ISTHMUS PEAK BELLS CREEK ROCKY POINT BURDONS PENINSULA ŤŤ DINNER CREEK TWIN PEAKS TIMARU RIVER MINARET BURN CRAIG BURN



COMMUNICATIONS **INFO IN EMERGENCY DIAL 111**

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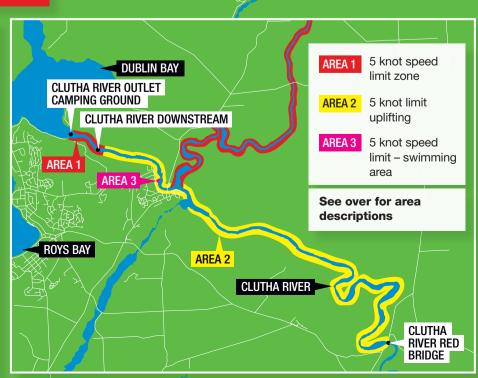
BOUNDARY CREEK 🛉🛊

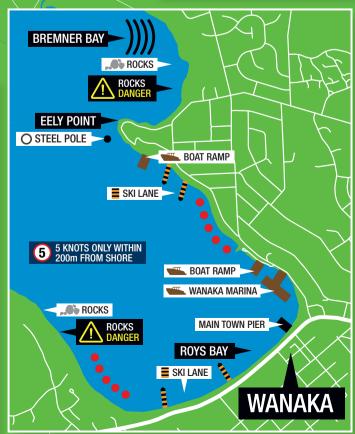
MT. JONES

RADIO CHANNELS 66, 67 & 16 (NOT MONITORED)

Channel 16 is not a monitored channel in this area. Channel 66 coverage is limited to the southern end of Lake Hawea. Cell phone coverage exists in the main body of Lake Hawea. Channel 66 monitoring is undertaken by Lakeland Adventures and Wanaka Marine. Channel 67 (simplex line-of-sight) is used by Lake Hawea locals. Any enquiries regarding Channel 66, contact the Upper Clutha Radio Telephone Association.







RULES OF THE WATER

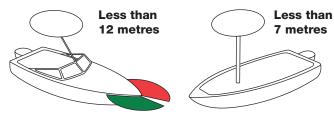
90% of fatal accidents involve the Skipper not having enough boating knowledge and experience.

All boats must travel at a safe speed, taking into account the amount of boat traffic in the area, weather conditions and when visibility is affected by glare.

- >> Specifically, you must not exceed a speed of 5 KNOTS (a fast walking speed) if you are:
 - Within 200 metres of the shore.
 - Within 200 metres of a boat displaying a diver's flag.
 - Within 50 metres of any other boat.
 - Within 50 metres of a person swimming.
 - On a power boat if any person has any part of their body outside the rails on the edge of the deck.
- >> You must be 15 years and over to operate any power boat which is capable of speed exceeding 10 knots. This includes dinghies and personal water craft.
- >> All craft shall have an effective silencing device.
- >> Proper navigation lights to be displayed throughout the hours of darkness.
- >> Lifejackets must be carried to fit all persons on board.
- >> It is compulsory to wear a life jacket at all times in any boat 6 metres and under and in adverse conditions.

NAVIGATION LIGHTS

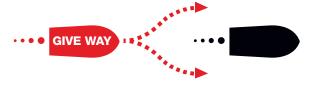
These are the navigation lights required on most powerdriven vessels operating on lakes by night (sunset to sunrise). Refer to regulations for other vessels and the distances from which each light must be visible. Masthead lights on powerdriven vessels of less than 12 metres shall be a minimum height of 0.91 metres above the side lights.



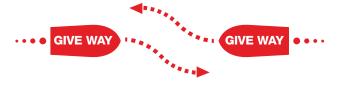
Craft less than 12 metres can show an all-around masthead light and side lights. Craft less than 7 metres and not capable of speeds over 7 knots need only display an all-around white light.

GIVE WAY RULES

Vessels overtaking: **EVERY** overtaking boat gives way (this includes sailing boats).



Power vessels head on: Both alter to starboard.



Power vessels crossing: Power boats give way to others on their starboard (right) side.



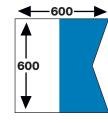
- >> Give way boats should cross behind.
- >> Always make a bold alteration as soon as possible.
- >> Keep 50 metres apart if speed is over 5 knots.
- >> Sailing boats have different rules.

DIVING

- >> The diver's flag means a diver is in the water.
- >> Maintain at least 200 metres' distance from the flag.

REMEMBER TO DIVE SAFE.

- >> Always dive with a buddy.
- >> Get professional instruction.
- >> Maintain your equipment.
- >> Take a refresher course.



TAKE YOUR RUBBISH HOME POLLUTION HOTLINE 0800 800 033

WATER SKIERS

Ski Access Lane Markings

Access lanes enable powered craft (including jetskis) and waterskiers to legally leave or approach the shore at speeds in excess of 5 knots.

YOU MUST KEEP RIGHT IN THE LANES.

You must:

- >> Enter and leave at right angles to the shore.
- >> Have an observer (over 10 years) to report any mishap to the driver.
- >> Not proceed in any manner dangerous to other persons or vessels in the lane.
- >> Not beach your boat in the lane.
- >> Not use the lane for any other purposes.
- >> Only drive in an anti-clockwise direction when using the lane (see illustration below).

Ski Access Lane Rules

