

### **Definitions**

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ACCESS	Means that area of land over which a site or lot obtains legal vehicular and/or pedestrian access to a legal road. This land may include an access leg, a private way, common land as defined on a cross-lease or company-lease, or common property as defined in section 2 of the Unit Titles Act 1972.
ACCESS LEG	In relation to a rear lot or rear site, means the strip of land, which is included in the ownership of that lot or site, and which provides the legal, physical access from the frontage legal road to the net area of the lot or site.
ACCESS LOT	Means a lot which provides the legal access or part of the legal access to one or more lots, and which is held in the same ownership or by tenancy-in-common in the same ownership as the lot(s) to which it provides legal access.
ACCESSORY BUILDING	In relation to any site means any detached building the use of which is incidental to the principal building, use or activity on that site, and for residential activities includes a sleep out, garage or carport, garden shed, glasshouse, swimming pool, mast, shed used solely as a storage area, or other similar structure, provided that any garage or carport which is attached to or a part of any building shall be deemed to be an accessory building.
ACCESSWAY	Means pedestrian access as defined in section 315 of the Local Government Act 1974.
ACT	Means the Resource Management Act 1991.
ACTIVITY SENSITIVE TO AIRCRAFT NOISE (ASAN)	Means any Residential Activity, Visitor Accommodation, Community Activity and Day Care Facility including all outdoor spaces associated with any educational facility but excludes police stations, fire stations, courthouses, probation and detention centres, government and local government offices.
ACTIVITY SENSITIVE TO AIRCRAFT NOISE (ASAN) WANAKA	Means any residential activity, visitor accommodation activity, community activity and day care facility activity, but excludes activity in police stations, fire stations, courthouses, probation and detention centres, government and local government offices.
ADJOINING	Land shall be deemed to be adjoining other land, notwithstanding that it is separated from the other land only by a road, railway, drain, water race, river or stream.
AIRCRAFT	Means any machine that can derive support in the atmosphere from the reactions of the air otherwise than by reactions of the air against the surface of the earth.
AIR NOISE BOUNDARY	Means a boundary, the location of which is based on predicted day/night sound levels of Ldn 65 dBA from future airport operations. The location of the boundary is shown in Figure 31a.
AIRPORT AERODROME	Means any defined area of land or water intended or designed to be used whether wholly or partly for the landing, departure, movement

	ar condition of directly	
AIDDODT	or servicing of aircraft.	
AIRPORT OPERATOR	Means the person or body that has the necessary statutory authority for the establishment, maintenance, operation or management of the airport.	
ALL WEATHER STANDARD	Means a pavement which has been excavated to a sound subgrade, backfilled and compacted to properly designed drainage gradients with screened and graded aggregate and is usable by motor vehicles under all weather conditions, and includes metalled and sealed surfaces.	
AMENITY OR AMENITY VALUES	Has the same meaning as defined in section 2 of the Act for amenity values.	
AMENITY TREE PLANTING	Means the planting of trees in the immediate vicinity of buildings.	
AMENITY VEGETATION	Means vegetation, including trees, in the immediate vicinity of buildings.	
ANCILLARY RETAIL OR ANCILLARY COMMERCIAL ACTIVITY	Means any retail or commercial use located within the Lakeview sub-zone that is on the same site as an activity provided for by rule 10.6.3.2A.i, a convention centre, visitor accommodation or commercial recreational and/or commercial tourist activity or in a building housing an activity provided for by rule 10.6.3.2A.i, and the retail or commercial use is incidental to that activity. The Ancillary Retail or Ancillary Commercial activities must be consented at the same time as the convention centre, visitor accommodation or commercial recreational and/or commercial tourist activity provided for by rule 10.6.3.2A.i.  Examples include a restaurant or souvenir shop in association with a	
	hotel or retail activity associated with a commercial recreation and or tourist activity.	
ANTENNA	Means telecommunications apparatus, being metal rod, wire or other structure, by which signals are transmitted or received, including any bracket or attachment but not any support mast or similar structure.	
ARCHAEOLOGICAL SITE	Means an archaeological site as defined in section 6 of the Heritage New Zealand Pouhere Taonga Act 2014.	
AREA MEDIAN INCOME (AMI)	Means the median household income for the Queenstown Lakes District as published by Statistics New Zealand following each census, and adjusted annually by the Consumer Price Index (CPI).	
AUTOMOTIVE AND MARINE SUPPLIER (Three Parks and Industrial B Zones)	Means a business primarily engaged in selling automotive vehicles, marine craft, accessories to and parts for such vehicles and craft, and without limiting the generality of this term, includes suppliers of:  boats and boating accessories;  cars and motor cycles;  auto parts and accessories;  trailers and caravans; and	
	tyres and batteries.	



BACK LANE SITE (Three Parks Zone)	Means a site that gains vehicular access via a private back lane, as opposed to directly off the street, where the back lane is between 5m and 6m in width,		retaining wall or v - Structures less th height above grou
BACKPACKER HOSTEL	Means visitor accommodation where rooms and other facilities are shared by more than one person and beds are let as distinct from guest rooms.		<ul> <li>Radio and televing satellited diameter), less the</li> </ul>
BALCONY	Means a floor at other than ground level having at least one side completely open except for a balustrade of a maximum height of 1.2m above balcony floor level. The balcony may be roofed and shall have direct access to the residential unit it serves.		<ul> <li>Masts and poles</li> <li>The upgrading a provided that the extension works</li> </ul>
BAR	In relation to any hotel or tavern, means any part of the hotel or tavern which is used principally for the sale, supply or consumption of liquor on the premises. Bar area shall exclude areas used for storage, toilets or like facilities and space.	BUILDING	Irrigation Race. Building includes the placement on a site of Includes any vertical of the state
BED	Means Bed as defined in section 2 of the Resource Management Act 1991.	(Remarkables Park Zone)	is separately identifial architectural design or
BLOCK PLANS (Three Parks Zone)	A comprehensive plan covering at least one street block which shows how all the land will be developed and which includes fixed lot boundaries and building platforms, building typologies including elevations, the outdoor living spaces, and the location, design, and dimensions of carparking, driveways, and accessways	BUILDING COVERAGE	Means that portion or buildings or parts of buildings, experts of buildings, experience of build
BOAT	Means any vessel, appliance or equipment used or designed to be used for flotation and navigation on or through the surface of water, other than a wetsuit or life-jacket, and includes any aircraft whilst such aircraft is on the surface of the water. Craft or boating craft shall have the same meaning. Boating activities shall mean activities involving the use of boats on the surface of water.		<ul> <li>Pergolas</li> <li>That part of eave windows project exterior wall.</li> <li>Uncovered terrae</li> </ul>
BOUNDARY	Means any boundary of the net area of a site and includes any road boundary or internal boundary. Site boundary shall have the same meaning as boundary.		above ground lev - Uncovered swim-
INTERNAL BOUNDARY	Means any boundary of the net area of a site other than a road boundary.	BUILDING LINE	<ul> <li>Fences, walls and</li> <li>Driveways and or</li> <li>Means a restriction im</li> </ul>
ROAD BOUNDARY	Means any boundary of a site abutting a legal road (other than an accessway or service land) or contiguous to a boundary of a road designation. Frontage or road frontage shall have the same	RESTRICTION	are erected or existing rebuilt, no part of ar between the building li
BOUNDARY FENCING	meaning as road boundary.  In the Mount Cardrona Station Special Zone means any fence that is located on or near the site boundary, and which demarcates the boundary of the private allotment from surrounding sites and public spaces.	SUPPLIER (Three Parks and Industrial B Zones)	consumption or use in decoration or outfitting of this term, includes:  • glaziers;
BUILDING	Shall have the same meaning as in the Building Act 1991, but does not include:  - Fences or walls of 2m in height or less above ground level or retaining walls or 2m in height or less below ground level, not used for a sign or for any purpose other than as a fence,		<ul> <li>locksmiths; and</li> <li>suppliers of: <ul> <li>awnings and</li> <li>bathroom, to</li> <li>electrical ma</li> </ul> </li> </ul>

	retaining wall or wall.	
	- Structures less than 5m <sup>2</sup> in area and in addition less than 2m in	
	height above ground level Radio and television aerials (excluding dish antennae for	
	- Radio and television aerials (excluding dish antennae for	
	receiving satellite television which are greater than 1.2m in	
	diameter), less than 2m in height above ground level.	
	- Masts and poles less than 2m in height above ground level.	
	- The upgrading and extension to the Arrow Irrigation Race	
	provided that this exception only applies to upgrading and	
	extension works that involve underground piping of the Arrow	
	Irrigation Race.	
	Building includes the construction, erection, alteration, relocation or	
DIIII DINIO	placement on a site of a building.	
BUILDING	Includes any vertical element of a building (excluding fences) which	
(Remarkables	is separately identifiable by either height or bulk or form or external	
Park Zone)	architectural design or roof form ("Discrete Building Component").	
BUILDING	Means that portion of the net area of a site which is covered by	
COVERAGE	buildings or parts of buildings, including overhanging or cantilevered	
	parts of buildings, expressed as a percentage or area. Building	
	Coverage shall only apply to buildings at ground, or above ground	
	<u>level.</u> The following shall not be included in Building Coverage:	
	- Pergolas	
	- That part of eaves and/or spouting, fire aprons or bay or box	
	windows projecting 600mm or less horizontally from any	
	exterior wall.	
	- Uncovered terraces or decks which are not more than 1m	
	above ground level.	
	- Uncovered swimming pools no higher than 1m above ground	
	level.	
	- Fences, walls and retaining walls.	
	<ul> <li>Driveways and outdoor paved surfaces.</li> </ul>	
BUILDING LINE	Means a restriction imposed on a site to ensure when new buildings	
RESTRICTION	are erected or existing buildings re-erected, altered or substantially	
	rebuilt, no part of any such building shall stand within the area	
	between the building line and the adjacent site boundary.	
BUILDING	Means a business primarily engaged in selling goods for	
SUPPLIER (Three	consumption or use in the construction, modification, cladding, fixed	
Parks and	decoration or outfitting of buildings and without limiting the generality	
Industrial B	of this term, includes:	
Zones)	• glaziers;	
	locksmiths; and	
	suppliers of:      suppliers and window coverings.	
	awnings and window coverings;  hotherem toilet and govern installations.	
	bathroom, toilet and sauna installations;      leathright materials and plumbing augustics.	
	<ul> <li>electrical materials and plumbing supplies;</li> </ul>	



	<ul> <li>heating, cooling and ventilation installations;</li> <li>kitchen and laundry installations, excluding standalone</li> </ul>	
	appliances;	
	<ul><li>paint, varnish and wall coverings;</li><li>permanent floor coverings;</li></ul>	
	<ul> <li>safes and security installations; and</li> <li>timber and building materials.</li> </ul>	
BULK	Means Earthworks with a total volume greater than 50,000m <sup>3</sup>	
EARTHWORKS	mound Euramonia man a total volume groater than 60,000m	
BUS SHELTERS	In the Mount Cardrona Station Special Zone means buildings	
DOS STILLTERS	providing shelter for passengers using bus services.	
CAMPING	Means camping ground as defined in the Camping Ground	
GROUND	Regulations 1985.	
CARRIAGEWAY	Means the portion of a road devoted particularly to the use of motor	
OAINMAGEWAT	vehicles.	
CLEANFILL	Means asphalt (cured), bricks, ceramics, concrete, fibre cement	
OLEANI ILL	building products, glass, road sub-base, soils, rock, gravel and clay.	
CLEANFILL	Means a site used solely for the disposal of Cleanfill. A Cleanfill	
FACILITY	Facility may include stockpiling, landscaping and rehabilitation	
IAGILITI	works.	
COMMERCIAL	Means involving payment, exchange or other consideration.	
COMMERCIAL	Means the use of land and buildings for the display, offering,	
ACTIVITY	provision, sale or hire of goods, equipment or services, and includes shops, postal services, markets, showrooms, restaurants, takeaway food bars, professional, commercial and administrative offices, service stations, motor vehicle sales, the sale of liquor and associated parking areas. Excludes recreational, community and service activities, home occupations, visitor accommodation, registered holiday homes and registered homestays.	
COMMERCIAL LIVESTOCK	Means livestock bred, reared and/or kept on a property for the purpose of commercial gain, but excludes domestic livestock.	
COMMERCIAL	Means the commercial guiding, training, instructing, transportation or	
RECREATIONAL	provision of recreation facilities to clients for recreational purposes	
ACTIVITIES	including the use of any building or land associated with the activity,	
	excluding ski area activities.	
COMMUNITY	Means the use of land and buildings for the primary purpose of	
ACTIVITY	health, welfare, care, safety, education, culture and/or spiritual well	
	being. Excludes recreational activities. A community activity	
	includes schools, hospitals, doctors surgeries and other health	
	professionals, churches, halls, libraries, community centres, police	
	stations, fire stations, courthouses, probation and detention centres,	
	government and local government offices.	
COMMUNITY FACILITY	In relation to a community facility sub-zone means the use of land and/or buildings for Health Care services, Hospital activities,	

	ambulance facilities, elderly person housing and carparking and
	residential accommodation ancillary to any of these activities.
COMMUNITY	Means Residential Activity that maintains long term affordability for
HOUSING	existing and future generations through the use of a Retention
	Mechanism, and whose cost to rent or own is within the reasonable
	means of low and moderate income households.
COMPREHEN-	Means a comprehensively planned and designed collection of two or
SIVE	more Residential units where:
RESIDENTIAL	(a) the building and subdivision consents are submitted
DEVELOPMENT	concurrently
	(b) the net area for a residential unit is less than 450m <sup>2</sup>
	(c) the net area of the site containing all residential units is
	2000m² or larger
CONDOMINIUMS	Means residential units build in groups so as to achieve high density
	development of land, often on multiple levels.
CONVENIENCE	Means a subset of retail involving a dairy, grocery store or
RETAIL	newsagent and lunch bars, or cafe/ and restaurants where the gross
	floor area does not exceed 200m <sup>2</sup> GFA.
CONVENTION	Means building(s) and their use for functions and may include
CENTRE	auditorium(s), concert hall(s), lecture hall(s), meeting room(s),
CLITIKE	conference room(s), banquet room(s), exhibition space(s) and
	ancillary services. For the purpose of this definition, convention
	centres do not include visitor accommodation.
COUNCIL	Means the Queenstown-Lakes District Council or any Committee,
COUNCIL	
	Sub-Committee, Community Board, Commissioner or person to
	whom any of the Council's powers, duties or discretions under this
	Plan have been lawfully delegated pursuant to the provisions of the
ODITIOAL	Act. District council shall have the same meaning.
CRITICAL	Means any space that is regularly used for high quality listening or
LISTENING	communication for example principle living areas, bedrooms and
ENVIRONMENT	classrooms but excludes non critical living environments.
DAY CARE	Means land and/or buildings used for the care during the day of
FACILITY	elderly persons with disabilities and/or children, other than those
	residing on the site.
DEVELOPMENT	For the purpose of determining financial contributions development
	means development or re-development of the site and includes the
	construction, erection, establishment or alteration of any building,
	and the following:
	- Any earthworks, filling or reclamation of land, or the making of
	any retaining walls or other works relating to that earthworks,
	filling or reclamation.
	- The provision for or installation of any mode of transport
	including any railway or tramway relating to any such
	construction or erection, establishment or alteration.
	Excludes any utility, the construction or alteration of any pipeline or
	associated works on land that is not otherwise subject to
	associated works on iand that is not otherwise subject to



	development.	
DESIGN REVIEW BOARD	In the Mount Cardrona Station Special Zone means a panel of at least four members who assess the design of subdivisions and buildings, who are agreed to by the Council and the developer and who are qualified in the following professions: landscape architecture, architecture, resource management planning, urban design.	
DESIGN SOUND LEVEL	Means 40 dB Ldn in all Critical Listening Environments.	
DISTRICT	Means Queenstown – Lakes District	
DOMESTIC	Means:	
LIVESTOCK	<ul> <li>Not more than 2 sows and their progeny up to weaner stage or not more than 5 weaned pigs; and not more than 12 adult poultry in an Urban or Residential Zone or not more than 50 adult poultry in a Rural or Rural Living Zone; bred, reared and/or kept on a property; and</li> <li>Any number of livestock bred, reared and/or kept on a property for family consumption, or as pets, or for hobby purposes and from which little or not financial gain is derived.</li> </ul>	
EARTHWORKS	Means the disturbance of land by the removal or depositing of material.  Earthworks includes excavation, fill, cuts, batters and formation of roads, access and tracks, and the use of Cleanfill, but Earthworks does not include:  o the cultivation of land, planting of vegetation including trees,  Mining Activities,  Cleanfill Facilities,  removal or deposition of material associated with new fence lines in the Rural General Zone, for farming uses only, where any cut or fill does not exceed 1 metre in height and 1 metre in width.	
EDUCATIONAL FACILITY	Means land and/or buildings used for the provisions of regular instruction or training and includes their ancillary administrative, cultural and commercial facilities.	
ELDERLY PERSONS HOUSING UNIT	Means one of a group of residential units developed solely for the accommodation of elderly persons, and where not owned by the Crown or a local authority, is encumbered by a bond or other appropriate legal instrument which ensures that the use of the unit is limited to elderly persons.	
ERECTION OF A BUILDING	In relation to a subdivision means the completion of all framing, firewalls, fire ceilings and fire floors, and the affixing of all roof materials.	

EXOTIC	In relation to trees and plants means species which are not indigenous to that part of the New Zealand.	
EXTERNAL APPEARANCE	In relation to buildings means the bulk and shape of the building including roof pitches, the materials of construction and the colour of exterior walls.	
FACTORY FARMING	Includes:  - The use of land and/or buildings for the production of commercial livestock where the regular feed source for such livestock is substantially provided other than from grazing the site concerned:  - Boarding of animals - Mushroom farming	
FARMING ACTIVITY	Means the use of land and buildings for the primary purpose of the production of vegetative matters and/or commercial livestock. Excludes residential activity, home occupations, factory farming and forestry activity. Means the use of lakes and rivers for access for farming activities.	
FARM BUILDING	Means a building (as defined) necessary for the exercise of farming activities (as defined) and:  (a) Excludes buildings for the purposes of residential activities, home occupations, factory farming and forestry activities.  (b) Excludes visitor accommodation and temporary accommodation.	
FARMING AND AGRICULTURAL SUPPLIER (Three Parks and	Means a business primarily engaged in selling goods for consumption or use in the business operations of primary producers or in animal husbandry and without limiting the generality of this term, includes:	
Industrial B	equestrian and veterinary suppliers;	
Zones)	farming and horticultural equipment suppliers;	
	seed and grain merchants; and	
FARM YARD CAR PARK	<ul> <li>stock and station outlets;</li> <li>In the Mount Cardrona Station Special Zone means an area providing parking for adjacent residential units and secondary units, and includes all parking spaces and manoeuvre areas.</li> </ul>	
FLATBOARD	Means a portable sign that is not self-supporting.	
FLOOD PROTECTION WORK	Means works, structures and plantings for the protection of property and people from flood fairways or lakes, the clearance of vegetation and debris from flood fairways, stopbanks, access tracks, rockwork, anchored trees, wire rope and other structures.	
FOOD AND BEVERAGE OUTLET (Three Parks Zone)	Means the use of land or buildings primarily for the sale of food and/or beverages prepared for immediate consumption on or off the premises to the general public. It includes restaurants, taverns, cafes and takeaway bars, and excludes supermarkets.	



FOOD AND	Means the use of land or buildings primarily for the sale of food		
BEVERAGE	and/or beverages prepared for immediate consumption on or off the		
OUTLET	premises to the general public. It includes restaurants, cafes and		
(Industrial B Zone)	takeaway bars, and excludes supermarkets.		
FORESTRY	Means the use of land primarily for the purpose of planting, tending,		
ACTIVITY	managing and harvesting of trees for timber or wood production in		
	excess of 0.5ha in area.		
FORMED ROAD	Means a road with a carriageway constructed to an all-weather		
	standard with a minimum width of 3m.		
FREE STANDING	Means a self-supporting sign not attached to a building and includes		
SIGN	a sign on a fence and a sandwich board.		
FRONTAGE	Means the road boundary of any site.		
FRONT SITE	Means a site having one or more frontages to a road or private road, at least one such frontage to be not less than 6m.		
FULL-TIME	Means the engagement of a person of persons in an activity on a		
EQUIVALENT	site for an average of 8 hours per day worked assessed over any 14		
PERSON	day period.		
GARAGE	Is included within the meaning of residential unit, and means a		
	building or part of a building principally used for housing motor		
AABBEN AND	vehicles and other ancillary miscellaneous items.		
GARDEN AND	means a business primarily engaged in selling goods for permanent		
PATIO SUPPLIER	exterior installation or planting and without limiting the generality of this term, includes:		
(Three Parks and	,		
Industrial B	garden centres;		
Zones)	landscape suppliers; and		
	suppliers of:		
	bark and compost;		
	clothes hoists and lines;		
	conservatories, sheds and other outbuildings;		
	<ul><li>fencing, gates and trellises;</li><li>firewood;</li></ul>		
	<ul><li>firewood;</li><li>garden machinery;</li></ul>		
	3,140		
	<ul> <li>outdoor recreational fixtures and installations;</li> <li>monumental masonry;</li> </ul>		
	<ul> <li>patio furniture and appliances;</li> </ul>		
	<ul> <li>paving and paving aggregates;</li> </ul>		
	statuary and ornamental garden features; and		
	swimming and spa pools		
<b>GROSS FLOOR</b>	Means the sum of the gross area of the several floors of all buildings		
AREA	on a site, measured from the exterior faces of the exterior walls, or		
	from the centre lines of walls separating two buildings.		

GROUND FLOOR AREA (FOR SIGNS)	Shall be measured:  a) horizontally, by the length of the building along the road, footpath, access way or service lane to which it has frontage.	
	b) vertically by the height from the surface of the road, footpath, access way or service lane or, as the case may be, to the point at which the top of the verandah, if any, meets the wall of the building or to a height of 3m above the surface of the road, footpath, access way or service lane, whichever is less.	
GROUND LEVEL	Ground Level means:	
GROUND LEVEL	,	
	Note	
	<ol> <li>Ground level interpretations are to be based on credible evidence including existing topographical information, site specific topography, adjoining topography and known site history.</li> </ol>	
	<ol> <li>Changes to the surface of the ground as a result of earthworks associated with building activity do not affect the "ground level" of a site.</li> </ol>	
	<ol> <li>Subdivision that does not involve earthworks has no effect on "ground level".</li> </ol>	
	4. Special height rules apply in the area bounded by Man, Hay,	



	Brecon and Shotover Streets, where "original ground level" is used. "Original ground level" is not affected by the definition of "ground level" above, which applies elsewhere.		- : - : 1
	This definition does not affect or supersede the definition of "Ground Level" for the Remarkables Park Zone or the Industrial B Zone (Connell Terrace Precinct).  Means the actual ground level being either:  (i) the ground level shown on the Remarkables Park Zone Survey	HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE	Mear chara a)
Park Zone)	(ii) the ground level shown on the contour plan (certified by a Registered Surveyor) approved by the first implemented resource consent to recontour that land after 31 July 2004 Excluding any excavation carried out for basements or underground carparks for buildings.		b)
	With respect to buildings:  "Ground level" shall be calculated a) at the external walls of each discrete building component (excluding basement accessways), and b) as either average or rolling ground levels where:  "Average ground level" means the horizontal average of the	HAZARDOUS WASTES HEALTH CARE FACILITY	Mear Mear relatii exclu beau
	ground level measured at one metre intervals.  "Rolling ground level" means the ground level at any given point on a plane extended across the coverage of buildings.	HEAVY VEHICLE	Mear or av gross
	Means any internal space within a building, other than garages, bathrooms, laundries, or storage (including wardrobes).		traction fire the Regu
HANDICRAFTS	Means goods produced by the use of hand tools or the use of mechanical appliances where such appliances do not produce the goods in a repetitive manner according to a predetermined pattern for production run purpose.	HEIGHT	In relativel level imme relevation Zone
	Means sub-tribe.		in rel
	In relation to any site means any part of that site which is impermeable and includes:  - Concrete, bitumen or similar driveways, paths or other areas paved with a continuous surface or with open jointed slabs, bricks, gobi or similar blocks; or hardfill driveways that effectively put a physical barrier on the surface of any part of a site.  - Any area used for parking, manoeuvring, access or loading of motor vehicles.  - Any area paved either with a continuous surface or with open		Zone of: - &
	jointed slabs, bricks, gobi or similar blocks.  The following shall not be included in hard surfacing:		I

	- Paths of less than 1m in width.	
	- Shade houses, glasshouses and tunnel houses not having solid	
HAZADDOHO	floors.	
HAZARDOUS	Means any substance with one or more of the following	
SUBSTANCE	characteristics:	
	a) i) Explosives	
	ii) Flammability	
	iii) A capacity to oxidise	
	iv) Corrosiveness	
	v) Toxicity (both acute and chronic)	
	vi) Ecotoxicity, with or without bio-accumulation; or	
	b) which on contact with air or water (other than air or	
	water where the temperature or pressure has been	
	artificially increased or decreased) generates a substance	
	with any one or more of the properties specified in	
HAZADDOHO	paragraph a to this definition.	
HAZARDOUS	Means wastes of any hazardous substance(s).	
WASTES	Maria la la distribuita de la distribuita de la constitución de la con	
HEALTH CARE	Means land and/or buildings used for the provision of services	
FACILITY	relating to the physical and mental health of people and animals but	
	excludes facilities used for the promotion of physical fitness or	
HEAVY VEHICLE	beauty such as gymnasia, weight control clinics or beauticians.	
HEAVY VEHICLE	Means a motor vehicle, other than a motor car that is not used, kept	
	or available for the carriage of passengers for hire or reward, the gross laden weight of which exceeds 3500kg; but does not include a	
	traction engine or vehicle designed solely or principally for the use of	
	fire brigades in attendance at fires. (The Heavy Motor Vehicle	
	Regulation 1974).	
HEIGHT	In relation to a building means the vertical distance between ground	
IILIGIII	level (as defined) at any point and the highest part of the building	
	immediately above that point, except that this measurement is not	
	relevant when assessing the number of storeys in the Three Parks	
	Zone. For the purpose of calculating height in all zones, other than	
	in relation to assessing the number of storeys in the Three Parks	
	Zone as specified above, account shall be taken of parapets, but not	
	of:	
	- aerials and/or antennas, mounting fixtures, mast caps, lightning	
	rods or similar appendages for the purpose of	
	telecommunications but not including dish antennae which are	
	attached to a mast or building, provided that the maximum	
	height normally permitted by the rules is not exceeded by more	
	than 2.5m; and	
	- chimneys or finials (not exceeding 1.1m in any direction);	
	provided that the maximum height normally permitted by the	
	rules is not exceeded by more than 1.5m.	
	·	



	Refer to Interpretative Diagram 3. The measurement of Ground Level and Building Height (Illustrative purposes only).
HERITAGE LANDSCAPE	Means land surfaces, (which are defined by their value and significance to a group in society) that have been modified by human activity and define significant past patterns of land use, relationships and experiences of humans with their surroundings, which may include cultural, spiritual, historic, aesthetic, ecological and scientific values. Heritage landscapes may encompass natural terrain, physical structures and processes, archaeological sites or remains, pathways, habitats, the context and setting of these areas and cultural meaning (beliefs and practices, histories and myths) with elements of these overlaying one another over time.
HISTORIC EQUIPMENT	In the Mount Cardrona Station Special Zone means items of an historic nature that reflect the past goldmining and pastoral activities undertaken within the Cardrona Valley.
HOLDING	Means an area of land in one ownership and may include a number of lots and/or titles.
HOME OCCUPATION	Means the use of a site for an occupation, business, trade or profession in addition to the use of that site for a residential activity and which is undertaken by person(s) living permanently on the site, but excludes homestay. This definition does not apply in the Three Parks Zone.
HOME OCCUPATION (Three Parks Zone)	Means the use of a site for a non-residential activity (trade, occupation, profession, or business) in addition to the use of that site for a residential activity, where the non-residential activity occupies no more than 40m² of the GFA of all buildings on the site and where at least one person engaged in the non-residential activity resides permanently on the site and no more than one full-time equivalent person engaged in the activity resides permanently off-site. Home occupations exclude the operation of any visitor accommodation activity or homestay.
HOMESTAY	Means a residential activity where an occupied residential unit is also used by paying guests.
HOSPITAL	Means any building in which two or more persons are maintained for the purposes of receiving medical treatment; and where there are two or more buildings in the occupation of the same person and situated on the same piece of land they shall be deemed to constitute a single building.
HOTEL	Means any premises used or intended to be in the course of business principally for the provision to the public of:  a) Lodging;  b) Liquor, meals and refreshments for consumption on the premises.
HOUSEHOLD	Means a single individual or group of people, and their dependents who normally occupy the same primary residence.

HOUSEHOLD INCOME	Means all income earned from any source, by all household members.
HYDRO	Means activities associated with the generation of hydro electricity
GENERATION	and includes the operation, maintenance, refurbishment,
ACTIVITY	enhancement and upgrade of hydro generation facilities.
INDIGENOUS	Means a plant community in which species indigenous to that part of
VEGETATION	New Zealand are important in terms of coverage, structure and/or
	species diversity.
INDUSTRIAL	Means the use of land and buildings for the primary purpose of
ACTIVITY	manufacturing, fabricating, processing, packing, or associated
	storage of goods
INTERNAL	Of a site means any boundary of the net area of a site other than a
BOUNDARY	road boundary.
IWI	Means Tribe.
KAIKA	Means a settlement.
KAI TAHU	Means the extended family of Tahu, the descendant iwi of Waitaha,
	Kati Mamoe and Kai Tahu.
KAITIAKI	Means guardians.
KAITIAKITANGA	Means the exercise of guardianship; and, in relation to a resource,
	includes the ethic of stewardship based on the nature of the
	resource itself.
KITCHEN	Means any space, facilities and surfaces for the storage, rinsing
FACILITY	preparation and/or cooking of food, the washing of utensils and the
	disposal of waste water, including a food preparation bench, sink,
	oven, stove, hot-plate or separate hob, refrigerator, dish-washer and other kitchen appliances.
KOIWI TANGATA	Means unidentified human skeletal remains.
LAKE	Shall have the same meaning as in the Resource Management Act
	1991.
LANDFILL	Means a site used for the deposit of solid wastes onto or into land.
LANDSCAPING	Means the provision of tree and/or shrub plantings and may include
	any ancillary lawn, water, rocks, paved areas or amenity features,
	the whole of such provision being so arranged as to improve visual
	amenity, human use and enjoyment and/or to partially or wholly
	screen activities or buildings, and/or to provide protection from
	climate.
LARGE FORMAT	Any single retail tenancy which occupies more than 400m <sup>2</sup> of GFA.
RETAIL (Three	Refer definition of GFA
Parks Zone)	
LAUNDRY	Means facilities for the rinsing, washing and drying of clothes and
FACILITIES	household linen, and the disposal of waste water, and includes
	either a washing machine, tub or clothes dryer.



LICENSED PREMISES	Means any premises or part of any premises, in which liquor may be sold pursuant to a licence, and includes any conveyance, or part of any conveyance on which liquor may be sold pursuant to the licence.
LIFT TOWER	Means a structure used for housing lift machinery and includes both the lift shaft and machinery room.
LIGHT INDUSTRIAL ACTIVITY	Means the use of land and building for an industrial activity where that activity, and the storage of any material, product or machinery (including waste storage) incidental to the activity occurs wholly indoors, within and enclosed by a building. The requirement for the activity to occur indoors does not apply to required car parking and manoeuvring areas. These activities will not require the use, storage or handling of large quantities of hazardous substances nor require air discharge consents.
LIQUOR	Means any fermented, distilled, or spirituous liquor (including spirits, wine, ale, beer, port, honeymead, stout, cider the sherry) that is found on analysis to contain 1.15% or more alcohol by volume.
LIVING AREA	Means any room in a residential unit other than a room used principally as a bedroom, laundry or bathroom.
LOADING SPACE	Means a portion of a site, whether covered or not, clear of any road or service lane upon which a vehicle can stand while being loaded or unloaded.
LOT	For the purpose of subdivision means a lot, two or more adjoining lots to be held together in the same ownership, or any balance area, shown on a subdivision consent plan, except that in the case of land being subdivided under the cross lease or company lease systems or the Unit Titles Act 1972, lot shall have the same meaning as site.
LOW INCOME	Means Household Income below 80% of the Area Median Income.
MAHIKA KAI	Means a place where food resources can be produced or procured.
MANAWHENUA	Means customary authority exercised by an iwi or hapu in an identified area.
MANOEUVRE AREA	Means that part of a site used by vehicles to move from the vehicle crossing to any parking, garage or loading space and includes all driveways and aisles, and may be part of an access strip.
MANUFACTUR- ING OF HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCES	Means any process that produces a substance that is hazardous under the United Nations Transportation of Dangerous Goods Code; and includes any process that includes the mixing of material or making a compound product that is hazardous under the United Nations Transportation of Dangerous Goods Code.
MASL	Means "metre above sea level"
MAST	Means any pole, tower or similar structured designed to carry antennas or dish antennas or otherwise to facilitate telecommunications.
MEETING PLACE	Has the same meaning as places of assembly.

MINERAL	Means a naturally occurring inorganic substance beneath or at the
WIINERAL	surface of the earth, whether or not under water and includes all
	metallic minerals, non metallic minerals, fuel minerals, precious
	stones, industrial rocks and building stones and a prescribed
	substance within the meaning of the Atomic Energy Act 1945.
MINING ACTIVITY	Means the use of land and buildings for the primary purpose of the
	extraction, winning, quarrying, excavation, taking and associated
	processing of minerals and includes prospecting and exploration.
MODERATE	Mining Activity includes gravel extraction and processing.  Means Household Income between 80% and 120% of the Area
INCOME	Median Income.
MOTORISED	Means any boat powered by an engine.
CRAFT	
MULTI UNIT	Relates to any residential development in the Three Parks Zone,
DEVELOPMENT	that results in three or more residential units either on a site or across a number of sites; and
	across a number of sites, and
	Relates to any development in Activity Area 3 of the Peninsula Bay
	Zone that involves three or more residential units within a single
	building. Does not include additions, alterations or accessory
	buildings.
NATURE	Means the preservation and protection of the natural resources of
CONSERVATION VALUES	the District having regard to their intrinsic values, and having special regard to indigenous flora and fauna, natural ecosystems, and
VALUES	landscape.
NET AREA	In relation to a site or lot, means the total area of the site or lot less
	any area subject to a designation for any purpose, and/or any area
	contained in the access to any site or lot, and/or any strip of land
NET EL GOD	less than 6m in width.
NET FLOOR AREA	Shall be the sum of the floor areas, each measured to the inside of the exterior walls of the building, and shall include the net floor area
AREA	of any accessory building, but it shall exclude any floor area used
	for:
	- lift wells, including the assembly area immediately outside the lift
	doors for a maximum depth of 2m;
	- stairwells;
	- tank rooms, boiler and heating rooms, machine rooms, bank
	vaults; - those parts of any basement not used for residential, retail, office
	or industrial uses:
	- toilets and bathrooms, provided that in the case of any visitor
	accommodation the maximum area permitted to be excluded for
	each visitor unit or room shall be 3m <sup>2</sup>
	- 50% of any pedestrian arcade, or ground floor foyer, which is
	available for public thoroughfare;
	parking areas required by the Plan for, or accessory to permitted



	uses in the building.		conducted;
NIGHT-TIME NOISE BOUNDARY WANAKA	Means a boundary, as shown in District Plan Map 18a the location of which is based on predicted sound levels of SEL 95 dBA.		<ul> <li>Commercial offices being place where trade, other than that involving the immediately exchange for goods or the display or production of goods, is transacted;</li> <li>Professional offices.</li> </ul>
NOISE	Acoustic terms shall have the same meaning as in NZS 6801:2008 Acoustics – Measurement of environmental sound and NZS 6802:2008 Acoustics – Environmental noise.  L <sub>dn</sub> : Means the day/night level, which is the A-frequency-weighted time-average sound level, in decibels (dB), over a 24-hour period obtained after the addition of 10 decibels to the sound levels measured during the night (2200 to 0700 hours).  L <sub>Aeq(15 min)</sub> : Means the A-frequency-weighted time-average sound level over 15 minutes, in decibels (dB).	OFFICE FURNITURE, EQUIPMENT AND SYSTEMS SUPPLIERS (Three Parks and Industrial B Zones) ON-SITE WORKERS (Three Parks and Industrial B Zones)	Means a business primarily engaged in selling goods for office-type use or consumption and without limiting the generality of this term, includes suppliers of:  computers and related equipment; copiers, printers and facsimile machines; integrated telephone systems and equipment; and office furniture, equipment and utensils.  Means the maximum number of workers that the building has been designed to accommodate at any one time. This may include consultants as well as employees.
	L <sub>AFmax</sub> : means the maximum A-frequency-weighted fast-time-weighted sound level, in decibels (dB), recorded in a given measuring period.	OPEN SPACE  OUTDOOR LIVING SPACE	Means any land or space which is not substantially occupied by buildings and which provides benefits to the general public as an area of visual, cultural, educational, or recreational amenity values.  Means an area of open space to be provided for the exclusive use of the occupants of the residential unit to which the space is allocated.
	Noise Limit: Means a $L_{\text{Aeq(15 min)}}$ or $L_{\text{AFmax}}$ sound level in decibels that is not to be exceeded.	OUTDOOR RECREATION ACTIVITY	Means a recreation activity undertaken entirely outdoors with buildings limited to use for public shelter, toilet facilities, information and ticketing.
	In assessing noise from helicopters using NZS 6807: 1994 any individual helicopter flight movement, including continuous idling occurring between an arrival and departure, shall be measured and	OUTDOOR STORAGE	Means land used for the purpose of storing vehicles, equipment, machinery, natural and processed products and wastes, outside a fully enclosed building for periods in excess of 4 weeks in any one year.
	assessed so that the sound energy that is actually received from that movement is conveyed in the Sound Exposure Level (SEL) for the movement when calculated in accordance with NZS 6801: 2008.	OUTER CONTROL BOUNDARY	Means a boundary, the location of which is based on predicted day/night sound levels of Ldn 55 dBA from future airport operations. The location of the boundary is shown in Figure 31a.
NON CRITICAL LISTENING ENVIRONMENT	Means any space that is not regularly used for high quality listening or communication including bathroom, laundry, toilet, pantry, walk-in-wardrobe, corridor, hallway, lobby, cloth-drying room, or other	OUTER CONTROL BOUNDARY WANAKA	Means a boundary, as shown on the District Plan Map 18A, the location of which is based on the predicted day/night sound levels of 55 dBA Ldn from airport operations in 2036.
NOTIONAL	space of a specialised nature occupied neither frequently nor for extended periods.  Means a line 20m from the façade of any residential unit or the legal	OUTLINE DEVELOPMENT PLAN	Means a plan within a zone or over an area of land or a site which delineates the performance standards and/or activities in the identified areas of the zone, or on the site or area of land.
BOUNDARY NORTH THREE PARKS AREA	boundary whichever is closer to the residential unit.  Means that area of land shown on the Three Parks Structure Plan as North Three Parks Area.	PARK AND RIDE FACILITY	Means an area to leave vehicles and transfer to public transport or car pool to complete the rest of a journey into an urban area. Park and Ride Facilities include car parking areas, public transport
OFFICE	Means any of the following:     Administrative offices where the administration of any entity, whether trading or not, and whether incorporated or not, is		interchange and associated security measures, fencing, lighting, ticketing systems, shelter and ticketing structures, landscape planting and earthworks.



PARKING AREA	Means that part of a site within which vehicle parking spaces are accommodated, and includes all parking spaces, manoeuvre areas and required landscape areas.
PARKING SPACE	Means a space on a site available at any time for accommodating one stationary motor vehicle.
PERMEABLE SURFACE	Any surface which allows liquid to pass through or penetrate, i.e. soil, and grass. It includes permeable paving and surfaces.
PLACE OF ASSEMBLY	Means any land or building used for public and private assembly primarily for worship, recreation, education and discussion and includes churches, church halls, sports clubrooms, pavilions, indoor sports facilities and community centres whether such building has a general ancillary licence or not. It does not include any place of entertainment or licensed premises, other than general ancillary licensed premises.
PLACE OF ENTERTAIN- MENT	Means any theatre, amusement parlour, dance hall or other place used principally for any public meeting, performance or amusements whether a charge is made for admission or not.
POTABLE WATER SUPPLY	Means a water supply that meets the criteria of the 'Drinking Water Standards for New Zealand 1995' – Ministry of Health or later editions or amendments of the standards.
PRINCIPAL BUILDING	Means a building, buildings or part of a building accommodating the activity for which the site is primarily used.
PRIVATE WAY	Shall have the same meaning as defined in Section 315 of the Local Government Act 1974.
PROSPECTING	Means any activity undertaken for the purpose of identifying land likely to contain exploitable mineral deposits or occurrences; and includes:  - Geological, geochemical, and geophysical surveys;  - The taking of samples by hand or hand held methods;  - Aerial surveys.
PUBLIC AREA	Means any part(s) of a building open to the public, but excluding any service or access areas of the building.
PUBLIC PLACE	Means every public thoroughfare, park, reserve, lake, river to place to which the public has access with or without the payment of a fee, and which is under the control of the District Council, or other agencies. Excludes any trail as defined in this Plan.
REAR SITE	Means a site which is situated generally to the rear of another site, both sites having access to the same road or private road, and includes sites which have no frontage to a road or private road of 6m or more.
RECESSION LINES	Means the lines constructed from points or above a boundary surface or a road surface, the angle of inclination of which is measured from the horizontal, at right angles to a site boundary and in towards the site.
RECREATION	Means activities which give personal enjoyment, satisfaction and a

	, n	
	sense of well being.	
RECREATIONAL ACTIVITY	Means the use of land and/or buildings for the primary purpose of recreation and/or entertainment. Excludes any recreational activity within the meaning of residential activity.	
RELOCATABLE	Means not constructed for permanent location on any particular site	
	and readily capable of removal to another site.	
REGISTERED HOLIDAY HOME	Means a stand-alone or duplex residential unit which has been registered with the Council as a Registered Holiday Home pursuant to Part 2.1.13 of the Plan. For the purpose of this definition:  (a) A stand-alone residential unit shall mean a residential unit contained wholly within a site and not connected to any other building;	
	<ul> <li>(b) A duplex residential unit shall mean a residential unit which is attached to another residential unit by way of a common or party wall, provided the total number of residential units attached in the group of buildings does not exceed two residential units;</li> <li>(c) Where the residential unit contains a residential flat, the</li> </ul>	
	registration as a Registered Holiday Home shall apply to either the letting of the residential unit or the residential flat but not to both.  Advice Notes:	
	<ul> <li>To obtain registration as a Registered Holiday Home the owner of the property must make an application for registration in accordance with Part 2.1.13 of the District Plan.</li> </ul>	
	(ii) There is no requirement to obtain registration for the non- commercial use of a residential unit by other people (for example making a home available to family and/or friends at no charge).	
REGISTERED HOMESTAY	Means a Homestay used by up to 5 paying guests which has been registered as a Registered Homestay by the Council pursuant to Part 2.1.13 of the Plan.  Advice Note:	
	(i) To obtain registration as a Registered Homestay the owner of the property must make an application for registration in accordance with Part 2.1.13 of the District Plan.	
RELOCATION	In relation to a building, means the removal and resiting of any	
DECEDVE	building from any site to another site.	
RESERVE	Means a reserve in terms of the Reserves Act 1977.	
RESIDENTIAL ACTIVITY	Means the use of land and buildings by people for the purpose of permanent residential accommodation, including all associated accessory buildings, recreational activities and the keeping of domestic livestock. For the purposes of this definition, residential activity shall include Community Housing, emergency, refuge accommodation and the non-commercial use of holiday homes.	



	commercial use of a residential unit by other people (for	MECHANISM	generations, such as Stakeholder Deeds, or the use of covenants,
	example making a home available to family and/or friends at		encumbrances or similar legal instruments.
	no charge).	RETIREMENT	Means the development of residential units (either detached or
REGISTERED	Means a Homestay used by up to 5 paying guests which has been	VILLAGE	attached) and associated facilities for the purpose of
HOMESTAY	registered as a Registered Homestay by the Council pursuant to		accommodating retired persons. This use includes as accessory to
	Part 2.1.13 of the Plan.		the principal use any services or amenities provided on the site such
	Advice Note:		as shops, restaurants, medical facilities, swimming pools and
	(i) To obtain registration as a Registered Homestay the owner		recreational facilities and the like which are to be used exclusively by
	of the property must make an application for registration in		the retired persons using such accommodation.
	accordance with Part 2.1.13 of the District Plan.	RIGHT OF WAY	Means an area of land over which there is registered a legal
RELOCATION	In relation to a building, means the removal and resiting of any		document giving rights to pass over that land to the owners and
	building from any site to another site.		occupiers of other land.
RESERVE	Means a reserve in terms of the Reserves Act 1977.	RIVER	Means river as defined in section 2 of the Resource Management
RESIDENTIAL	Means the use of land and buildings by people for the purpose of		Act 1991.
ACTIVITY	permanent residential accommodation, including all associated	ROAD	Means road as defined in section 315 of the Local Government Act
	accessory buildings, recreational activities and the keeping of		1974.
	domestic livestock. For the purposes of this definition, residential	ROAD	Means any boundary of a site abutting a legal road (other than an
	activity shall include Community Housing, emergency refuge	BOUNDARY	accessway or service lane) or contiguous to a boundary of a road
	accommodation and the non-commercial use of holiday homes.		designation. Frontage or road frontage shall have the same
	Excludes visitor accommodation.		meaning as road boundary.
RESIDENTIAL	Means a residential activity that:	ROOPU KAITIAKI	Means guardian group.
FLAT	Consists of no more than one flat in the same ownership as the	RURAL SELLING	Means any land, building or part of a building located in a rural or
	residential unit; and	PLACE	rural living zone, on or in which farm or garden produce, wine or
	Is contained within the same residential unit; and		handcrafts are offered for sale by wholesale and/or retail.
	If attached to a detached accessory building does not cover	SANDWICH	Means a self-supporting and portable sign.
	more than 50% of the total Gross Floor Area of the building	BOARD	
	containing the flat and detached accessory building; and	SECONDARY	In the Mount Cardrona Station Special Zone means any road,
	Contains no more than one kitchen and one laundry; and	REAR ACCESS	access lane or access lot established at the time of subdivision for
	<ul> <li>Does not cover more than 35% of the total Gross Floor Area of</li> </ul>	LANE	the purpose of providing side or rear access for vehicular traffic to
	the building(s) containing the residential unit and flat (but		any site or sites.
	excluding accessory buildings).	SECONDARY	In the Mount Cardrona Station Special Zone means a residential
RESIDENTIAL	Means a residential activity which consists of a single self contained	UNIT	activity that:
UNIT	household unit, whether of one or more persons, and includes		Consists of no more than one unit in the same ownership as the
	accessory buildings. Where more than one kitchen and/or laundry		residential unit; and
	facility is provided on the site, other than a kitchen and/or laundry		Has a gross floor area of between 35m2 and 60m2 (excluding
	facility in a residential flat, there shall be deemed to be more than		accessory buildings); and
DESTALIBANT	one residential unit.		Contains no more than one kitchen and one laundry; and
RESTAURANT	Means any land and/or buildings, or part of a building, in which	OF COMPUTANT	Is within the same certificate of title as the residential unit.
	meals are supplied for sale to the general public for consumption on	SECONDHAND	Means a business primarily engaged in selling pre-used
	the premises, including such premises which a licence has been	GOODS OUTLET	merchandise and without limiting the generality of this term,
DETAIL	granted pursuant to the Sale of Liquor Act 1989.  Means the direct sale or hire to the public from any site, and/or the	(Three Parks and	includes:
RETAIL SALES/RETAIL/	display or offering for sale or hire to the public on any site, and/or the	Industrial B	antique dealers;
	merchandise or equipment, but excludes recreational activities.	Zones)	<ul><li>auctioneers;</li></ul>
RETAILING	• •		• charity shops;
RETENTION	Means those binding agreements which ensure the long term		
	affordability of Community Housing for existing and future		pawnbrokers;



SETBACK	not include panel beating, spray painting and heavy engineering such as engine reboring and crankshaft grinding; - Inspection and/or certification of vehicles; - The sale of other merchandise where this is an ancillary activity to the main use of the site.  Means the distance between a building and the boundary of its site. Where any building is required to be set back from any site boundary, no part of that building shall be closer to the site boundary than the minimum distance specified. Where any road widening is
	required by this Plan, the setback shall be calculated from the proposed final site boundary. The setback distance shall only apply to buildings at ground, or above ground level.
SH6 ROUNDABOUT WORKS	Means the construction of a roundabout at the intersection of Stalker Road, Lower Shotover Road and State Highway 6 being generally in accord with the indicative roundabout intersection design in Appendix 7 Diagram 5, including:
	(a) Two lane entry and exits on the State Highway 6 legs;
	(b) The relocation of the northern end of Stalker Road where it joins State Highway 6 approximately 80 metres eastwards in order to provide the fourth leg to the roundabout; and
	(c) All works to be implemented as part of the construction of the roundabout including earthworks, vegetation removal and planting, standard of construction, lighting, road markings, provision for cyclists, and any roading and other works incidental to the construction of that roundabout.
SHOWROOM	Means any defined area of land or a building given over solely to the display of goods. No retailing is permitted unless otherwise specifically provided for in the zone in which the land or building is located.
SIGN and SIGNAGE	Means: a) any external name, figure, character, outline, display, delineation, announcement, design, logo, mural or other artwork, poster, handbill, banner, captive balloon, flag, flashing sign, flatboard, free-standing sign, illuminated sign, moving signs, roof sign, sandwich board, streamer, hoarding or any other thing of a similar nature which is: i) intended to attract attention; and ii) visible from a road or any public place; and b) all material and components comprising the sign, its frame, background, structure, any support and any means by

which the sign is attached to any other thing.

 Includes any sign written vehicle/trailer or any advertising media attached to a vehicle/trailer

Note: This does include corporate colour schemes.

#### Sign Area:

The area of a sign means the surface area of a sign and the area of a sign includes all the area actually or normally enclosed, as the case may be, by the outside of a line drawn around the sign and enclosing the sign.

#### Sign Types:

### **Above Ground Floor Sign**

means a sign attached to a building above the verandah or above 3 metres in height from the ground.

### **Arcade Directory Sign**

means an externally located sign which identifies commercial activities that are accessed internally within a building or arcade

#### Banner

means any sign made of flexible material, suspended in the air and supported on more than one side by poles or cables.

#### Flag

means any sign made of flexible material attached by one edge to a staff or halyard and includes a flagpole.

### Flashing Sign

means an intermittently illuminated sign.

### Flat Board Sign

means a portable flat board sign which is not self-supporting.

### Free Standing Sign

means any sign which has a structural support or frame that is directly connected to the ground and which is independent of any other building or structure for its support; and includes a sign on a fence.

#### Hoarding

means any sign that is for purely commercial brand awareness purposes and which does not relate to land use activity conducted on the site.



### **Moving Sign**

means a sign other than a flag or a banner that is intended to move or change whether by reflection or otherwise.

#### Off-Site Sign

means a sign which does not relate to goods or services available at the site where the sign is located and excludes a Hoarding.

### **Roof Sign**

means any sign painted on or attached to a roof and any sign projecting above the roof line of the building to which it is attached.

#### Sandwich Board

means a self-supporting and portable sign.

#### Signage Platform

means a physical area identified for the purpose of signage.

#### **Temporary Event Sign**

means any sign established for the purpose of advertising or announcing a single forthcoming temporary event, function or occurrence including carnivals, fairs, galas, market days, meetings exhibitions, parades, rallies, filming, sporting and cultural events, concerts, shows, musical and theatrical festivals and entertainment; but does not include Electioneering Signs, Real Estate Signs, Construction Signs, a Land Development Sign, Off-Site Sign or Temporary Sale Sign.

#### **Temporary Sale Sign**

means any sign established for the purpose of advertising or announcing the sale of products at special prices.

#### Under Verandah Sign

means a sign attached to the underside of a verandah.

### **Upstairs Entrance Sign**

means a sign which identifies commercial activities that are located upstairs within a building

#### Wall Sign

means a sign attached to the wall of a building

#### SITE

### 1. An area of land which is:

Means:

- i comprised in a single lot or other legally defined parcel of land and held in a single Certificate of Title; or
- ii comprised in a single lot or legally defined parcel of land for which a separate certificate of title could be issued without further consent of the Council.

Being in any case the smaller land area of i or ii, or

- an area of land which is comprised in two or more adjoining lots or other legally defined parcels of land, held together in one certificate of title in such a way that the lots/parcels cannot be dealt with separately without the prior consent of the Council; or
- an area of land which is comprised in two or more adjoining certificates of title where such titles are:
  - subject to a condition imposed under section 37 of the Building Act or section 643 of the Local Government Act 1974; or
  - ii held together in such a way that they cannot be dealt with separately without the prior consent of the Council; or
- In the case of land not subject to the Land Transfer Act, the whole parcel of land last acquired under one instrument of conveyance;

#### Except:

- i in the case of land subdivided under the cross lease of company lease systems, other than strata titles, site shall mean an area of land containing:
  - a building or buildings for residential or business purposes with any accessory buildings(s), plus any land exclusively restricted to the users of that/those building(s), plus an equal share of common property; or
  - a remaining share or shares in the fee simple creating a vacant part(s) of the whole for future cross lease or company lease purposes; and
- ii in the case of land subdivided under Unit Titles Act 1972 (other than strata titles), site shall mean an area of land containing a principal unit or proposed unit on a unit plan together with its accessory units and an equal share of common property; and
- iii in the case of strata titles, site shall mean the underlying



	certificate of title of the entire land containing the strata titles, immediately prior to subdivision.
	In addition to the above. a) A site includes the airspace above the land.
	<ul> <li>b) If any site is crossed by a zone boundary under this Plan, the site is deemed to be divided into two or more sites by that zone boundary.</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>c) Where a site is situated partly within the District and partly in an adjoining District, then the part situated in the District shall be deemed to be one site.</li> </ul>
SITE – FRONT	Means a site having one or more frontages to a road or private road, at least one such frontage to be not less than 6m.
SITE – REAR	Means a site which is situated generally to the rear or another site, both sites having access to the same road or private road, and includes sites which have no frontage to a road or private road of 6m or more.
SKI AREA ACTIVITIES	Means the use of natural and physical resources for the purpose of providing for:  a) recreational activities either commercial or non commercial b) chairlifts, t-bars and rope tows to facilitate commercial recreational activities.  c) use of snowgroomers, snowmobiles and 4WD vehicles for support or operational activities.  d) activities ancillary to commercial recreational activities.  e) in the Waiorau Snow Farm Ski Area Sub Zone vehicle and product testing activities, being activities designed to test the safety, efficiency and durability of vehicles, their parts and accessories.
SOUND	Sound shall have the same meaning as in NZS 6801:2008 Acoustics  – Measurement of environmental sound and NZS 6802:2008  Acoustics – Environmental Noise.
SPECIALTY RETAIL (Three Parks Zone)	Any single retail tenancy which occupies less than or equal to 400m <sup>2</sup> of GFA. Refer definition of GFA
STAKEHOLDER DEED	Means a legal instrument between a developer or landowner and the Council that runs with the land, setting out those matters which may be achieved or delivered outside of the District Plan.
STEP-IN PLAN	Means a break in the continuity of an exterior wall of any building or block or line of residential units, whether of one or more storeys, by stepping the wall of the building or any unit or units a minimum specified distance measured at right angles to the long axis of the building on block or line of units.

STOREY (Three Parks Zone)	Means a habitable floor level and includes mezzanine levels, garages, bathrooms, and semi-basements. The following are not deemed to be a separate 'storey':  Full basements/ cellars of no more than 40% of the total floor plate of the residential unit (excluding accessory buildings) and which have no external access;  A change in level of up to 0.75m within a storey (as in the case of split level dwellings);  Wholly underground carparks in the Commercial Core Subzone where the only visible frontage when viewed from ground level is the vehicle access.
STRUCTURE	Means any building, equipment device or other facility made by people and which is fixed to land and includes any raft.
SUBDIVISION	Shall have the same meaning as in the Resource Management Act 1991.
TAOKA	Means all things highly prized, including treasures, property a resource or even a person.
TAUPARAPARA	Means a saying or prose.
TAVERN	Means any premises used or intended to be used in the course of business principally for the provision to the public of liquor and other refreshments but does not include an airport bar.
TELECOMMUNIC ATION FACILITY	Means devices, such as aerials, dishes, antennae, wires, cables, casings, tunnels and associated equipment and support structures, and equipment shelters, such as towers, masts and poles, and equipment buildings and telephone boxes, used for the transmitting, emission or receiving of communications.
TEMPORARY ACTIVITIES	<ul> <li>Means the use of land, buildings, vehicles or structure for activities of short duration that include the following, but are not limited to:</li> <li>Any temporary building, office, scaffolding storage shed, workshop, safety fences and other similar buildings and activities that are incidental to a building or construction project and located on the same site.</li> <li>Temporary military training activities carried out pursuant to the Defence Act 1990.</li> <li>Temporary storage or stacking or goods or materials.</li> <li>Carnivals, fairs, galas, market days, tents and marquees, meetings, exhibitions, parades, rallies, filming, sporting and cultural events.</li> <li>Concerts, shows, musical and theatrical festivals and entertainment.</li> <li>Temporary sale of food and beverages, including liquor.</li> </ul>
TEMPORARY WORKER HOUSEHOLD – IN THE THREE PARKS ZONE	Means a household whose members are employed in the District but maintain a primary residence outside of the District.



TENANCY (Three Parks Zone)	Means one retail activity occupancy created by freehold, leasehold, licence, or any other arrangement to occupy.		
TIKANGA	Means customary values and practices.		
TINO RANGATIRATAN- GA	Means authority, chieftainship.		
TRADE WASTES	Shall have the same meaning as in the Local Government Act 1974.		
TRAIL	Means any public access route (excluding (a) roads and (b) public access easements created by the process of tenure review under the Crown Pastoral Land Act) legally created by way of a grant of easement registered after 11 December 2007 for the purpose of providing public access in favour of the Queenstown Lakes District Council, the Crown or any of its entities.		
UNDER VERANDAH SIGN	Means a sign attached to the under side of a verandah.		
UNIT	Means any residential unit, or visitor accommodation unit of any type.		
URBAN DEVELOPMENT	Means any development/activity within any zone other than the Rural Zones, including any development/activity which in terms of its characteristics (such as density) and its effects (apart from bulk and location) could be established as of right in any such zone; or any activity within an urban boundary as shown on the District Planning Maps.		
URBAN GROWTH BOUNDARY	Means a boundary shown on the Planning Maps identified as a boundary which provides for and contains existing and future urban development within an urban area.		
UTILITY	Means:  a. transformers, lines and necessary and incidental structures and equipment for the transmissions and distribution of electricity.		
	b. pipes and necessary incidental structures and equipment for transmitting and distributing gas;		
	<ul> <li>storage facilities, pipes and necessary incidental structures and equipment for the supply and drainage of water or sewage;</li> </ul>		
	<ul> <li>d. water and irrigation races, drains, channels, pipes and necessary incidental structures and equipment (excluding water tanks);</li> </ul>		
	<ul> <li>e. structures, facilities, plant and equipment for the treatment of water.</li> </ul>		
	structures, facilities, plant, equipment and associated works     for receiving and transmitting telecommunications (see     definition of telecommunication facilities).		
	g. structures, facilities, plant, equipment and associated works for monitoring and observation of meteorological activities and		

	natural hazards;
	h. structures, facilities, plant, equipment and associated works for the protection of the community from natural hazards.
	i. structures, facilities, plant and equipment necessary for
	navigation by water or air.
	j. waste management facilities.
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	Utility does not include structures or facilities used for electricity
	generation, the manufacture and storage of gas, or the treatment of
VEGETATION	sewage.  Means the felling, clearing of modification of trees or any vegetation
CLEARANCE	by cutting, crushing, cultivation, spraying or burning. Clearance of
CLEARANCE	vegetation shall have the same meaning.
VEHICLE	Means the formed and constructed vehicle entry/exit from the
CROSSING	carriageway of any road up to and including that portion of the road
	boundary of any site across which vehicle entry or exit is obtained to
V=5.415.411	and from the site, and includes any culvert, bridge or kerbing.
VERANDAH	Means a roof of any kind which extends out from a face of a building
VISITOR	and continues along the whole of that face of the building.  Means the use of land or buildings for short-term, fee paying, living
ACCOMMODA-	accommodation where the length of stay for any visitor/guest is less
TION	than 3 months: and
	(i) Includes such accommodation as camping grounds, motor
	parks, hotels, motels, boarding houses, guest houses,
	backpackers' accommodation, bunkhouses, tourist houses,
	lodges, homestays, and the commercial letting of a residential
	unit; and (ii) May include some centralised services or facilities, such as
	food preparation, dining and sanitary facilities, conference, bar
	and recreational facilities if such facilities are associated with
	the visitor accommodation activity.
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	For the purpose of this definition:
	(a) The commercial letting of a residential unit in (i) excludes:     A single annual let for one or two nights.
	<ul> <li>A single annual let for one or two nights.</li> <li>Homestay accommodation for up to 5 guests in a</li> </ul>
	Registered Homestay.
	Accommodation for one household of visitors (meaning a
	group which functions as one household) for a minimum
	stay of 3 consecutive nights up to a maximum (ie: single
	let or cumulative multiple lets) of 90 nights per calendar
	year as a Registered Holiday Home.
	(Refer to respective definitions). (b) "Commercial letting" means fee paying letting and includes the
	(b) "Commercial letting" means fee paying letting and includes the advertising for that purpose of any land or buildings.
	date and that purpose of any land of bandings.



VISUALLY OPAQUE FENCE	Means a fence located within the front setback of a property that is composed primarily of solid materials through which little or no view or light can be gained when seen from an elevation drawn parallel to the fence line. Brick, solid panel or overlapping boards are examples
	of opaque materials while live landscape planting is not considered opaque.
WAAHI TAOKA	Means a treasured place/valued possession.
WAAHI TAPU	Means a sacred place.
WALL SIGN	Means a sign attached to a wall within the ground floor area.
WASTE	Means any contaminant, whether liquid solid, gaseous, or radioactive, which is discharged, emitted or deposited in the environment in such volume, constituency or manner as to cause an adverse effect on the environment, and which includes all unwanted and economically unusable by-products at any given place and time, and any other matters which may be discharged accidentally or otherwise, to the environment.
WASTE	Means a site used for the deposit of solid waste onto or into land,
MANAGEMENT	but excludes:
FACILITY	<ul> <li>a) sites on production land where the disposal of waste generated from that land takes place, not including any</li> </ul>
	dead animal material or waste generated from any
	industrial trade or process on that productive land, and;
	<li>b) sites used for the disposal of vegetative material that shall be free of hazardous substances and wastes and may</li>
	include soil that is attached to plant roots.
	c) Cleanfill Facilities.
WATERBODY	Shall have the same meaning as in the Resource Management Act 1991.
WETLAND	Shall have the same meaning as in the Resource Management Act 1991 being, "includes permanently or intermittently wet areas, shallow water, and land water margins that support a natural ecosystem of plants and animals that are adapted to wet conditions".
WHAKAPAPA	Means genealogy.
WHENUA	Means land.
WHOLESALING (Three Parks and Industrial B Zones)	Means a business engaged in the storage and distribution of goods to businesses (including retail activities) and institutional customers
YARD BASED	Means the use of land and buildings for the primary purpose of
INDUSTRIAL	manufacturing, fabricating, processing, packing or associated
ACTIVITY	storage of goods, where no more than 40% of the site is covered by built form.
YARD BASED	Means the use of land and buildings for the primary purpose of the
SERVICE ACTIVITY	transport, storage, maintenance and repair of goods, where no more than 40% of the site is covered by built form.

YARD BASED SUPPLIER (Three Parks and Industrial B Zones)	Means any retail activity selling or hiring products for construction or external use (which, for the avoidance of doubt, includes activities such as sale of vehicles and garden supplies), where more than 50% of the area devoted to sales or display is located in covered or uncovered external yard or forecourt space as distinct from within a secured and weatherproofed building. For the purpose of this definition, areas of a site providing rear access and all other areas devoted to customer, staff and service vehicle access and parking (including parking driveways) are not to be included in the extent of yard area devoted to sales or display. Drive-in or drive-through covered areas devoted to storage and display of construction materials (including covered vehicle lanes) will be deemed yardspace for the purpose of this definition.
ZONE STANDARDS	For an explanation of this term, refer to Part 1.4 of this Plan.